HITACHI

AW | **NO. 0019E**

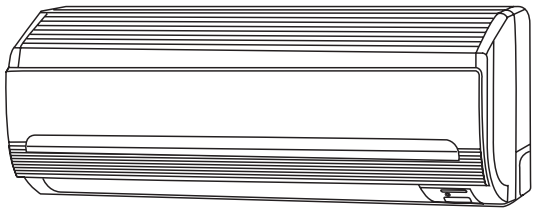
RAS-18YH6/RAC-18YH6
RAS-25YH6/RAC-25YH6

SERVICE MANUAL

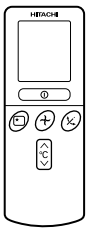
TECHNICAL INFORMATION

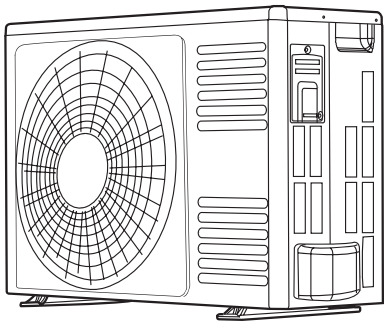
REFER TO THE FOUNDATION MANUAL

FOR SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY



RAS-18YH6
RAS-25YH6





RAC-18YH6
RAC-25YH6

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SPECIFICATIONS

TYPE			DC INVERTER (WALL TYPE)			
			INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT	INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT
MODEL			RAS-18YH6	RAC-18YH6	RAS-25YH6	RAC-25YH6
POWER SOURCE			1 PHASE, 50 Hz, 220-230V		1 PHASE, 50 Hz, 220-230V	
COOLING	TOTAL INPUT	(W)	550 (155 ~ 1,010)		700 (155 ~ 1,290)	
	TOTAL AMPERES	(A)	2.95-2.81		3.75-3.59	
	CAPACITY	(kW)	2.00 (0.90 ~ 2.50)		2.50 (0.90 ~ 3.10)	
		(B.T.U./h)	6,820 (3,070 ~ 8,530)		8,530 (3,070 ~ 10,580)	
HEATING	TOTAL INPUT	(W)	580 (115 ~ 970)		880 (115 ~ 1,250)	
	TOTAL AMPERES	(A)	2.93-2.81		4.45-4.26	
	CAPACITY	(kW)	2.50 (0.90 ~ 3.20)		3.40 (0.90 ~ 4.40)	
		(B.T.U./h)	8,530 (3,070 ~10,920)		11,600 (3,070 ~ 15,010)	
DIMENSIONS (mm)		W	780	700 (+68)※	780	700 (+68)※
		H	280	505	280	505
		D	210	258 (+48)※	210	258 (+48)※
NET WEIGHT		(kg)	9.5	27	9.5	27

※ After installation

SPECIFICATIONS AND PARTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE FOR IMPROVEMENT

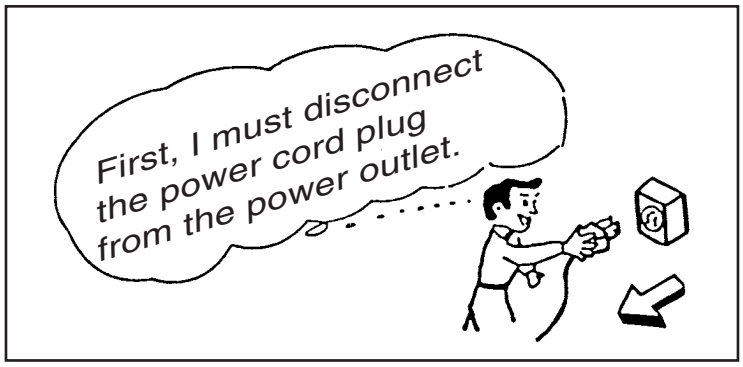
ROOM AIR CONDITIONER

INDOOR UNIT + OUTDOOR UNIT

DECEMBER 2006 Hitachi Household Appliances(Wuhu) Co.,Ltd.

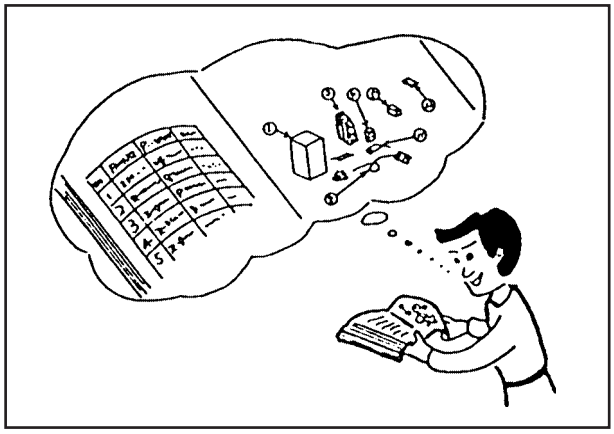
SAFETY DURING REPAIR WORK

1. In order to disassemble and repair the unit in question, be sure to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet before starting the work.



2. If it is necessary to replace any parts, they should be replaced with respective genuine parts for the unit, and the replacement must be effected in correct manner according to the instructions in the Service Manual of the unit.

> If the contacts of electrical parts are defective, replace the electrical parts without trying to repair them.



3. After completion of repairs, the initial state should be restored.

4. Lead wires should be connected and laid as in the initial state.

5. Modification of the unit by user himself should absolutely be prohibited.

6. Tools and measuring instruments for use in repairs or inspection should be accurately calibrated in advance.

7. In installing the unit having been repaired, be careful to prevent the occurence of any accident such as electrical shock, leak of current, or bodily injury due to the drop of any part.

8. To check the insulation of the unit, measure the insulation resistance between the power cord plug and grounding terminal of the unit. The insulation resistance should be 1MΩ or more as measured by a 500V DC megger.

9. The initial location of installation such as window, floor or the other should be checked for being and safe enough to support the repaired unit again.
   If it is found not so strong and safe, the unit should be installed at the initial location reinforced or at a new location.

10. Any inflammable thing should never be placed about the location of installation.

11. Check the grounding to see whether it is proper or not, and if it is found improper, connect the grounding terminal to the earth.

WORKING STANDARDS FOR PREVENTING BREAKAGE OF SEMICONDUCTORS

1. Scope
   The standards provide for items to be generally observed in carrying and handling semiconductors in relative manufacturers during maintenance and handling thereof. (They apply the same to handling of abnormal goods such as rejected goods being returned).

2. Object parts

   (1) Micro computer
   (2) Integrated circuits (IC)
   (3) Field-effect transistors (FET)
   (4) P.C. boards or the like on which the parts mentioned in (1) and (2) of this paragraph are equipped.

3. Items to be observed in handling

   (1) Use a conductive container for carrying and storing of parts. (Even rejected goods should be handled in the same way).

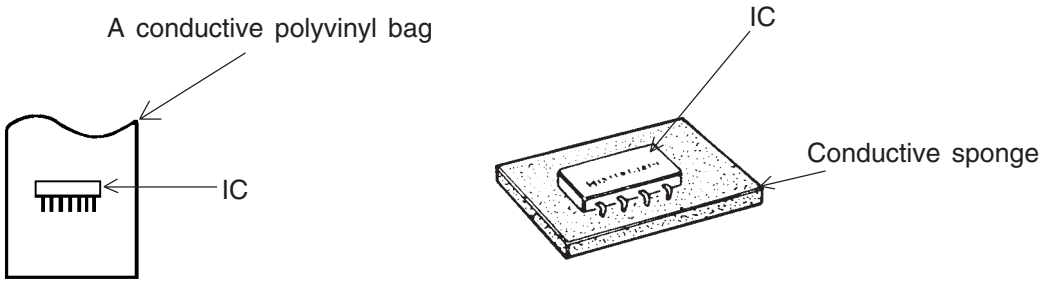


Fig. 1 Conductive Container

   (2) When any part is handled uncovered (in counting, packing and the like), the handling person must always use himself as a body earth. (Make yourself a body earth by passing one M ohm earth resistance through a ring or bracelet).

   (3) Be careful not to touch the parts with your clothing when you hold a part even if a body earth is being taken.

   (4) Be sure to place a part on a metal plate with grounding.

   (5) Be careful not to fail to turn off power when you repair the printed circuit board. At the same time, try to repair the printed circuit board on a grounded metal plate.

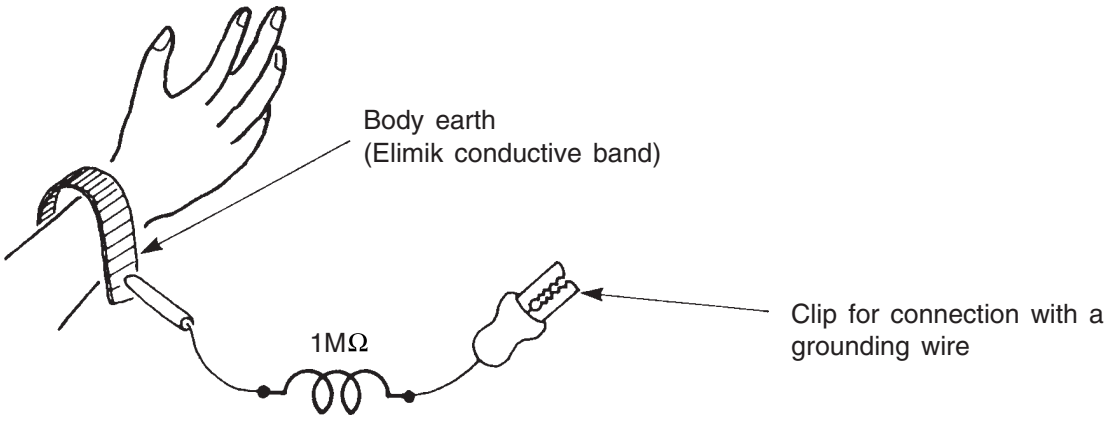


Fig. 2 Body Earth

(6)Use a three wire type soldering iron including a grounding wire.

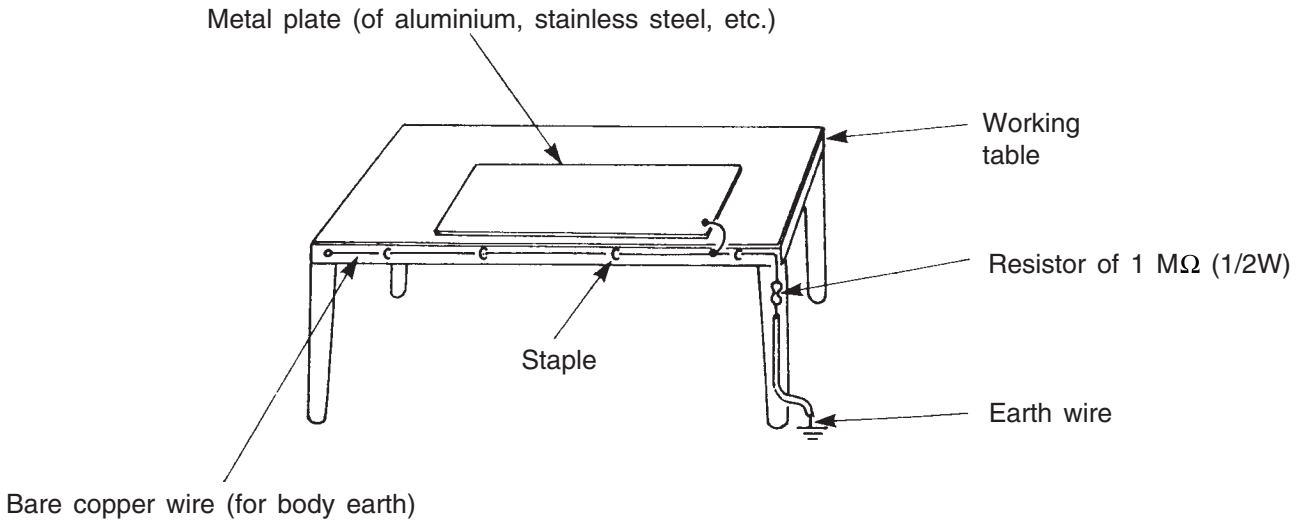


Fig. 3 Grounding of the working table

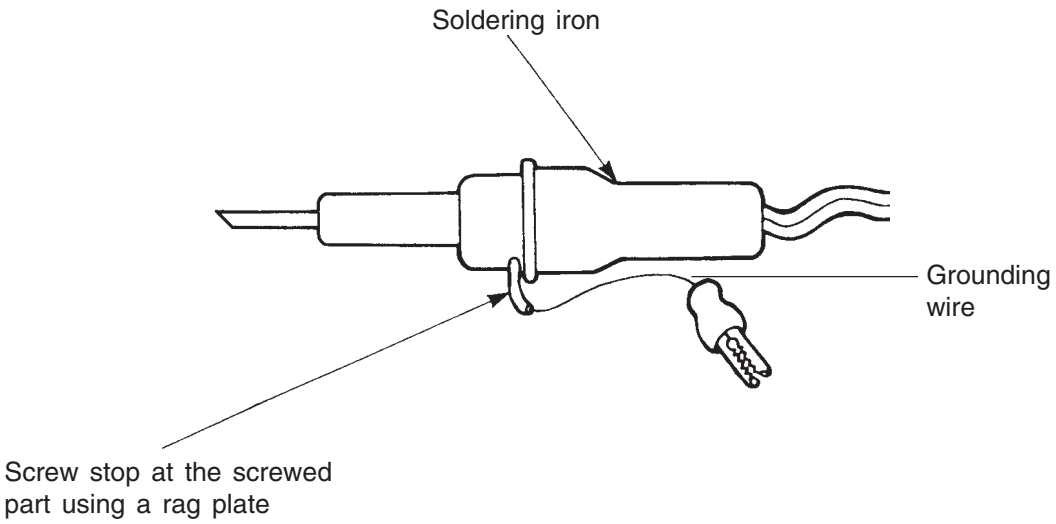


Fig. 4 Grounding a soldering iron

Use a high insulation mode (100V, 10M or higher) when ordinary iron is to be used.

(7) In checking circuits for maintenance, inspection or some others, be careful not to have the test probes of the measuring instrument shortcircuit a load circuit or the like.

⚠ CAUTION

1. In quiet operation or stopping the running, slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle is heard occasionally, but this noise is not abnormal for the operation.

2. When it thunders near by, it is recommend to stop the operation and to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet for safety.

3. The room air conditioner does not start automatically after recovery of the electric power failure for preventing fuse blowing. Re-press START/STOP button after 3 minutes from when unit stopped.

4. If the room air conditioner is stopped by adjusting thermostat, or missoperation, and re-start in a moment, there is occasion that the cooling and heating operation does not start for 3 minutes, it is not abnormal and this is the result of the operation of IC delay circuit. This IC delay circuit ensures that there is no danger of blowing fuse or damaging parts even if operation is restarted accidentally.

5. This room air conditioner should not be used at the cooling operation when the outside temperature is below -10°C (14°F).

6. This room air conditioner (the reverse cycle) should not be used when the outside temperature is below –15°C (5°F).
   If the reverse cycle is used under this condition, the outside heat exchanger is frosted and efficiency falls.

7. When the outside heat exchanger is frosted, the frost is melted by operating the hot gas system, it is not trouble that at this time fan stops and the vapour may rise from the outside heat exchanger.

SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL		RAS-18YH6 RAS-25YH6	RAC-18YH6 RAC-25YH6
FAN MOTOR		PWM DC35V	40 W
FAN MOTOR CAPACITOR		NO	NO
FAN MOTOR PROTECTOR		NO	NO
COMPRESSOR		–	ASC092CD
COMPRESSOR MOTOR CAPACITOR		NO	NO
OVERLOAD PROTECTOR		NO	YES
OVERHEAT PROTECTOR		NO	YES
FUSE (for MICROPROCESSOR)		NO	3.0A
POWER RELAY		NO	G4A
POWER SWITCH		YES	NO
TEMPORARY SWITCH		YES	NO
SERVICE SWITCH		NO	YES
TRANSFORMER		NO	NO
VARISTOR		NO	450NR
NOISE SUPPRESSOR		NO	YES
THERMOSTAT		YES(IC)	YES(IC)
REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH (LIQUID CRYSTAL)		YES	NO
REFRIGERANT CHARGING VOLUME (Refrigerant 410A)	UNIT	----------	820g
	PIPES (MAX. 20m)	WITHOUT REFRIGERANT BECAUSE COUPLING IS FLARE TYPE.	

SAFETY PRECAUTION

- Please read the "Safety Precaution" carefully before operating the unit to ensure correct usage of the unit.
- Pay special attention to signs of " ⚠ **Warning**" and "⚠ **Caution**". The "Warning" section contains matters which, if not observed strictly, may cause death or serious injury. The "Caution" section contains matters which may result in serious consequences if not observed properly. Please observe all instructions strictly to ensure safety.
- The signs indicate the following meanings. (The following are examples of signs.)

⃠ This sign in the figure indicates prohibition.	❗ Indicates the instructions that must be followed.

- Please keep this manual after reading.

PRECAUTIONS DURING INSTALLATION

⚠ WARNING

- Do not reconstruct the unit.
  Water leakage, fault, short circuit or fire may occur if you reconstruct the unit by yourself.

PROHIBITION

- Please ask your sales agent or qualified technician for the installation of your unit.
  Water leakage, short circuit or fire may occur if you install the unit by yourself.
- Please use earth line.
  Do not place the earth line near water or gas pipes, lightning-conductor, or the earth line of telephone. Improper installation of earth line may cause electric shock.

CONNECT EARTH LINE

- Be sure to use the specified piping set for R410A. Otherwise, this may result in broken copper pipes or faults.

⚠ CAUTION

- A circuit breaker should be installed depending on the mounting site of the unit.
  Without a circuit breaker, the danger of electric shock exists.
- Do not install the unit near a location where there is flammable gas.
  The outdoor unit may catch fire if flammable gas leaks around it. Piping shall be suitable supported with a maximum spacing of 1m between the supports.

PROHIBITION

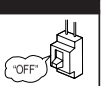
- Please ensure smooth flow of water when installing the drain hose. If any failure is found in the drain path, water drops from the indoor and outdoor units, causing wet household effects.
- Make sure that a single phase 230V power source is used.
  The use of other power sources may cause electrical components to overheat and lead to fire.

PROHIBITION

PRECAUTIONS DURING SHIFTING OR MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING

- Should abnormal situation arise (like burning smell), please stop operating the unit and remove plug from the socket or turn off the circuit breaker. Contact your agent. Fault, short circuit or fire may occur if you continue to operate the unit under abnormal situation.



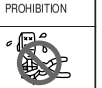
- Please contact your agent for maintenance.
  Improper self maintenance may cause electric shock and fire.
- Please contact your agent if you need to remove and reinstall the unit.
  Electric shock or fire may occur if you remove and reinstall the unit yourself improperly.
- Avoid an extended period of direct air flow for your health.

PROHIBITION

- Do not connect the power calbe with an extension cable or do not plug too many leads of the other electric appliance into the socket where this cable is plugged.
  In addition, wire the cable with some allowances to prevent the cable from stretching.
  Not doing so will cause an electrical shock, heat generation or fire.

PROHIBITION

- Do not bundle the power cable, pull it, put something on it, heat it, process it, or put it between things. Breakage of the power cable may result.
  Use of a damaged cable may cause an electrical shock or a fire.


PROHIBITION

PROHIBITION

- Do not put objects like thin rods into the panel of blower and suction side because the high-speed fan inside may cause danger.

PRECAUTIONS DURING OPERATION

⚠ WARNING

- Do not use any conductor as fuse wire, this could cause fatal accident.

PROHIBITION

- During thunder storm, disconnect the plug top or turn off the circuit breaker.
- Spray cans and other combustibles should not be located within a meter of the air outlets of both indoor and outdoor units.
  As a spray can's internal pressure can be increased by hot air, a rupture may result.

PROHIBITION

⚠ CAUTION

- The product shall be operated under the manufacturer specification and not for any other intended use.

PROHIBITION

DON'T WET

- Do not attempt to operate the unit with wet hands, this could cause fatal accident.
- When operating the unit with burning equipments, regularly ventilate the room to avoid oxygen insufficiency.

STRICTLY OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS

PROHIBITION

- Do not direct the cool air coming out from the air-conditioner panel to face household heating apparatus as this may affect the working of apparatus such as the electric kettle, oven etc.
- Please ensure that outdoor mounting frame is always stable, firm and without defect. If not, the outdoor unit may collapse and cause danger.

PROHIBITION

PROHIBITION

- Do not wash the unit with water or place a water container such as a vase on the indoor unit.
  Electrical leakage could be present and cause electric shock.
- Do not place plants or animals directly under the air flow as it is bad for the plants or animals.

PROHIBITION

PROHIBITION

- Do not climb on the outdoor unit or put objects on it.
- When operating the unit with the door and windows opened, (the room humidity is always above 80%) and with the air deflector facing down or moving automatically for a long period of time, water will condense on the air deflector and drips down occasionally. This will wet your furniture. Therefore, do not operate under such condition for a long time.

PROHIBITION

PROHIBITION

- If the amount of heat in the room is above the cooling or heating capability of the unit (for example: more people entering the room, using heating equipments and etc.), the preset room temperature cannot be achieved.
- This appliance especially indoor unit cleaning must be performed by authorized personnel only. Consult your sales agent.
  Using a commercially available detergent or similar can damage the plastic parts or clog the drain pipe, causing water to drip with potential electric shock hazard.

PROHIBITION

DON'T TOUCH

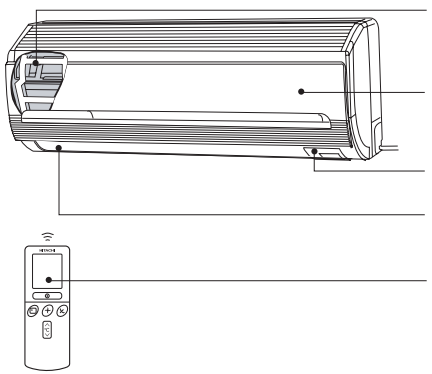
- Do not touch the air outlet, bottom surface and aluminum fin of the outdoor unit.
  You may get hurt.
- Do not touch the refrigerant pipe and connecting valve.
  Burns may result.

DON'T TOUCH

- This appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm persons unless they have been adequately supervised by a responsible person to ensure that they can use this appliance safely.
- Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF EACH PART

INDOOR UNIT



Air filter
To prevent dust from coming into the indoor unit.
(Refer page 16)

Front panel

Indoor unit indicators
Light indicator showing the operating condition.
(Refer page 5)

Horizontal deflector Vertical deflector (Air Outlet)
(Refer page 15)

Remote controller
Send out operation signal to the indoor unit. So as to operate the whole unit.
(Refer page 6)

OUTDOOR UNIT

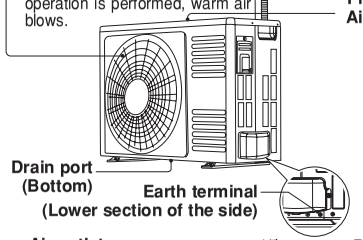
RAC-18YH6
RAC-25YH6

Air outlet
When "heating" operation is performed, cool air blows and when "cooling" or "dehumidifying" operation is performed, warm air blows.

Drain hose
Drains the dehumidified water from the indoor unit to the outdoor during "cooling" or "dehumidifying" operation.

Piping and Wiring

Air inlets (Rear and left sides)



Drain port (Bottom)

Earth terminal (Lower section of the side)

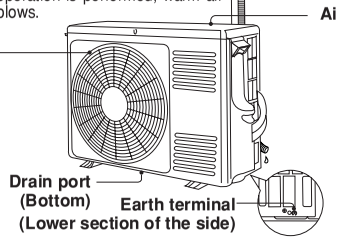
RAC-35YH6

Air outlet
When "heating" operation is performed, cool air blows and when "cooling" or "dehumidifying" operation is performed, warm air blows.

Drain hose
Drains the dehumidified water from the indoor unit to the outdoor during "cooling" or "dehumidifying" operation.

Piping and Wiring

Air inlets (Rear and left sides)



Drain port (Bottom)

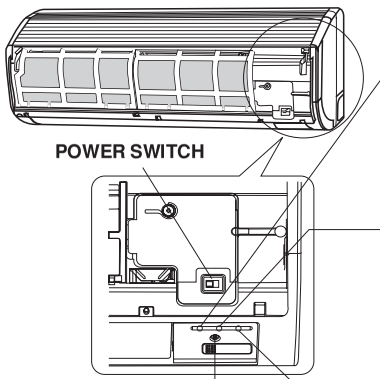
Earth terminal (Lower section of the side)

About the outdoor unit:
- When "Stop" is selected during operation of the indoor unit, the fan of the outdoor unit continues turning for 10 to 60 seconds to cool the electric parts down.
- In heating operation, condensate or water due to defrosting will flow. Do not cover the drain port of the outdoor unit because such water may freeze in the chilly area.
- When the outdoor unit is hung on the ceiling, install the bush and drain pipe on the drain port and drain water.

MODEL NAME AND DIMENSIONS

MODEL	WIDTH (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)	DEPTH (mm)
RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6, RAS-35YH6	780	280	210
RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6	700	505	258
RAC-35YH6	750	548	288

INDOOR UNIT INDICATIONS



POWER SWITCH

FILTER LAMP (Green)
When the device is operated for a total of about 200 hours, the FILTER lamp lights indicates that it is time to clean the filter.The lamp goes out when the "(AUTO SWING)" button is pressed while the operation is stopped.

OPERATION LAMP (Yellow)
This lamp lights during operation.
The OPERATION LAMP flashes in the following cases during heating.
(1) During preheating
For about 2-3 minutes after starting up.
(2) During defrosting
Defrosting will be performed about once an hour when frost forms on the heat exchanger of the outdoor unit, for 5-10 minutes each time.

TIMER LAMP (Orange)
This lamp lights when the timer is working.

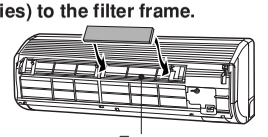
TEMPORARY SWITCH
- Use this switch to start and stop when the remote controller does not work.
- This temporary operation will be at the most recent setting made. (The unit will immediately go into automatic operation once power is switched on.)

⚠ CAUTION

Turn off the circuit breaker or pull out the power plug if the unit is not be operated for a long period.

☆ If the power stays on and the unit is not operated, power is slightly consumed in the control circuit. The power is saved by turning off the power switch (or the circuit breaker when the power is supplied from the outdoor unit).

■ **Attaching the air cleansing and deodorizing filters (Accessories) to the filter frame.**
- Attach the air cleansing and deodorizing filters to the frame by gently compress its both sides and release after insertion into filter frame.
- The cooling capacity is slightly weakened and the cooling speed becomes slower when the air cleansing and deodorizing filters are used.
- Air cleansing and deodorizing filters are washable and reusable up to 20 times by using vacuum cleaner or water rinse under running tap water. When you want to renew it, please ask your sales agent.

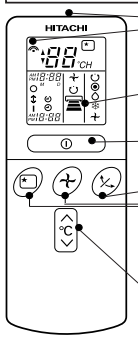


Frame

NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF EACH PART

REMOTE CONTROLLER

- This controls the operation of the indoor unit.
  The range of control is about 7 meters. If indoor lighting is controlled electronically, the range of control may be shorter, in some cases, the control signal may not be received.
  This unit can be fixed on a wall using the fixture provided. Before fixing it, make sure the indoor unit can be controlled from the remote controller.
- Handle the remote controller with care.
  Dropping it or getting it wet may compromise its signal transmission capability.
- After new batteries are inserted into the remote controller, the unit will initially require approximately 10 seconds to respond to commands and operate.



● **Signal emitting window/transmission sign**
Point this window toward the indoor unit when controlling it.
The transmission sign blinks when a signal is sent.

● **Display**
This indicates the room temperature selected, current time, timer status, function and intensity of circulation selected.

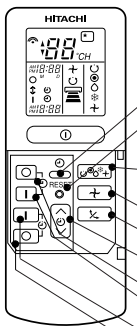
● **START/STOP button**
Press this button to start operation. Press it again to stop operation.

● **AUTO SWING button**
Controls the angle of the horizontal air deflector.

● **FAN SPEED selector**
This determines the fan speed. Every time you press this button, the intensity of circulation will change from ↻ (AUTO) to ≡ (HI) to ≡ (MED) to ≡ (LOW).
(This button allows selecting the optimal or preferred fan speed for each operation mode.)

● **SLEEP button**
Use this button to set the sleep timer.

● **TEMPERATURE buttons**
Use these buttons to raise or lower the temperature setting. (Keep pressed, and the value will change more quickly.)



● **TIME button**
Use this button to set and check the time and date.

● **RESET button**
Press this button after the batteries are replaced or when some irregular operation is found.

● **FUNCTION selector**
Use this button to select the operating mode. Every time you press it, the mode will change from ↻ (AUTO) to ◉ (HEAT) to ◇ (DEHUMIDIFY) to ❄ (COOL) and to ✢ (FAN) cyclically.

● **FAN SPEED selector**

● **AUTO SWING button**

● **TIMER control**
Use these buttons to set the timer.

● **OFF-TIMER button** Select the turn OFF time.

● **ON-TIMER button** Select the turn ON time.

● **RESERVE button** Time setting reservation.

● **CANCEL button** Cancel time reservation.

↻	AUTO
◉	HEAT
◇	DEHUMIDIFY
❄	COOL
✢	FAN
≡	FAN SPEED LOW MED HI
	SLEEPING
○	STOP (CANCEL)
I	START (RESERVE)
⏻	START/STOP
	TIME
	TIMER SET
	TIMER SELECTOR ON TIMER OFF TIMER
	AUTO SWING

Precautions for Use

- Do not put the remote controller in the following places.
  - In direct sunlight
  - In the vicinity of a heater.
- Handle the remote controller carefully. Do not drop it on the floor, and protect it from water.
- Once the outdoor unit stops, it will not restart for about 3 minutes (unless you turn the power switch off and on or unplug the power cord and plug it in again).
  This is to protect the device and does not indicate a failure.
- If you press the FUNCTION selector button during operation, the device may stop for about 3 minutes for protection.

VARIOUS FUNCTIONS

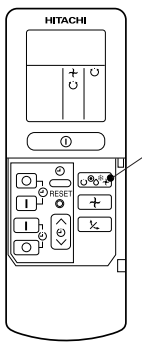
■ Auto Restart Control

- If there is a power failure, operation will be automatically restarted when the power is resumed with previous operation mode and airflow direction.
  (As the operation is not stopped by remote controller.)
- If you intend not to continue the operation when the power is resumed, switch off the power supply. When you switch on the circuit breaker, the operation will be automatically restarted with previous operation mode and airflow direction.

Note: 1. If you do not require Auto Restart Control, please consult your sales agent.
2. Auto Restart Control is not available when Timer or Sleep Timer mode is set.

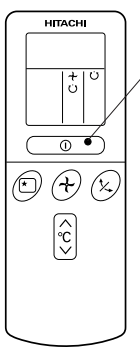
AUTOMATIC OPERATION

The device will automatically determine the mode of operation, HEAT or COOL depending on the initial room temperature. The selected mode of operation will change when the room temperature varies.



1 Press the FUNCTION selector so that the display indicates the ↻ (AUTO) mode of operation.

- When AUTO has been selected, the device will automatically determine the mode of operation, HEAT or COOL depending on the current room temperature.
- When AUTO is first selected, the device will determine the current room temperature and select the proper operation mode accordingly.
- When the air conditioner has adjusted the room's temperature to the near preset temperature, it will begin to monitor operation. If the room temperature subsequently changes, the air conditioner will once again select the appropriate operation (heating or cooling) to adjust the temperature to the preset temperature. The monitoring operation range is ± 3°C relative to the preset temperature.
- If the mode automatically selected by the unit is not satisfactory, manually change the mode setting (heat, dehumidify, cool or fan).



START / STOP

Press the ⏻ (START/STOP) button.
Operation starts with a beep.
Press the button again to stop operation.

■ As the settings are stored in memory in the remote controller, you only have to press the ⏻ (START/STOP) button next time.

You can raise or lower the temperature setting as necessary by maximum of 3°C.

°C

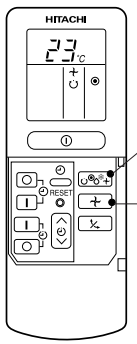
Press the temperature button and the temperature setting will change by 1°C each time.

- The preset temperature and the actual room temperature may vary somewhat depending on conditions.

Press the ✢ (FAN SPEED) button, AUTO and LOW is available.

HEATING OPERATION

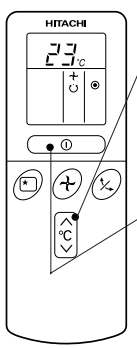
- Use the device for heating when the outdoor temperature is under 21°C.
  When it is too warm (over 21°C), the heating function may not work in order to protect the device.
- In order to keep reliability of the device, please use this device above -15°C of the outdoor temperature.



1 Press the FUNCTION selector so that the display indicates ⊙ (HEAT).

2 Set the desired FAN SPEED with the ✢ (FAN SPEED) button (the display indicates the setting).

- ⟳ (AUTO) : The fan speed changes automatically according to the temperature of the air which blows out.
- ☰ (HI) : Economical as the room will become warm quickly. But you may feel a chill at the beginning.
- ☰ (MED) : Quiet.
- ☰ (LOW) : More quiet.



3 Set the desired room temperature with the TEMPERATURE buttons (the display indicates the setting).

The temperature setting and the actual room temperature may vary somewhat depending on conditions.

START / STOP Press the ⏻ (START/STOP) button. Heating operation starts with a beep. Press the button again to stop operation.

■ As the settings are stored in memory in the remote controller, you only have to press the ⏻ (START/STOP) button next time.

■ Defrosting

Defrosting will be performed about once an hour when frost forms on the heat exchange of the outdoor unit, for 5~10 minutes each time.

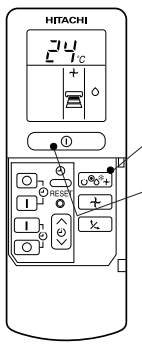
During defrosting operation, the operation lamp blinks in cycle of 3 seconds on and 0.5 second off.

The maximum time for defrosting is 20 minutes.

(If the piping length used is longer than usual, frost will likely to form.)

DEHUMIDIFYING OPERATION

Use the device for dehumidifying when the room temperature is over 16°C.
When it is under 15°C, the dehumidifying function will not work.



1 Press the FUNCTION selector so that the display indicates ○ (DEHUMIDIFY).
The FAN SPEED is set at LOW automatically.
The FAN SPEED button does not work.

START / STOP Press the ⏻ (START/STOP) button.

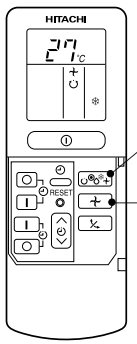
■ When you want to change the operation mode, please use the FUNCTION selector.
■ Set the desired temperature is available.
■ You also can use the FUNCTION selector to select this operation.

■ Dehumidifying Function

- Dehumidifying takes place with a target temperature which is slightly lower than the room temperature setting. (However, target temperature is 16°C for a temperature setting of 16°C.)
  If the room temperature becomes lower than the target value, operation stops. If the room temperature becomes higher than the target value, operation restarts.
- The preset room temperature may not be reached depending on the number of people present in the room conditions.

COOLING OPERATION

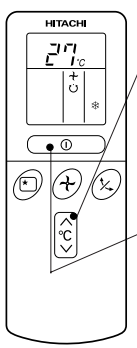
Use the device for cooling when the outdoor temperature is -10 to 42°C.
If humidity is very high (over 80%) indoors, some dew may form on the air outlet grille of the indoor unit.



1 Press the FUNCTION selector so that the display indicates ❄ (COOL).

2 Set the desired FAN SPEED with the ✢ (FAN SPEED) button (the display indicates the setting).

- ↻ (AUTO) : The FAN SPEED is HI at first and varies to MED automatically when the preset temperature has been reached.
- (HI) : Economical as the room will become cool quickly.
- (MED) : Quiet.
- (LOW) : More quiet.



3 Set the desired room temperature with the TEMPERATURE buttons (the display indicates the setting).

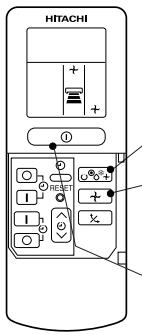
The temperature setting and the actual room temperature may vary somewhat depending on conditions.

START / STOP Press the ⏻ (START/STOP) button. Cooling operation starts with a beep. Press the button again to stop operation. The cooling function does not start if the temperature setting is higher than the current room temperature (even though the ⏻ (OPERATION) lamp lights).
The cooling function will start as soon as you set the temperature below the current room temperature.

■ As the settings are stored in memory in the remote controller, you only have to press the ⏻ (START/STOP) button next time.

FAN OPERATION

You can use the device simply as an air circulator. Use this function to dry the interior of the indoor unit at the end of summer.



1 Press the FUNCTION selector so that the display indicates ✢ (FAN).

2 Press the ✢ (FAN SPEED) button.

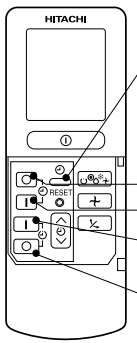
- (HI) : The strongest air blow.
- (MED) : Quiet.
- (LOW) : More quiet.

START / STOP Press the ⏻ (START/STOP) button. Fan operation starts with a beep.
Press the button again to stop operation.

FAN SPEED (AUTO) … When the AUTO fan speed mode is set in the cooling/heating operation:

For the heating operation	• The fan speed will automatically change according to the temperature of discharged air. • As room temperature reaches the preset temperature, a very light breeze will blow.
For the cooling operation	• Operation starts in the “HI” mode to reach the preset temperature. • As room temperature approaches the preset temperature, fan speed automatically switches to “LOW”.

HOW TO SET THE TIMER



TIME, DAY, MONTH (current time, day, month)

OFF TIMER

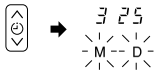
ON TIMER

RESERVE

CANCEL

Time, Day, Month

After you change the batteries;



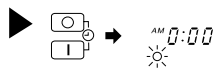
1 Set the current month and day with the TIMER control button.

OFF-Timer

Start → Stop

You can set the device to turn off at the present time.

1 Press the ○ (OFF-TIMER) button. The ○ (OFF) mark blinks on the display.

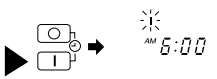


ON-Timer

The device will turn on at the designated times.

Stop → Start

1 Press the ❙ (ON-TIMER) button. The ❙ (ON) mark blinks on the display.

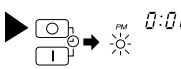


ON/OFF-Timer

Start ⇄ Stop

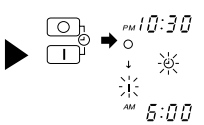
- The device will turn on (off) and off (on) at the designated times.
- The switching occurs first at the preset time that comes earlier.
- The arrow mark appearing on the display indicates the sequence of switching operations.

1 Press the ○ (OFF-TIMER) button so that the ○ (OFF) mark blinks.



2 Set the turn-off time with the TIMER control button.
Press the ❙ (RESERVE) button.

3 Press the ❙ (ON-TIMER) button so that the ○ (OFF) mark lights and the ❙ (ON) mark blinks.



How to Cancel Reservation

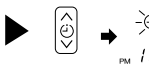
Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the ○ (CANCEL) button.
The ◴ (RESERVED) sign goes out with a beep and the ◴ (TIMER) lamp turns off on the indoor unit.

NOTE

You can set only one of the OFF-timer, ON-timer and ON/OFF-timer.

2 Set the ◴ (TIME) button.

3 Set the current time with the TIMER control button.

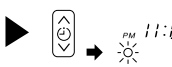


4 Press the ◴ (TIME) button again. The time indication starts lighting instead of flashing.

Example: The current time is 1:30p.m.

- The time indication will disappear automatically in 10 seconds.
- To check the current time setting, press the ◴ (TIME) button twice.
  The setting of the current time is now complete.

2 Set the turn-off time with the TIMER control button.

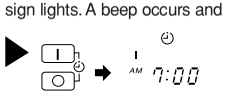


3 Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the ❙ (RESERVE) button.
The ○ (OFF) mark starts lighting instead of flashing and the ◴ (RESERVED) sign lights. A beep occurs and the ◴ (TIMER) lamp lights on the indoor unit.

Example: The device will turn off at 11:00p.m.
The setting of turn-off time is now complete.

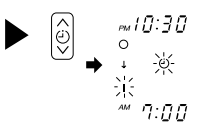
2 Set the turn-on time with the TIMER control button.

3 Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the ❙ (RESERVE) button.
The ❙ (ON) mark starts lighting instead of flashing and the ◴ (RESERVED) sign lights. A beep occurs and the ◴ (TIMER) lamp lights on the indoor unit.

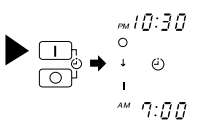


Example:
The device will turn on early so that the preset temperature be almost reached at 7:00 a.m.
The setting of the turn-on time is now complete.

4 Set the turn-on time with the TIMER control button.



5 Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the ❙ (RESERVE) button.
The ❙ (ON) mark starts lighting instead of flashing and the ◴ (RESERVED) sign lights. A beep occurs and the ◴ (TIMER) lamp lights on the indoor unit.

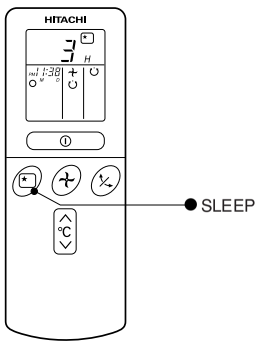


Example:
For heating, the device will turn off at 10:30 p.m., and then turn on early so that the preset temperature be almost reached at 7:00 a.m.; for cooling and dehumidifying, it will simply turned on at 7:00 a.m. The settings of the turn on/off times are now complete.

- The timer may be used in three ways: off-timer, on-timer and ON/OFF (OFF/ON)-timer. Set the current time at first because it serves as a reference.
- As the time settings are stored in memory in the remote controller, you only have to press the ❙ (RESERVE) button is order to use the same settings next time.

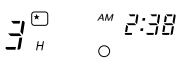
HOW TO SET THE SLEEP TIMER

Set the current time at first if it is not set before (see the pages for setting the current time). Press the (SLEEP) button and the display changes as shown below.



Mode	Indication
Sleep Timer	1 hour → 2 hours → 3 hours → 7 hours → Sleep timer off

Sleep Timer: The device will continue working for the desired number of hours and then turn off.
Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the SLEEP button.
The timer information will be displayed on the remote controller. The TIMER lamp lights with a beep from the indoor unit. When the sleep timer has been set, the display indicates the turn-off time.



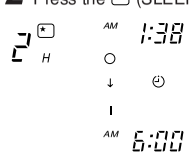
Example: If you set 3 hours sleep time at 11:38 p.m., the turn-off time is 2:38 a.m.

Sleep timer → Start

The device will be turned off by the sleep timer and turned on by on-timer.

1 Set the ON-timer.

2 Press the (SLEEP) button and set the sleep timer.



For heating:
In this case, the device will turn off in 2 hours (at 1:38 a.m.) and turn on early so that the preset temperature will be almost reached at 6:00 next morning.

How to Cancel Reservation

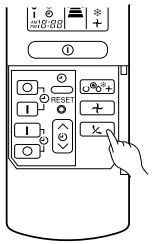
Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the ○ (CANCEL) button.
The (RESERVED) sign goes out with a beep and the (TIMER) lamp turns off on the indoor unit.

NOTE

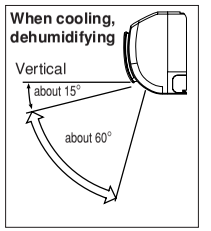
If you set the sleep timer when the off-time or on/off-timer has been set earlier, the sleep timer becomes effective instead of the off - or on/off-timer set earlier.

ADJUSTING THE AIR DEFLECTORS

1 Adjustment of the conditioned air in the upward and downward directions.
The horizontal air deflector is automatically set to the proper angle suitable for each operation. The deflector can be swung up and down continuously and also set to the desired angle using the " (AUTO SWING)" button.



- If the " (AUTO SWING)" button is pressed once, the horizontal air deflector swings up and down. If the button is pressed again, the deflector stops in its current position. Several seconds (about 6 seconds) may be required before the deflector starts to move.
- Use the horizontal air deflector within the adjusting range shown in the right.
- When the operation is stopped, the horizontal air deflector moves and stops at the position where the air outlet closes.

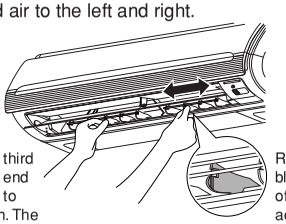


⚠ CAUTION

- In "Cooling" operation, do not keep the horizontal air deflector swinging for a long time. Some dew may form on the horizontal air deflector and dew may drop.

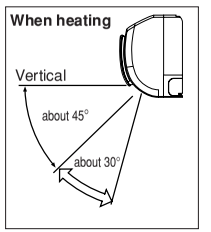
2 Adjustment of the conditioned air to the left and right.

Hold the vertical air deflector as shown in the figure and adjust the conditioned air to the left and right.



Left side: Hold the third blade from the left end of the air deflector to adjust the direction. The pull for the blade is marked.

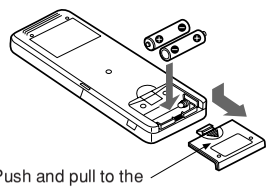
Right side: Hold the third blade from the right end of the air deflector to adjust the direction. The pull for the blade is marked.



HOW TO EXCHANGE THE BATTERIES IN THE REMOTE CONTROLLER

1 Remove the cover as shown in the figure and take out the old batteries.

2 Install the new batteries.
The direction of the batteries should match the marks in the case.



Push and pull to the direction of arrow.

⚠ CAUTION

1. Do not use new and old batteries, or different kinds of batteries together.
2. Take out the batteries when you do not use the remote controller for 2 or 3 months.

MAINTENANCE

⚠ CAUTION

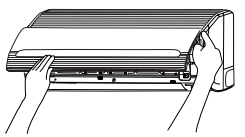
Cleaning and maintenance must be carried out only by qualified service personal. Before cleaning, stop operation and switch off the power supply.

1. AIR FILTER

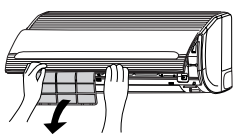
When the filter indicator lamp comes on, be sure to clean the filter. By doing so, the power rates are saved. In case the air filter is full of dust, the air flow will decrease and the cooling capacity will be reduced. Further, noise may occur. Be sure to clean the filter following the procedure below.

PROCEDURE

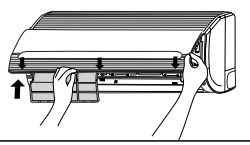
1. Open the front panel carefully and remove the filter.



2. Vacuum dust from the air filter using vacuum cleaner. If there is too much dust, wash the filter with a detergent and rinse it thoroughly. After that, dry it in the shade.



3. • Set the filter with “FRONT” mark facing front, and slot them into the original state.
   • After attaching the filters, push the front panel at three arrow portions as shown in figure and close it.

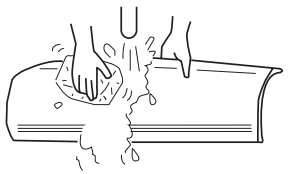


⚠ CAUTION

- Do not wash with hot water at more than 40°C. The filter may shrink.
- When washing it, shake off moisture completely and dry it in the shade; do not expose it directly to the sun. The filter may shrink.
- Don't operate the unit without filter. Fault may occur if you continue.

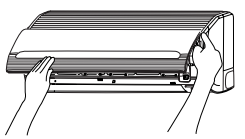
2. CLEANING OF FRONT PANEL

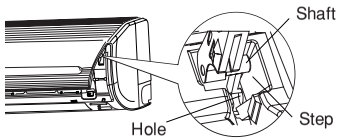
- Remove the front panel and wash with clean water. Wash it with a soft sponge. After using neutral detergent, wash thoroughly with clean water.
- When front panel is not removed, wipe it with a soft dry cloth. Wipe the remote controller thoroughly with a soft dry cloth.
- Wipe the water thoroughly. If water remains at indicators or signal receiver of indoor unit, it causes trouble.



Method of removing the front panel.
Be sure to hold the front panel with both hands to detach and attach it.

Removing the Front Panel	Attaching the Front Panel





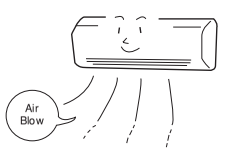
- When the front panel is fully opened with both hands, push the right arm to the inside to release it, and while closing the front panel slightly, put it out forward.
- Move the shafts of the left and right arms into the **steps** in the unit and securely insert them into the holes.

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not splash or direct water to the body of the unit when cleaning it as this may cause short circuit.
- Never use hot water (above 40°C), benzine, gasoline, acid, thinner or a brush, because they will damage the plastic surface and the coating.

3. MAINTENANCE AT BEGINNING OF LONG OFF PERIOD

- Run the unit by setting the operation mode to ✣ (FAN) and the fan speed to HI for about half a day on a fine day, and dry the whole of the unit.
- Switch off the power plug or turn off the circuit breaker.



INFORMATION

CAPABILITIES

Heating Capability

- This room air conditioner utilizes a heat pump system that absorbs exterior heat and brings it into a room to be heated. As the ambient temperature gets lower, heating capability will also lower. In such a situation, the inverter work to increase compressor rpm to keep the unit's heating capability from decreasing. If the unit's heating performance is still unsatisfactory, other heating appliances should be used to augment this unit's performance.
- The air conditioner is designed to heat an entire room so that it may take some time before you feel warm. Timer operation is recommended for effective preheating ahead of the desired time.

CAUTION

Do not use a stove or any other hightemperature devices in proximity to the indoor unit.

PROHIBITION

Cooling and Dehumidifying Capabilities

- If the heat present in a room exceeds the unit's cooling capacity (for example, if there are many people in the room or other heating appliances are used), the preset room temperature may not be reached.

VARIOUS FUNCTIONS

- When fan speed, room temperature are set with the remote controller before starting manual operation and the buttons are released, the indication of settings will go off in 10 seconds and only the operation mode will be displayed.
- Pressing the button while the unit is in operation will let the protective circuit work so that the unit will not operate for approximately 3 minutes.
- During heating operation, the indoor unit's color indicator lamp may flash with no air emitted for a while.
- If you feel cold wind during heating operation with the (HI) fan speed or want to make the unit operation quieter after the room is heated, use of (AUTO) setting is recommended.
- With the (LOW) setting, the unit's cooling capability will lower slightly.
- With the (LOW) setting, the unit's heating capacity will vary with the operating conditions.

TIMER PROGRAMMING/SLEEP TIMER OPERATION

- When the timer has been programmed, the unit will not operate even if the set time is reached unless the unit receives a signal from the remote controller. Confirm that timer programming is complete (beep) and the TIMER lamp of the indoor unit lights.
- If the (SLEEP) button is pressed while the ON/OFF timer is programmed, the sleep timer takes priority.
- During sleep timer operation, the fan speed sets to (LOW) regardless of the preset speed. The remote controller display indication will remain unchanged even with the (LOW) setting.

REGULAR INSPECTION

PLEASE CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS EVERY EITHER HALF YEARLY OR YEARLY. CONTACT YOUR SALES AGENT SHOULD YOU NEED ANY HELP.

1		⚠ WARNING	**Check to see if the unit's earth line has been connected correctly.** If the earth line is disconnected or faulty, unit failure or electric shock hazard may result.
2		⚠ WARNING	**Check to see if the mounting frame has rusted excessively or if the outdoor unit has tilted or become unstable.** It could collapse or fall, causing injury.
3		⚠ WARNING	**Check to see if the power plug is securely inserted into the wall socket.** If the power plug is not inserted into the wall socket securely or becomes hot, an electric shock or fire may result. If dust or dirt is found on the power plug, clean the plug and insert it into the wall socket.

AFTER SALES SERVICE AND WARRANTY

WHEN ASKING FOR SERVICE, CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS.

CONDITION	CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS
If the remote controller is not transmitting a signal. (Remote controller display is dim or blank.)	• Do the batteries need replacement? • Is the polarity of the inserted batteries correct?
When it does not operate.	• Is the fuse all right? • Is the voltage extremely high or low? • Is the circuit breaker "ON"? • Is the power plug inserted? • Do you have any power cut?
When it does not cool well. When it does not heat well.	• Is the air filter blocked with dust? • Is the set temperature suitable? • Have horizontal air deflectors been adjusted to their correct positions according to the operation mode selected? • Are the air inlets or air outlets of indoor and outdoor units blocked? • Is the fan speed "LOW"?

■ The following phenomena do not indicate unit failure.

During heating, the operation indicator blinks and air blow stops	<Operation start> The unit is preparing to blow warm air. Please wait. <In operation> The outdoor unit is defrosting. Please wait.
Hissing or fizzy sounds	Refrigerant flow noise in the pipe or valve sound generated when flow rate is adjusted.
Squeaking noise	Noise generated when the unit expands or contracts due to temperature changes.
Rustling noise	Noise generated with the indoor unit fan's rpm changing such as operation start times.
Clicking noise	Noise of the motorized valve when the unit is switched on.

Perking noise	Noise of the ventilation fan sucking in air present in the drain hose and blowing out dehumidifying water that had accumulated in the condensed water collector. For details, consult your sales agent.
Changing operation noise	Operation noise changes due to power variations according to room temperature changes.
Mist emission	Mist is generated as the air within the room is suddenly cooled by conditioned air.
Steam emitted from the outdoor unit	Water generated during defrosting operation evaporates and steam is emitted.
Odors	Caused as the smells and particles of smoke, food, cosmetics, etc. present in room air become attached the unit and blown off into the room again.
The outdoor unit continues to operate even if operation is stopped.	Defrosting is underway (as the heating operation is stopped, the microcomputer checks frost accumulated in the outdoor unit and instructs the unit to perform automatic defrosting if necessary).
The OPERATION lamp is blinking.	Shows preheating or defrosting operation is underway. As the protective circuit or preheat sensor operates when unit operation is stopped during preheating and then restarted, or when operation mode is switched from cooling to heating, the lamp continues to blink.
Does not reach the temperature setting	Actual room temperature may deviate slightly from the remote controller's temperature setting depending on the number of people in the room, indoor or outdoor conditions.

- If the unit still fails to operate normally after performing the above inspections, turn the circuit breaker off, or pull the power plug out, and contact your sales agent immediately.

Contact your sales agent immediately if the following phenomena should occur:

- The circuit breaker switches off or the fuse blows frequently.
- The switch operation is not stable.
- Foreign matter or water accidentally enters the unit interior.
- The power cord gets excessively hot or its insulation is torn or stripped.
- TIMER lamp on the indoor unit display blinks.

(As the nature of the failure can be identified by the blinking cycle, check the blinking cycle before turning off the circuit breaker.)

Notes

- In quiet operation or stopping the running, the following phenomena may occasionally occur, but they are not abnormal for the operation.
  (1) Slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle.
  (2) Slight rubbing noise from the fan casing which is cooled and then gradually warmed as operation stops.
- The odor will possibly be emitted from the room air conditioner because the various odor, emitted by smoke, foodstuffs, cosmetics and so on, sticks to it. So please clean the air filter and the evaporator regularly to reduce the odor.

- Please contact your sales agent immediately if the air conditioner still fails to operate normally after the above inspections. Inform your agent of the model of your unit, production number, date of installation. Please also inform him regarding the fault.

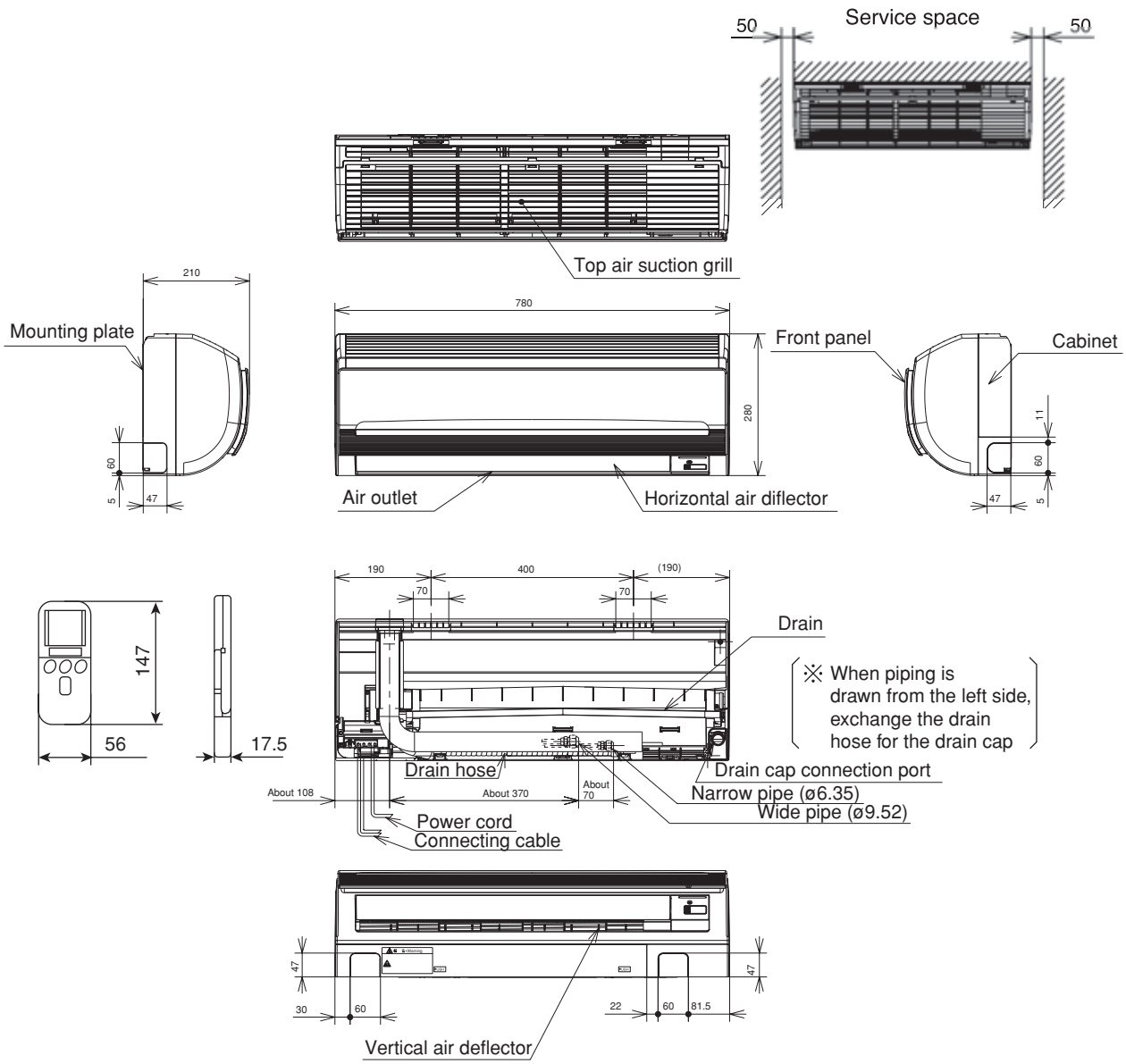
Please note:
On switching on the equipment, particularly when the room light is dimmed, a slight brightness fluctuation may occur. This is of no consequence.
The conditions of the local Power Supply Companies are to be observed.

CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM

MODEL RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6

INDOOR UNIT

Unit : mm

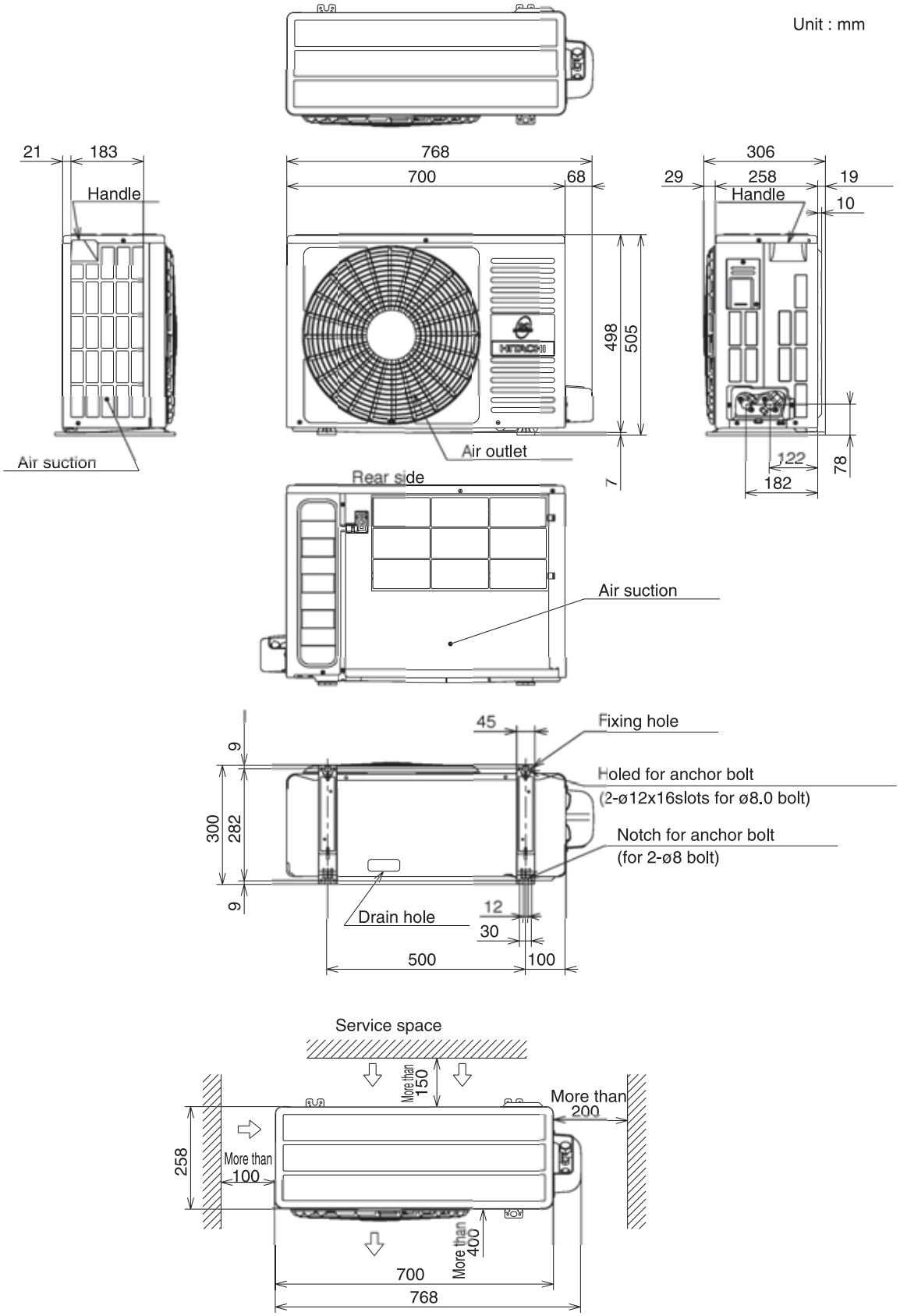


CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM

MODEL RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6

OUTDOOR UNIT

Unit : mm



MAIN PARTS COMPONENT

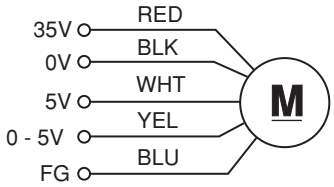
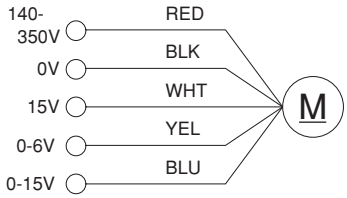
THERMOSTAT

Thermostat Specifications

MODEL			RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6	
THERMOSTAT MODEL			IC	
OPERATION MODE			COOL	HEAT
TEMPERATURE °C (°F)	INDICATION 16	ON	16.7 (62.1)	18.7 (65.7)
		OFF	16.0 (60.8)	19.3 (66.7)
	INDICATION 24	ON	24.7 (76.5)	26.7 (80.1)
		OFF	24.0 (75.2)	27.3 (81.1)
	INDICATION 32	ON	32.7 (90.9)	34.7 (94.5)
		OFF	32.0 (89.6)	35.3 (95.5)

FAN MOTOR

Fan Motor Specifications

MODEL	RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6	RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6
POWER SOURCE	DC 5V, 35V	DC 140 - 350V
OUTPUT	25W	40W
CONNECTION	 (Control circuit built in)	

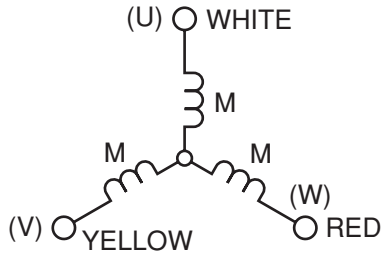
BLU : BLUE　YEL : YELLOW　BRN : BROWN　WHT : WHITE
GRY : GRAY　ORN : ORANGE　GRN : GREEN　RED : RED
BLK : BLACK　PNK : PINK　VIO : VIOLET

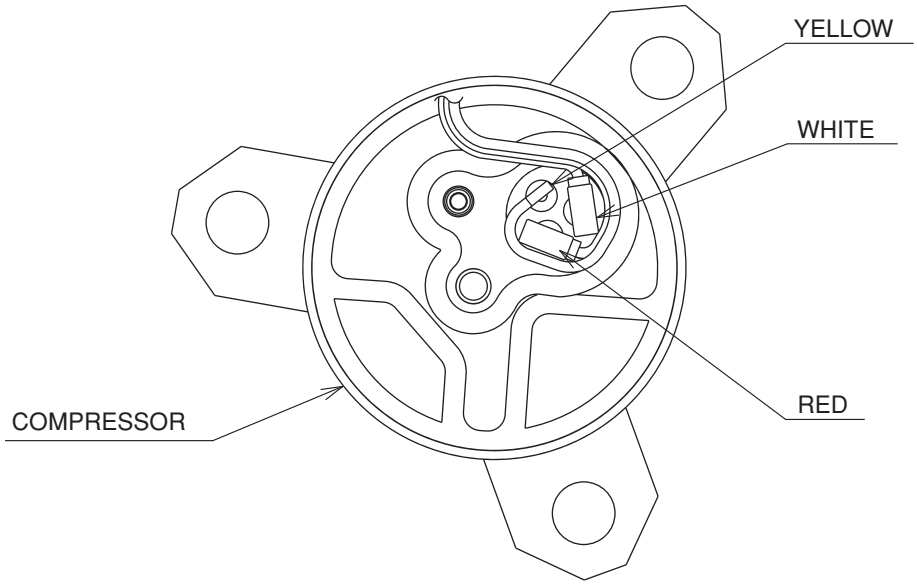
MAIN ELECTRIC COMPONENTS FOR OUTDOOR UNIT

NAME	RATING	APPLICABLE MODELS
REVERSING VALVE COIL	135 Ω (20 ˚C)	RAC-18YH6, 25YH6
REACTOR L1	13 (mH), 0.224 Ω	RAC-18YH6, 25YH6
REACTOR L2	25.5 (mH), 0.37 Ω	RAC-18YH6, 25YH6
FILM CAPACITOR	45 (μF)	RAC-18YH6, 25YH6

COMPRESSOR MOTOR

Compressor Motor Specifications

ITEM \ MODEL		RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6
COMPRESSOR TYPE		ASC092CD
POWER SOURCE		DC 270 - 350 V
OUTPUT		800W
WINDING		
RESISTANCE (Ω)	20°C	2M=1.15
	75°C	2M=1.40



FRONT SIDE OF OUTDOOR UNIT

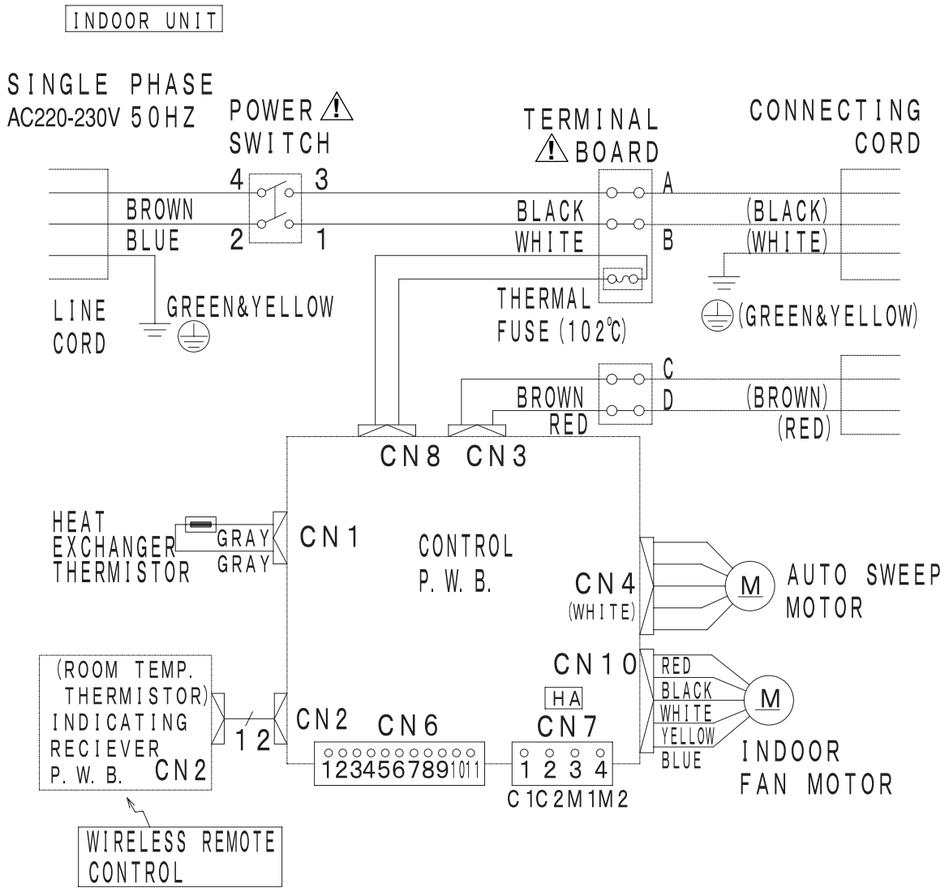
⚠CAUTION

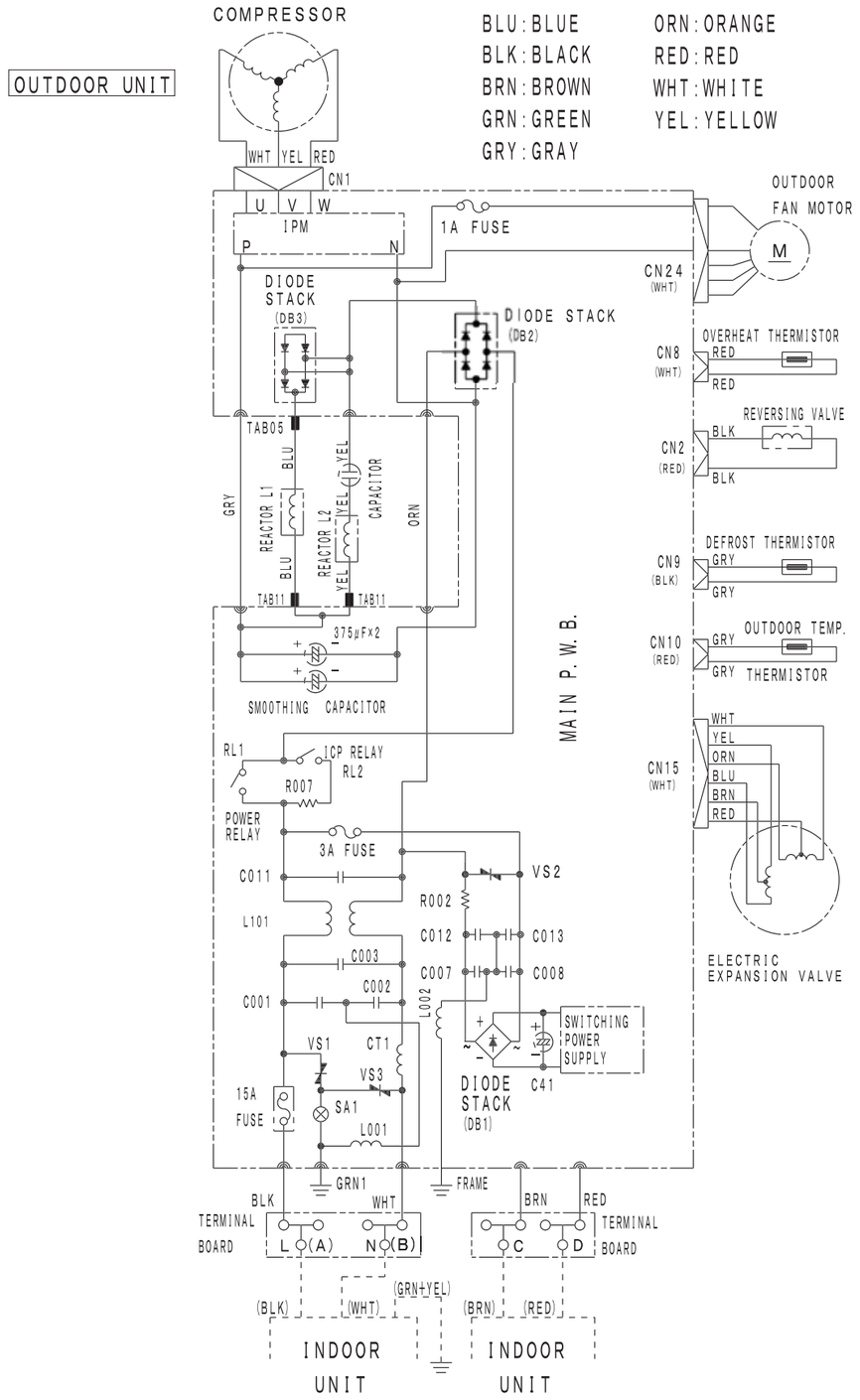
When the refrigerating cycle has been operated for a long time with the capillary tubes clogged or crushed or with too little refrigerant, check the color of the refrigerating machine oil inside the compressor. If the color has been changed conspicuously, replace the compressor.

WIRING DIAGRAM

MODEL RAS-18YH6 / RAC-18YH6
RAS-25YH6 / RAC-25YH6

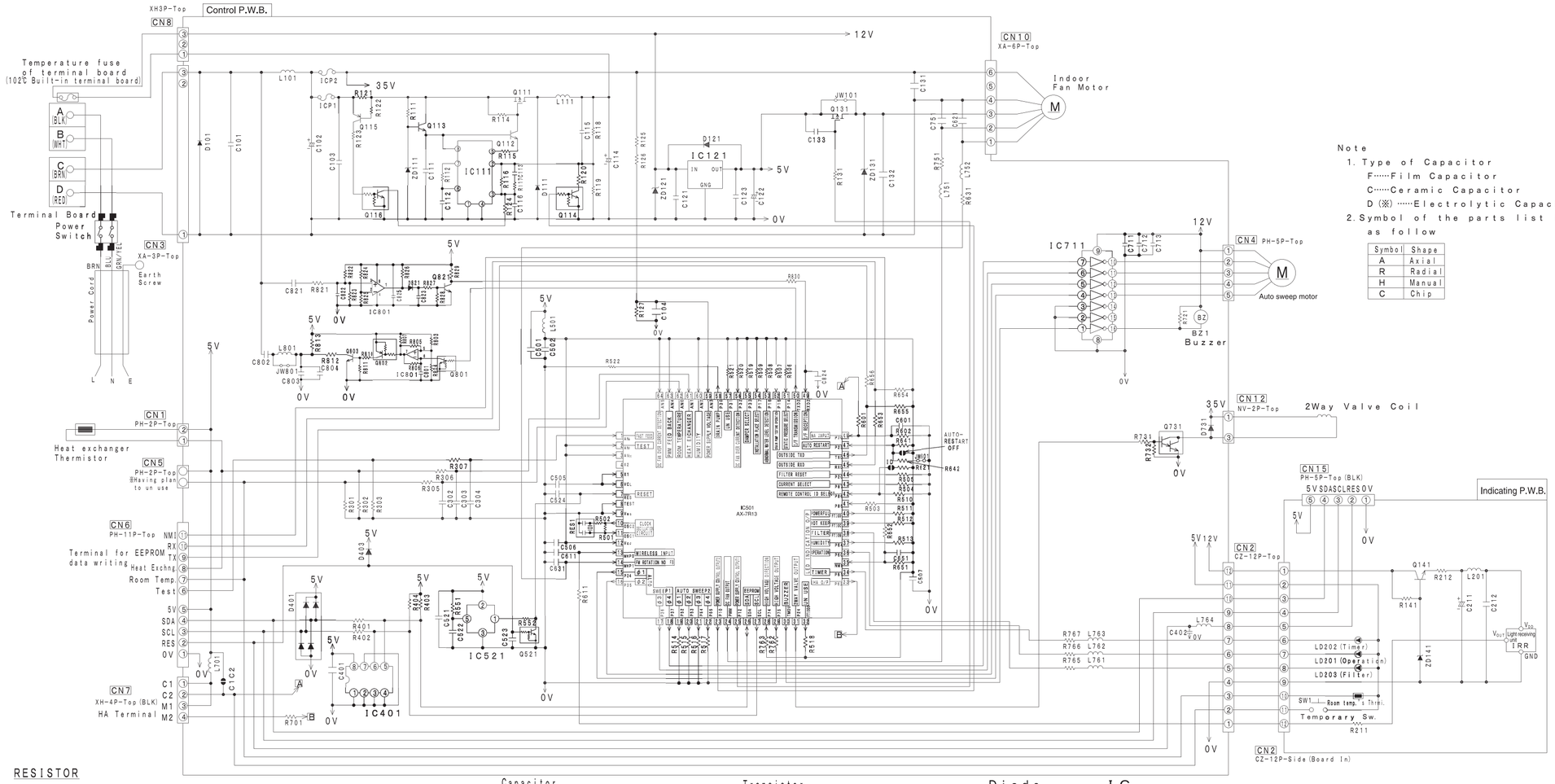
⚠ CAUTION
The marked parts ⚠ are very important ones for safety.





CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

MODEL RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6



Note

1. Type of Capacitor
   - F……Film Capacitor
   - C……Ceramic Capacitor
   - D (※) ……Electrolytic Capacitor
2. Symbol of the parts list is as follow

Symbol	Shape
A	Axial
R	Radial
H	Manual
C	Chip

RESISTOR

Circuit's Symbol	Numerical Value Ω	Tolerance	Correction	Power W	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
R111	2.7K	±5%		1/10W	014	C
R112	30K	±5%		1/6W	029	C
R114	750	±5%		1/8W	010	C
R115	560	±5%		1/8W	011	C
R116	–	–	–	–	–	–
R117	68K	±5%		1/6W	024	C
R118	75K	±2%		1/6W	021	C
R119	6.8k	±2%		1/6W	022	C
R121	0.56	±5%		1/4W	028	C
R122	100	±5%		1/6W	042	C
R123	33K	±5%		1/6W	043	C
R124	100	±5%		1/6W	042	C
R125	30K	±5%		1/6W	029	C
R126	30K	±5%		1/6W	029	C
R127	5.1K	±5%		1/6W	040	C
R131	5.1K	±5%		1/8W	020	C
R141	2.7K	±5%		1/10W	015	C
R211	1K	±5%		1/6W	033	C
R212	47	±5%		1/10W	016	C
R301	12.7K	±1%		1/16W	018	C
R302	12.7K	±1%		1/16W	018	C
R303	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R305	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R306	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R307	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R401	390	±5%		1/16W	027	C
R402	390	±5%		1/16W	027	C
R403	5.1K	±5%		1/16W	040	C
R404	5.1K	±5%		1/16W	040	C
R501	1M	±5%		1/16W	041	C
R503	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R504	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R505	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R506	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R507	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R508	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R509	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R510	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R511	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R512	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R513	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R514	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R515	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R516	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R517	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R518	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R519	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R520	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R521	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R522	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R551	10K	±5%		1/16W	041	C
R552	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R602	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R611	1K	±5%		1/8W	006	A
R621	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R631	1K	±5%		1/8W	012	C
R641	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R642	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R651	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R652	100K	±5%		1/16W	042	C
R653	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R654	10K	±5%		1/8W	032	C
R655	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R656	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R701	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R721	3.3K	±5%		1/16W	036	C
R731	2.7K	±5%		1/16W	007	A
R732	10K	±5%		1/16W	030	C
R751	2.7K	±5%		1/6W	034	C
R762	10K	±5%		1/6W	009	A
R763	10K	±5%		1/6W	009	A
R765	390	±5%		1/16W	027	C
R766	390	±5%		1/16W	026	C
R767	390	±5%		1/16W	027	C
R804	120K	±5%		1/8W	039	C
R805	120K	±5%		1/16W	031	C
R806	120K	±5%		1/16W	031	C
R807	4.3K	±5%		1/6W	038	C
R810	680	±5%		1/6W	028	C
R811	2K	±5%		1/6W	035	C
R812	39	±5%		1/8W	013	C
R813	39	±5%		1/8W	013	C
R821	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R822	10K	±1%		1/16W	017	C
R823	10K	±1%		1/16W	017	C
R824	8.25K	±1%		1/16W	019	C
R825	10K	±1%		1/16W	017	C
R826	1K	±5%		1/16W	033	C
R827	3K	±5%		1/16W	037	C
R828	10K	±1%		1/16W	030	C
R829	5.1K	±5%		1/16W	040	C
R830	1K	±5%		1/8W	006	A

Capacitor

Circuit's Symbol	Numerical Value (F)	Voltage	Type	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
C101	0.22μ	50V	F	062	R
C102	330μ	50V	RS	065	R
C103	470μ	630V	C	052	C
C104	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C111	2.2μ	10V	C	058	C
C112	1000P	50V	C	047	C
C113	0.047μ	25V	C	056	C
C114	220μ	25V	RS	066	R
C115	–	–	–	–	–
C116	–	–	–	–	–
C121	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C122	100μ	10V	RS	068	R
C123	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C131	0.22μ	50V	C	046	C
C132	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C133	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C211	47μ	16V	RS	069	R
C212	1μ	16V	C	049	C
C302	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C303	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C304	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C401	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C402	–	–	–	–	–
C501	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C502	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C505	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C506	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C507	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C521	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C522	0.22μ	10V	C	057	C
C523	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C524	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C601	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C611	1000P	50V	C	047	C
C621	–	–	–	–	–
C631	1000P	50V	C	047	C
C651	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C711	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C712	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C713	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C
C751	1μ	16V	C	049	C
C801	150P	50V	C	048	C
C802	0.15μ	50V	F	063	R
C803	–	–	–	–	–
C804	–	–	–	–	–
C821	0.01μ	50V	F	061	R
C822	1000P	50V	C	047	C
C823	0.047μ	25V	C	056	C
C824	0.01μ	50V	C	055	C
C825	0.1μ	25V	C	045	C

Transistor

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
Q111	2SJ518	076	C
Q112	2SC5209H	074	C
Q113	2SC5209H	074	C
Q114	RN1102	078	C
Q115	2SA1162Y	079	C
Q116	RN1102	078	C
Q131	–	–	C
Q141	2SC2462LC	071	C
Q521	RN1102	078	C
Q731	–	–	–

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.
Q801	RN1102	078
Q802	RN2102	080
Q803	2SC2441E	072
Q821	2SC4738GR	073

LED

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Color	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
LD201	HLMF-K305	Yellow	133	H
LD202	HLMF-K405	Orange	134	H
LD203	HLMF-K505	Green	135	H

Jumper

Circuit's Symbol	Use/ Don't Use	Size	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
JW101	Use	1608	–	–
JW601	Use	1608	–	–
JW801	–	1608	–	–

Over Current Protecter

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Rating Current	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
ICP1	CCP2E-20	0.8A	103	C
ICP2	CCP2E-50	2.0A	104	C

Diode

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
D101	DSM3MA2	091	C
D111	D1FS6	092	C
D121	1SS355	095	C
D401	HN1D03FU	093	C
D403	1SS355	095	C
D731	–	–	–
D821	1SS355	095	C

Oscillator

Circuit's Symbol	Model		Drawing's part's No.	Shape
RES1	CSTLS10M00S53	10MHz	107	R

Buzzer

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
BZ1	PKM13EPY	131	H

Sensor Unit

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
IRR	RPM6938-V4	130	H

Thermistor

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
Room Temp. Thermistor	RREL4587	127	H

IC

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
IC111	NJM2340M	082	C
IC121	LF50CDT	083	C
IC401	S-24C04BFJ	084	C
IC501	HD6433685A20H (AX-7R13)	087	C
IC521	RN5VD42C	089	C
IC711	ULN2003ANS	090	C
IC801	NJM2903M	085	C

Switch

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
SW1	EVQP07K-SW	132	H

Zener Diode

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
ZD111	RD6.2UJN2	101	C
ZD121	PTZ20A	098	C
ZD131	RLZ6.8A	099	C
ZD141	RD5.6UJN2	100	C

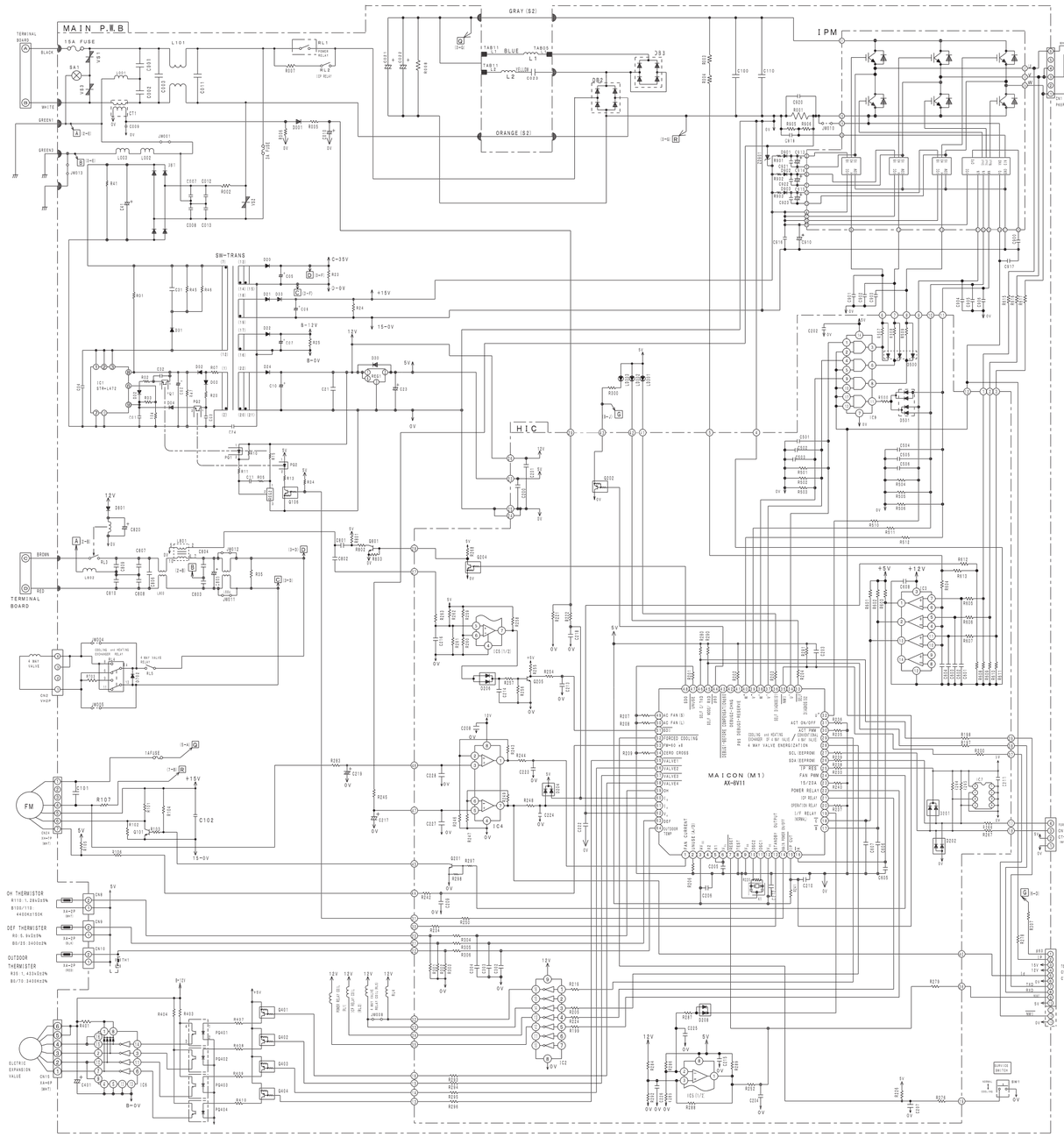
Coil

Circuit's Symbol	Numerical Value H	Rating Current	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
L101	82μ	1.3A	112	H
L111	560μ	0.6A	113	H
L201	SLM1465TS	0.2A	110	C
L501	1608CJ	–	025	C
L701	SLM1465TS	0.2A	110	C
L751	1608CJ	–	025	C
L752	1608CJ	–	025	C
L761	1608CJ	–	025	C
L762	1608CJ	–	025	C
L763	1608CJ	–	025	C
L764	1608CJ	–	025	C
L801	100μ	55mA	111	C

Connecter

Circuit's Symbol	Model	Drawing's part's No.	Shape
CN1	PH-2P-Top	116	H
CN2	CZ-12-Top	117	H
CN2	CZ-12P-Top (CZ-12P-Side BOARD IN)	123	H
CN3	XA-3P-Top	118	H
CN4	PH-5P-Top	119	H
CN5	PH-2P-Top (In use)	–	H
CN6	PH-11P-Top	120	H
CN7	XH-4P-Top (BLK)	121	H
CN8	XH-3P-Top	125	H
CN10	XA-6P-Top	122	H
CN12	–	–	–
CN15	PH-5P-Top (BLK)	124	H

MODEL RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6



Mounting form
A:Axialinsertion
R:Radialinsertion
H:Handinsertion
C:Chip surface mounting
S:In addition surface mounting

PCB SET
M:MAIN P.W.B.
H:HIC

RESISTER

SYMBOL	RELATING VALUE (Ω)	± %	TYPE	W	MATERIAL	SHAPE	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
R01	1.5M	5%	1/4	A	M	37	RD6	
R02	3.3k	5%	1/4	A	M	38		
R03	680	5%	1/4	A	M	17		
R04	0.68	1%	1W	R	M	25		
R05	2.2k	5%	1/4	A	M	11		
R07	47	2%	1/4	A	M	26		
R10	1k	1%	1/4	A	M	31		
R11	1k	1%	1/4	A	M	31		
R13	390	5%	1/4	A	M	39		
R15	33	1%	1/4	A	M	41		
R20	2.2k	1%	1/4	A	M	11		
R23								
R24								
R25	100K	5%	1/4	A	M	27		
R34								
R35	6.8k	1%	1	R	M	29		
R41	1M	5%	1/4	J	S	9	RD6	
R45	220k	1%	2	A	M	46		
R46	220k	1%	2	A	M	46		
R47	470k	1%	1/6	A	M	28		
R001	0.025	3%	1	H	M	47	CURRENT	
R002	2.2	5%	1	ｦ	M	45	CURRENT	
R003	360K	1%	1/2	A	M	49		
R004	360K	1%	1/2	A	M	49		
R005	1.96K	1%	1/8	J	M	34		
R006	1K	1%	1/6	A	M	35		
R007	100	5%	10	H	M	50	CURRENT	
R008	240K	5%	1/2	J	M	10		
R101	3.6K	2%	1/4	A	M	42		
R102	3K	2%	1/8	A	M	43		
R103	390	5%	1/6	A	M	18		
R104	7.5K	5%	1/6	A	M	21		
R105	4.7K	5%	1/6	A	M	20		
R106	10K	5%	1/6	A	M	16		
R107	0.27	2%	2	H	M	48		
R245	10K	5%	1/8	J	M	16		

RESISTER

SYMBOL	RELATING VALUE (Ω)	± %	TYPE	W	MATERIAL	SHAPE	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
R278	100	5%	1/8	A	M	19		
R283	10K	5%	1/8	A	M	16		
R300	2K	5%	1/8	A	M	12		
R307	1K	5%	1/8	A	M	13		
R401	100	5%	1/4	J	M	30		
R403	2K	5%	1/4	A	M	23		
R404	2K	5%	1/4	A	M	23		
R407	390	5%	1/8	A	M	18		
R408	390	5%	1/8	A	M	18		
R409	390	5%	1/8	A	M	18		
R410	390	5%	1/8	A	M	18		
R615	360K	1%	1/2	A	M	49		
R616	360K	1%	1/2	A	M	49		
R617	360K	1%	1/2	A	M	49		
R703								
R801	39	5%	1/4	A	M	24		
R802	39	5%	1/4	A	M	24		
R803	3K	5%	1/6	A	M	15		
R901	20	5%	1/6	A	M	14		
R902	20	5%	1/6	A	M	14		
R903	20	5%	1/6	A	M	14		
R905	453	1%	1/6	A	M	33		
R906	100	1%	1/6	A	M	36		

CAPACITOR

SYMBOL	RELATING VALUE (μF)	WV	TYPE	± %	MATERIAL	SHAPE	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
C01	470p	50	C	R	M	76		
C02	10	50	D	R	M	74	L9	
C03	1500p	50	C	R	M	63		
C04	470p	2k	C	R	M	64		
C05	560	50	D	R	M	77	LK2	
C06	330	25	D	R	M	78	LK2	
C07	330	25	D	R	M	78	LK2	
C10	330	25	D	R	M	78	LK2	
C11	0.1	50	C	R	M	67		
C21	0.1	50	C	R	M	67		
C23	470	10	D	R	M	60		
C24	470p	2k	C	R	M	64		
C31	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	81		
C32	0.01	50	C	R	M	66		
C41	68	450	D	H	M	88	RAD TYPE L	
C001	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
C002	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
C003	0.47	25/50	F	H	M	58	TV (200V)	
C007	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
C008	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
C009	0.1	50	C	R	M	67		
C010	100	10	D	R	M	83		
C011	0.47	25/50	F	H	M	58	TV (200V)	
C012	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
C013	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
C021	375	420	D	H	M	54	WORK ON-VOL	
C022	375	420	D	H	M	54	WORK ON-VOL	
C023	45	275/440	F	H		※		
C100	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	81		
C101								
C102	0.1	50	C	R	M	67		
C110								
C217	22	10	D	R	M	80	TV (400V) ON-VOL	
C219	22	10	D	R	M	80	TV (400V) ON-VOL	
C401	100	25	D	R	M	84		
CB01	0.15	50	F	R	M	61		
CB02	0.022	50	F	R	M	62		
CB03	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
CB04	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
CB05	68	50	D	R	M	87		
CB06	0.15	50	F	R	M	61		
CB09	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
CB10	0.01	25/50	C	R	M	72	TV (200V)	
CB20	100	25	D	R	M	84		
CB00	0.056	50	F	R	M	65		
CB01	1200p	50	F	R	M	69		
CB02	1200p	50	F	R	M	69		
CB03	1200p	50	F	H	M	69		
CB04								
CB05								
CB06								
CB10								

※ OUTDOOR UNIT ELECTRIC ASSEMBLY

CAPACITOR

SYMBOL	RELATING VALUE (μF)	WV	TYPE	± %	MATERIAL	SHAPE	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
C913	22	35	D	R	M	82	TV (400V)	
C914	22	35	D	R	M	82	TV (400V)	
C915	22	35	D	R	M	82	TV (400V)	
C916	0.1	50	C	R	M	67		
C917								
C919	0.022	50	F	R	M	62		
C920								
C921								
C922								
C923								

DIODES

SYMBOL	SYMBOL	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
DB1	D25B80	H	M	138	
DB2	D10XB60H	H	M	95	
DB3	D10XB60H	H	M	95	
D02	1GH46	A	M	137	
D03	1GH46	A	M	137	
D04	1GH46	A	M	137	
D20	RL4Z	H	M	135	
D21	ALG1Z	A	M	103	
D22	RN2Z	H	M	104	
D24	AG01Z	A	M	99	
D30	1SS120	A	M	106	
D31	EG01V1	A	M	98	
D32	AG01Z	A	M	99	
D33	JUMPER				
D001	1SS120	A	M	106	
D702	1GH46	A	M	137	
D801	1SS120	A	M	106	
D901	1JU42	A	M	113	
D902	1JU42	A	M	113	
D903	1JU42	A	M	113	

ZENER DIODE

SYMBOL	SYMBOL	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
ZD901	MTZJT-22B	A	M	101	

RELAY

SYMBOL	SYMBOL	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
RL1	G4A	H	M	135	
RL2	ALS112W	H	M	137	
RL3	ALS112W	H	M	137	
RL4					
RL5	ALS112W	H	M	137	

JUMPER

SYMBOL	NSE/UNUSE	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	REMARKS
JW001	Unuse	A	M	
JW004	Use	A	M	
JW005	Use	A	M	
JW008	Use	A	M	
JW010	Unuse	A	M	
JW011	Unuse	A	M	
JW012	Unuse	A	M	
JW013	Use	A	M	

TAB TERMINAL

SYMBOL	MODEL/ORDERING	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	REMARKS
TAB05	RRPJ2039	H	M	143
TAB11	RRPJ2303	H	M	139

TRANSISTORS

SYMBOL	MODEL	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
Q101	2SC1815GR	R	M	115	
Q106	DTC114YSA	R	M	116	
Q401	RN2207	R	M	116	
Q402	RN2207	R	M	116	
Q403	RN2207	R	M	116	
Q404	RN2207	R	M	116	
QB01	2SC1214CTZ	R	M	117	

PHOTO COUPLERS

SYMBOL	MODEL	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
PQ1	TLP421	H	M	112	
PQ2	TLP421	H	M	112	
PQ401	TLP421	H	M	112	
PQ402	TLP421	H	M	112	
PQ403	TLP421	H	M	112	
PQ404	TLP421	H	M	112	

COIL・INDUCTORS

SYMBOL	RATING	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
L001	BLC18N1-F	A	M	153	RECEIVE
L002	BLC18N1-F	A	M	153	RECEIVE
L003	1/R	A	M		
L101	2mH 15A	H	M	154	
LB01	RRMF3787	H	M	152	
LB02	BLC18N1-F	A	M	153	RECEIVE
LB03	RRMH3884	H	M	155	
LB04	RRMH3884	H	M	155	
CT1 (SWITCHING)	RRMF3787	H	M	151	
	RRMF3787	H	M	151	

SURGE ABSORBERS

SYMBOL	RATING	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
VB1	471K9-11D	R	M	149	CB1
VB2	621K9-11D	R	M	149	CB2
VB3	621K9-11D	R	M	149	CB3
SA1	RA-11DM-D9-Y	R	M	147	AB1

SWITCH

SYMBOL	MODEL	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
SW1	EVQPAE07K	H	M	142	

LED

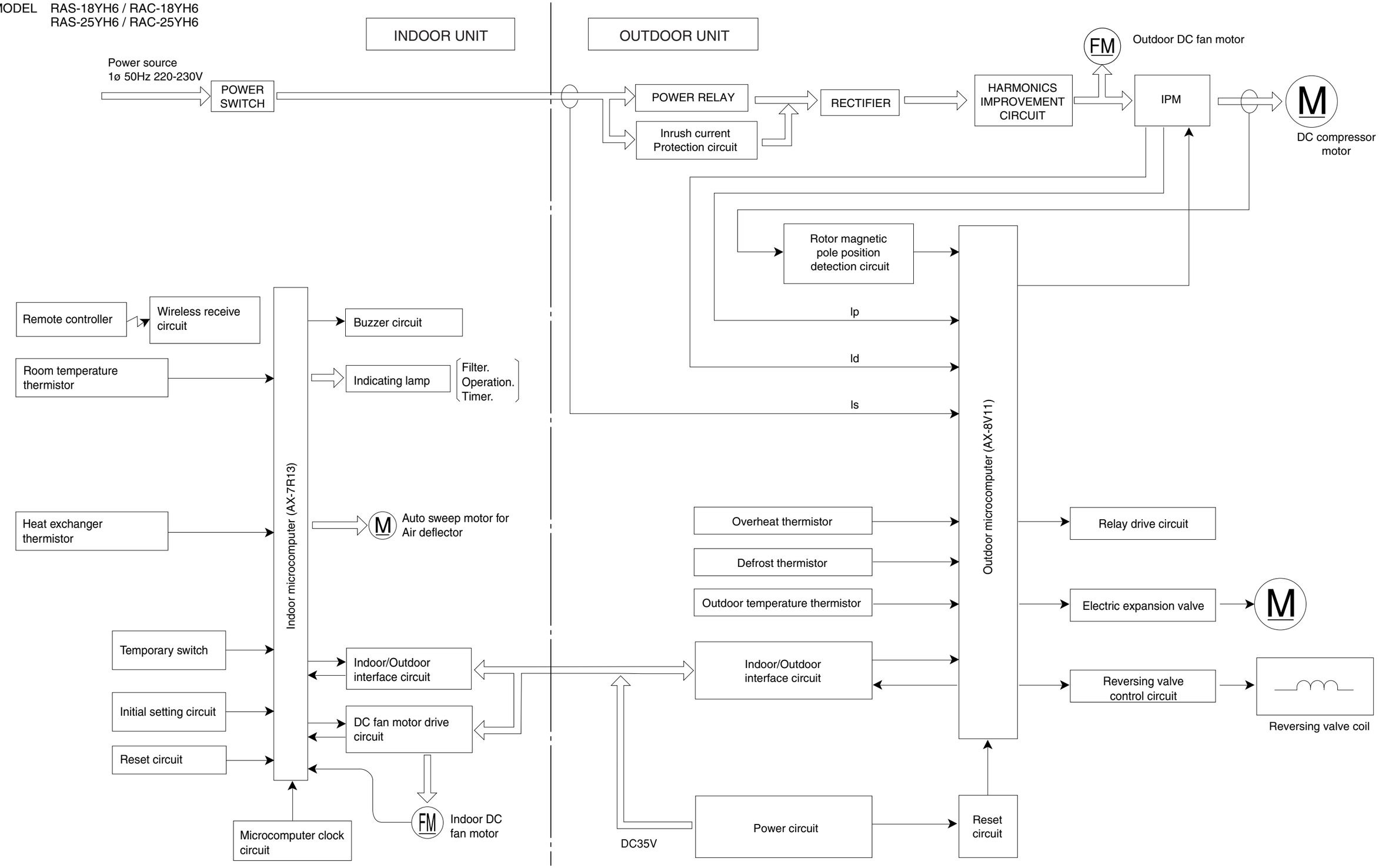
SYMBOL	MODEL	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
LD301	SEL1122R	R	M	92	
LD302	SEL1122R	R	M	92	
LD303	SEL1122R	R	M	92	

IC

SYMBOL	RATING	SHAPE/TYPE	MATERIAL	TAPE MIL	REMARKS
IC1	STR-L472	H	M	121	
IC6	TD62064APG	H	M	124	
TH1					
REG1	PQ05RD08	H	M	133	
REG2	SE012	H	M	138	
IPM	PS21964	H	M	80	

BLOCK DIAGRAM

MODEL RAS-18YH6 / RAC-18YH6
RAS-25YH6 / RAC-25YH6



BASIC MODE

MODEL RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6

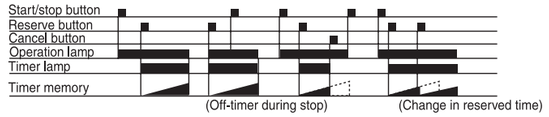
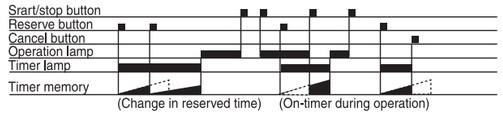
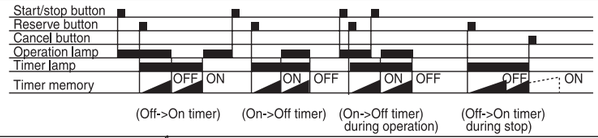
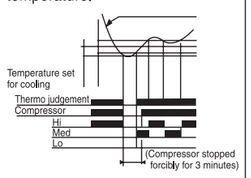
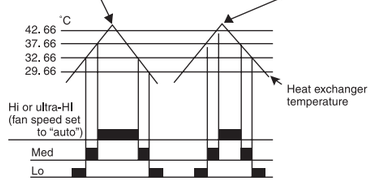
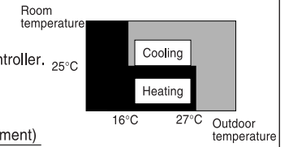
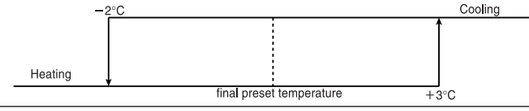
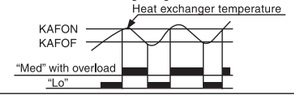
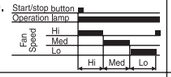
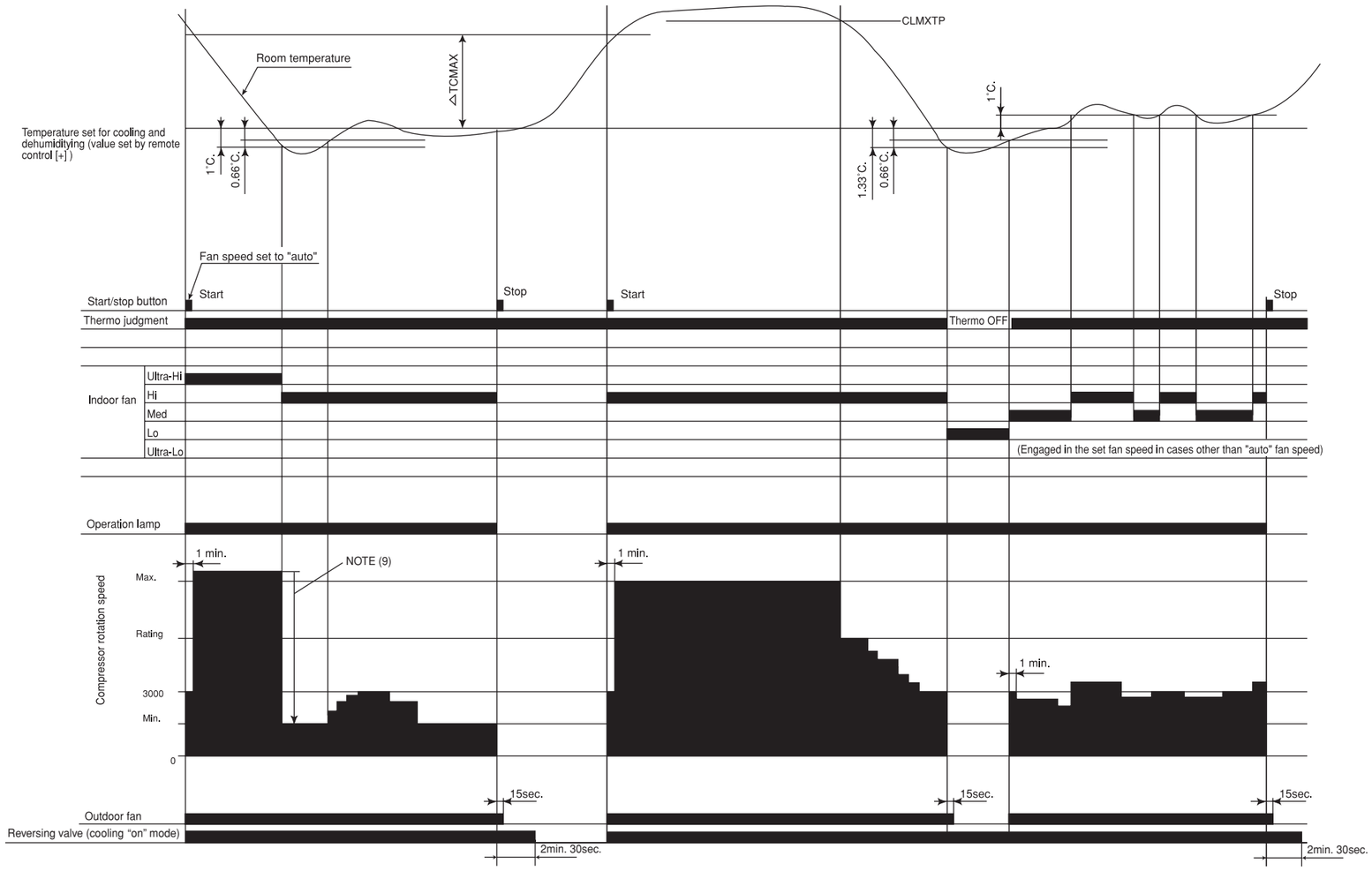
Operation mode		Fan	Cooling	Dehumidifying (dehumidifying operation by the function select button only, not including that engaged by the dehumidify button)	Heating	auto
Basic operation of start/stop button						
Timer functions	Off-timer					
	On-timer					
	Off -> On On -> Off timer					
Fan speed mode (indoor fan)	Auto		Changes from “Hi” to “Med” or “Lo” depending on room temperature.  1. Runs at “Hi” until first thermo off after operation is started. 2. Runs at “Lo” when thermo is off.		Set to “ultra-Lo”, “Lo”, “Med”, “Hi”, “ultra-Hi” or “stop” depending on the room temperature, time and heat exchange temperature. Set to “stop” if the room temperature is 18˚C in the “ultra-Lo” mode other than during preheating (cooling is recovered at 18,33˚C). When the compressor is running at maximum speed during hot dash or when recovered from defrosting. In modes other than left 	Operating mode is judged by room temperature and outdoor temperature. (1) Judging by outdoor temperature Operating mode is judged by outdoor temperature. Only when the mode is not resticted by this judgment, the judgment by room temperature in the next paragraph will be performed. (a) Outdoor temperature ≧ 27°C : Restricted to cooling (b) Outdoor temperature ≦ 16°C : Restricted to heating (2) Judging by room temperature Operating mode at start up is judged (initial judgment) (a) Conditions for judgment (any of the followings) • When auto operation is started after 1 hour has elapsed since the operation was stopped. • When auto operation is started after the previous manual mode operation. • When the operating mode is switched to auto while operating at manual mode. (b) Judging method • Room temperature ≧ 25°C ±3°C : Cooling • Room temperature < 25°C ±3°C : Heating ※ ±3°C is the fine adjustment value from the remote controller.  Judging operating mode change during operation (Continuous judgment) (a) Conditions for judgment (any of the followings) • The mode is reviewed at every interval time. • When auto operation is started again before 1 hour has elapsed since the operation was stopped. (b) Judging method • Judge by setting the hysteresis on the final preset temperature. The final preset temperature is the actually targeted preset temperature which is the sum of the basic preset temperature and each type of shift value (e.g. ±3°C by remote controller, preset temperature correction value, powerful shift value, etc.) [Currently cooling] • Room temperature ≦ Final preset temperature −2°C Change to heating • Room temperature > Final preset temperature −2°C Continue cooling [Currently heating] • Room temperature ≧ Final preset temperature +3°C Change to cooling • Room temperature < Final preset temperature +3°C Continue heating 
	Hi	Operates at “Hi” regardless of the room temperature.	Set to “ultra-Hi” when the compressor runs at maximum speed, and to “Hi” in other modes.		Set to “ultra-Lo”, “Lo”, “Med”, “Hi”, “ultra-Hi” or “stop” depending on the room temperature, and time. Set to “stop” if the room temperature is 18˚C in the “ultra-Lo” mode other than during preheating (cooling is recovered at 18.33˚C). Set to “ultra-Hi” when the compressor is running at maximum speed during hot dash or when recovered from defrosting.	
	Med	Operates at “Med” regardless of the room temperature.	Same as at left.		Set to “ultra-Lo”, “Lo”, “Med” or “stop” depending on the room temperature and time. Set to “stop” if the room temperature is 18˚C in the “ultra-Lo” mode other than during preseating (cooling is recovered at 18.33˚C).	
	Lo	Operates at “Lo” regardless of the room temperature.	Same as at left.	Set to “Lo” in modes other than when the compressor stops.	Set to “ultra-Lo”, “Lo”, or “stop” depending on the room temperature and time. Set to “stop” if the room temperature is 18˚C in the “ultra-Lo” mode other than during preseating (cooling is recovered at 18.33˚C). The fan speed is controlled by the heat exchanger temperature; the overload control is executed as in the following diagram: 	
Basic operation of temperature controller		Performs only fan operation at the set speed regardless of the room temperature. 	See page 25.	See page 26.	See page 27.	
Sleep operation (with sleep button ON)		• Enters sleep operation after set as on the left. • Action during sleep operation Lo (sleep) operation	• Same as at left • See page 26.	• Same as at left • See page 26.	• Same as at left • See page 28.	• Same as at left. • Performs the sleep operation of each operation mode.

Table 1 Mode data file

	RAS-18YH6	RAS-25YH6
LABEL NAME	**VALUE**	
WMAX	3500 min^{-1}	4400 min^{-1}
WMAX2	3500 min^{-1}	4400 min^{-1}
WSTD	2950 min^{-1}	4200 min^{-1}
WBEMAX	2800 min^{-1}	3200 min^{-1}
CMAX	3200 min^{-1}	3200 min^{-1}
CMAX2	3200 min^{-1}	3200 min^{-1}
CSTD	2400 min^{-1}	2900 min^{-1}
CKYMAX	2300 min^{-1}	2700 min^{-1}
CJKMAX	2300 min^{-1}	2500 min^{-1}
CBEMAX	2300 min^{-1}	2300 min^{-1}
WMIN	2200 min^{-1}	2200 min^{-1}
CMIN	2200 min^{-1}	2200 min^{-1}
STARTMC	90 Seconds	90 Seconds
DWNRATEW	80%	80%
DWNRATEC	60%	60%
SHIFTW	2.00°C	2.00°C
SHIFTC	1.33°C	1.33°C
CLMXTP	30.00°C	30.00°C
YNEOF	25.00°C	25.00°C
TEION	2.00°C	2.00°C
TEIOF	9.00°C	9.00°C
SFTDSW	1.00°C	1.00°C
DFTIM1	43 Minutes	43 Minutes
DFTIM2	60 Minutes	60 Minutes

Basic Cooling Operation



Notes:

(1) Condition for entering into Cool Dashed mode. When fan set to “Hi” or “Auto mode” and temperature difference between indoor temperature and set temperature has a corresponding compressor rpm (calculated value in Table 2) larger than CMAX.

(2) Cool Dashed will release when i) a maximum 25 minutes is lapsed and ii) room temperature is lower than set temperature –3°C (thermo off) and iii) when room temperature has achieved setting temperature –1°C then maximum Cool Dashed time will be revised to 20 minutes. And iv) indoor fan is set to Lo and Med fan mode and v) change operation mode.

(3) During Cool Dashed operation, thermo off temperature is set temperature (with shift value) –3°C. After thermo off, operation continue in Fuzzy control mode.

(4) Compressor minimum “ON” time and “OFF” time is 3 minutes.

(5) During normal cooling mode, compressor maximum rpm CMAX will maintain for 60 minutes if indoor temperature is lower than CLMXTP. No time constrain if indoor temperature is higher than CLMXTP.

(6) When fan speed setting on remote control is “Hi” or “Auto” mode, and both room and outdoor temperatures (data based on out door unit) meet temperature judgment (Off) shown in the table 1, the compressor rpm will be limited to CKYMAX.

(7) When fan is set to “Med”, compressor rpm will be limited to CJKMAX.

(8) When fan is set to “Lo”, compressor rpm will be limited to CBEMAX.

(9) During Cool Dashed, when room temperature reaches set temperature –1°C compressor rpm is actual rpm x DWNRATEC.

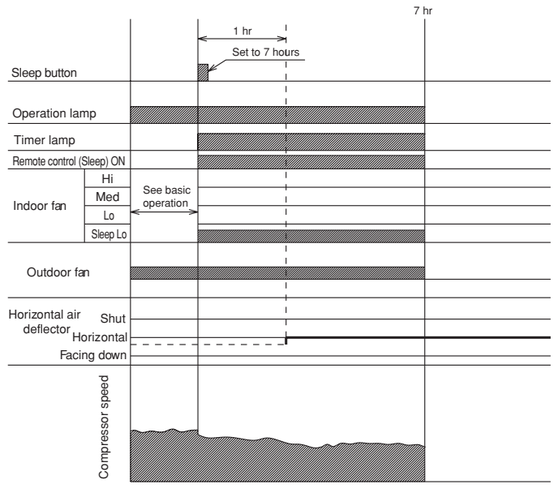
Table 1 Thermo judgment

Item		Temperature
Room temperature	Thermo judgment (ON)	30°C
	Thermo judgment (OFF)	32°C
Outdoor temperature	Thermo judgment (ON)	32°C
	Thermo judgment (OFF)	33°C

Table 2 Compressor rpm

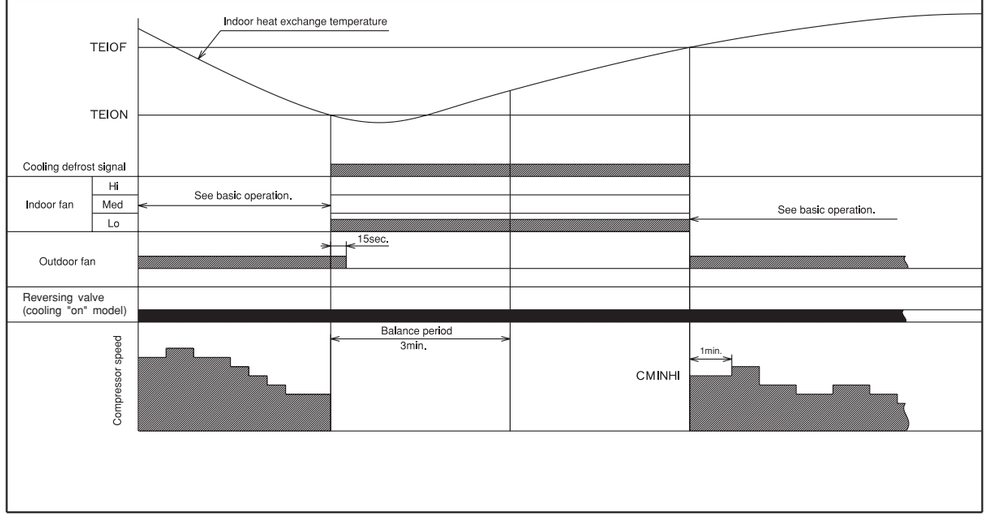
Calculated compressor rpm	Temperature difference (with shift value)
2200 min^{-1}	1.66°C
2600 min^{-1}	2.00°C
3000 min^{-1}	2.33°C

Cooling Sleep Operation

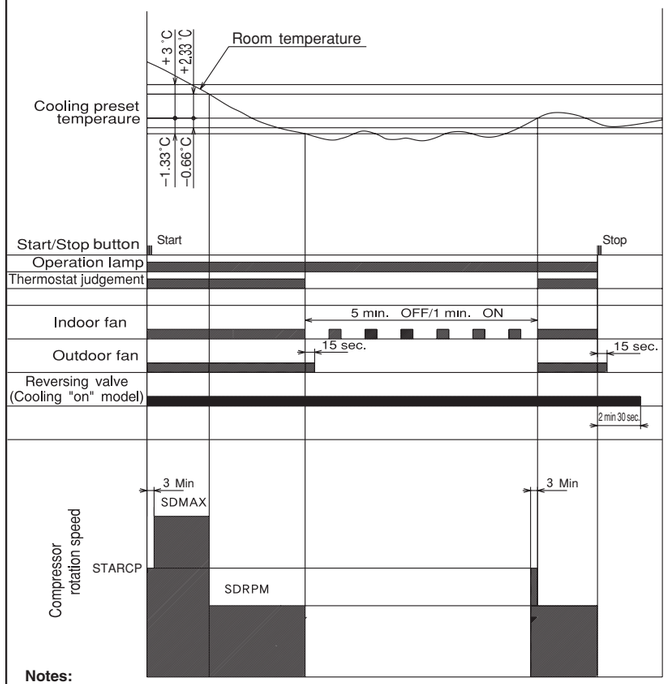


Notes:
(1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep button is pressed.
(2) When the sleep button is set, the maximum compressor speed is limited to CBEMAX, and the indoor fan is set to "sleep Lo".
(3) The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed.
(4) If sleep operation is canceled by the cancel button or sleep button, all data is cleared.

Cooling Defrost

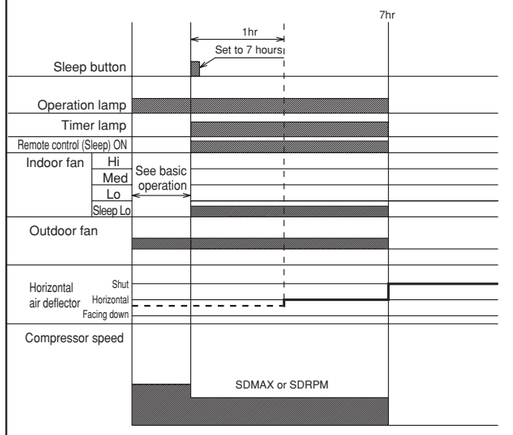


Dehumidifying Operation



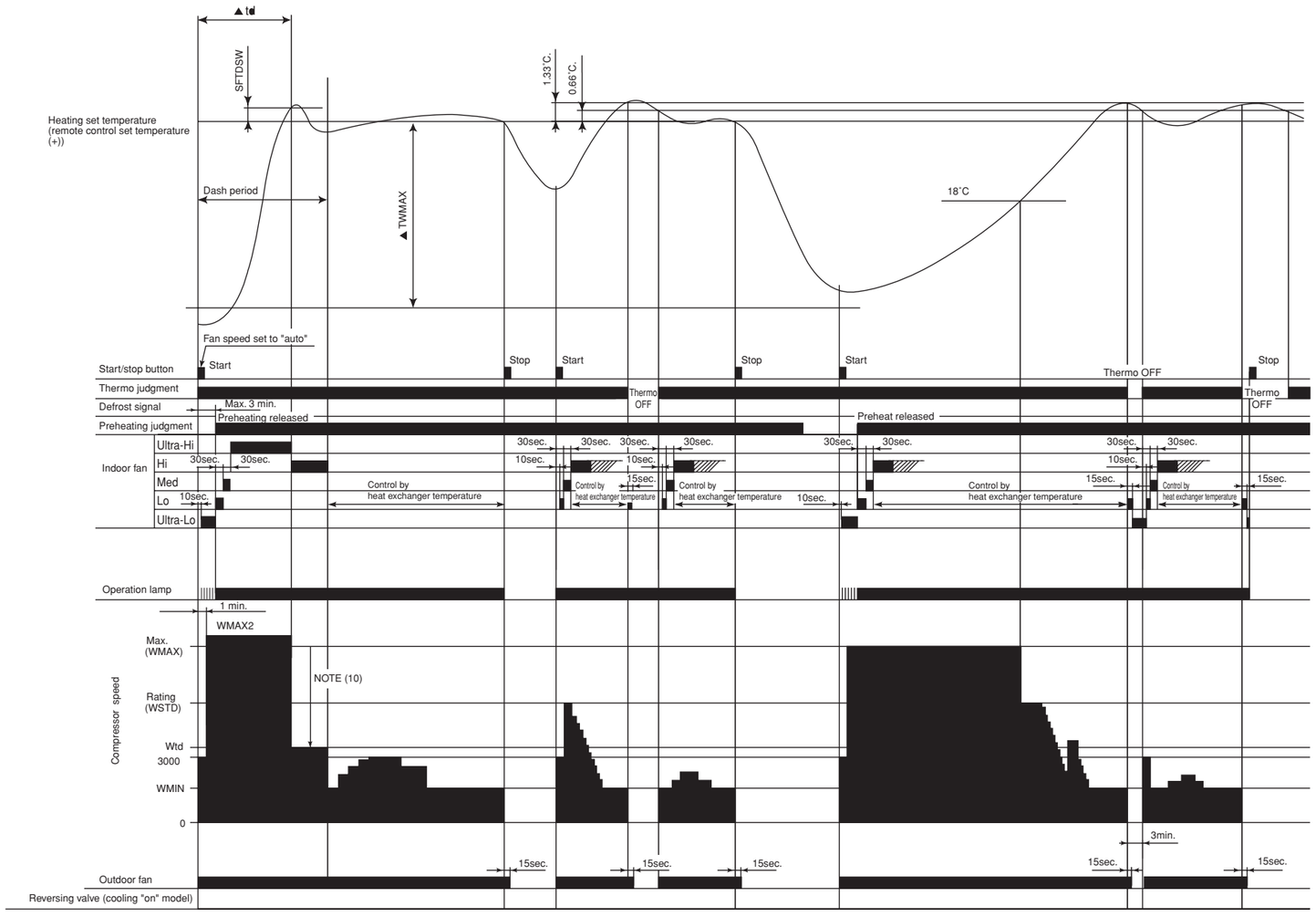
Notes:
(1) The operation is done assuming as the preset temperature
= (room temperature at the time) – (2°C).
(2) The indoor fan is operated in the “Lo” mode. During thermo OFF indoor fan will be OFF for 5 minutes and ON for 1 minute.
(3) When the operation is started by the themostat turning ON, the start of the indoor fan is delayed 32 seconds after the start of compressor operation.
(4) The compressor is operated forcedly for 3 minutes after operation is started.
(5) The minimum ON time and OFF time of the compressor are 3 minutes.

Dehumidifying Sleep Operation



Notes:
(1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep button is pressed.
(2) When the sleep button is set, the indoor fan is set to “sleep Lo”.
(3) The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed.
(4) If sleep operation is canceled by the cancel button or sleep button, all data is cleared.

Basic Heating Operation



Notes:

(1) Condition for entering into Hot Dashed mode. When fan set to “Hi” or “Auto mode” and i) Indoor temperature is lower than 18°C, and ii) outdoor temperature is lower than 10°C, and iii) Temperature difference between indoor temperature and set temperature has a corresponding compressor rpm (calculated value in Table 3) larger than WMAX.

(2) Hot Dashed will release when i) Room temperature has achieved the set temperature + SFTDSW. ii) Thermo off.

(3) During Hot Dashed operation, thermo off temperature is set temperature (with shift value) +3°C. After thermo off, operation continue in Fuzzy control mode.

(4) Compressor minimum “ON” time and “OFF” time is 3 minutes.

(5) During normal heating mode, compressor maximum rpm WMAX will maintain for 120 minutes if indoor temperature is higher than 18°C. No time limit constrain if outdoor temperature is lower than 4°C.

(6) During Hotkeep or Defrost mode, indoor operation lamp will blink at interval of 0.5 seconds “ON” and 0.5 second “OFF”.

(7) When heating mode starts, it will enter into Hotkeep mode if indoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than YNEOF + 0.33°C.

(8) When fan is set to “Lo”, compressor rpm will be limited to WBEMAX. When fan is set to "Med", compressor rpm will be limited to WJKMAX.

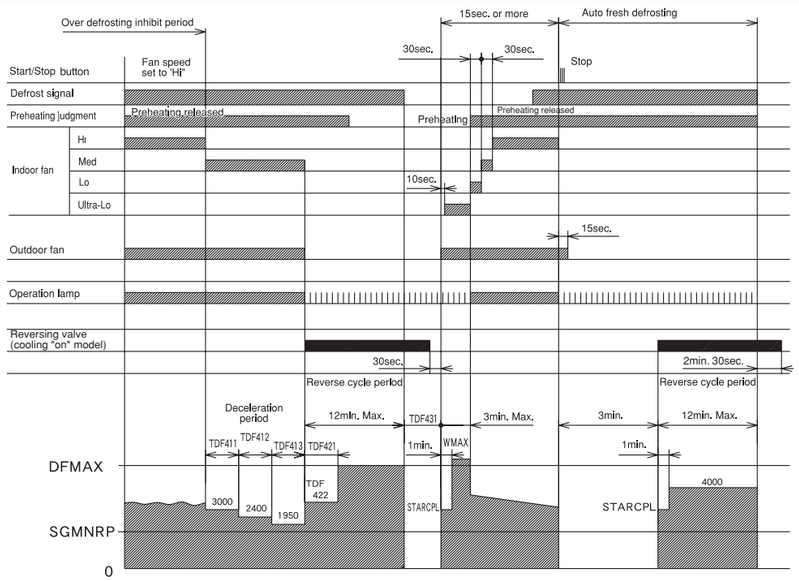
(9) In “Ultra-Lo” fan mode, if indoor temperature is lower than 18°C, indoor fan will stop. If indoor temperature is higher than 18°C + 0.33°C, fan will continue in “Ultra-Lo” mode. During Hotkeep or Defrost mode, fan will continue in “Ultra-Lo” mode.

(10) During Hot Dashed, when room temperature reaches set temperature + SFTDSW compressor rpm is actual rpm x DWNRATEW.

Table 3 Compressor rpm

Calculated compressor rpm	Temperature difference (with shift value)
2200 min^{-1}	1.66°C
2600 min^{-1}	2.00°C
3000 min^{-1}	2.33°C
3400 min^{-1}	2.66°C
3800 min^{-1}	3.00°C
4200 min^{-1}	3.33°C

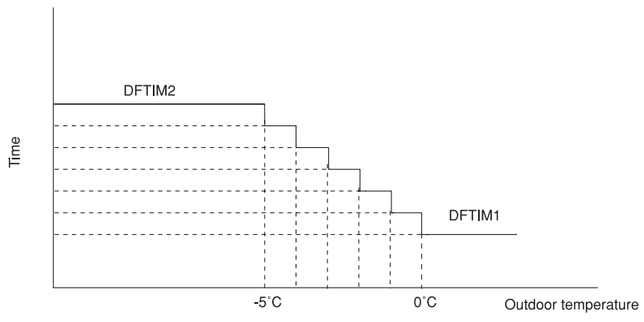
Reversing Valve Defrosting



Notes:

(1) The defrosting inhibit period is set as shown in the diagram below. When defrosting has finished once, the inhibit period is newly set, based on the outdoor temperature when the compressor was started. During this period, the defrost signal is not accepted.
(2) If the difference between the room and outdoor temperature is large when defrosting is finished, the maximum compressor speed (WMAX) or (WMAX2) can be continued for 120 minutes maximum.
(3) The defrosting period is 12 minutes maximum.
(4) When operation is stopped during defrosting, it is switched to auto refresh defrosting.
(5) Auto refresh defrosting cannot be engaged within 15 minutes after operation is started or defrosting is finished.

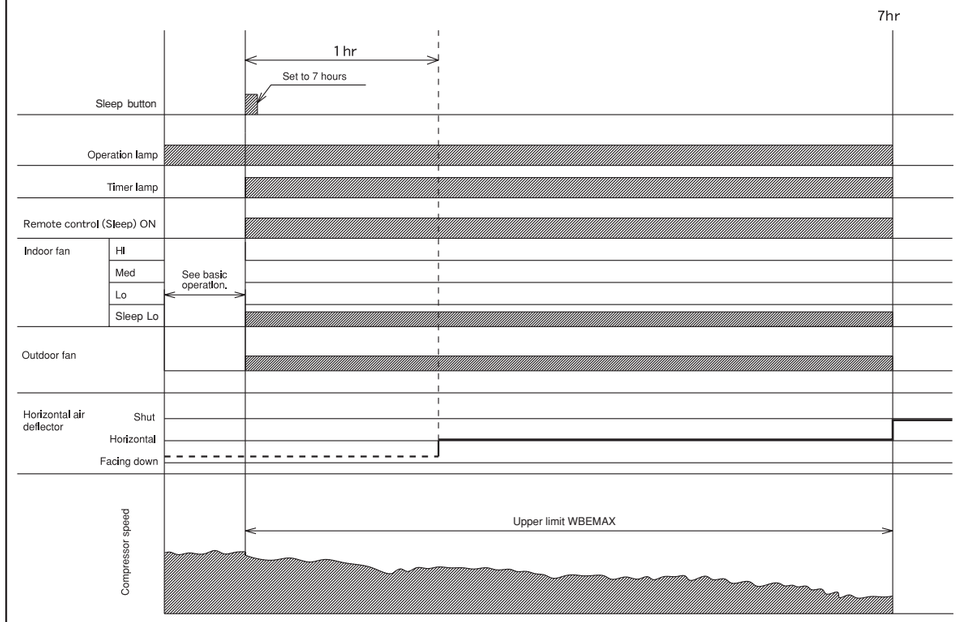
Setting Defrosting Inhibit Period



Notes:

(1) The time is set according to the outdoor temperature when it is between 0˚C and -5˚C.
(2) DFTIM1 is used when the outdoor temperature ≧ 0˚C.
(3) DFTIM2 is used when the outdoor temperature ≦ -5˚C.

Heating Sleep Operation

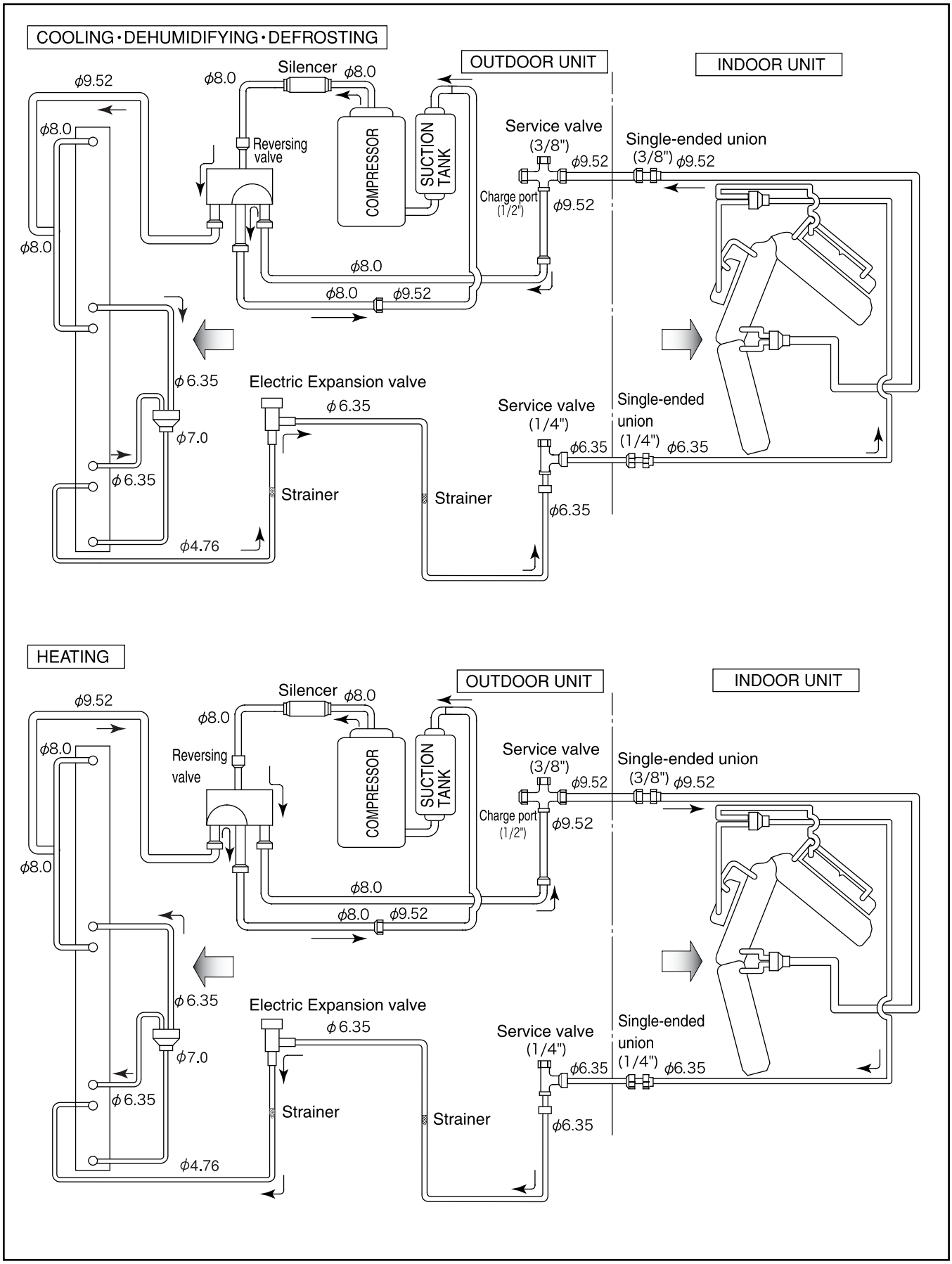


Notes:

(1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep button is pressed.
(2) When the sleep button is set, the maximum compressor speed is limited to WBEMAX, and the indoor fan is set to "sleep Lo".
(3) The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed. (Sleep Lo)
(4) When defrosting is to be set during sleep oepration, defrosting is engaged and sleep operation is restored after defrosting.
(5) If sleep operation is cancelled by the cancel button or sleep button, all data is cleared.

REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

MODEL RAS-18YH6 / RAC-18YH6
RAS-25YH6 / RAC-25YH6



DESCRIPTION OF MAIN CIRCUIT OPERATION

MODEL RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6

1. Reset Circuit

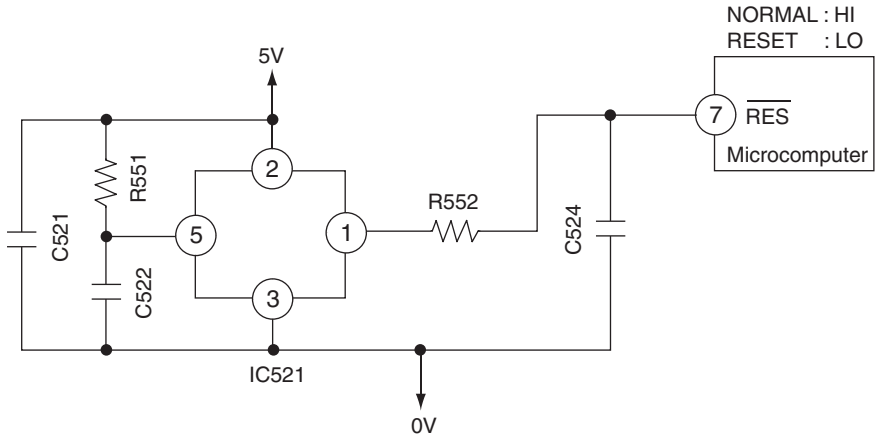


Fig. 1-1

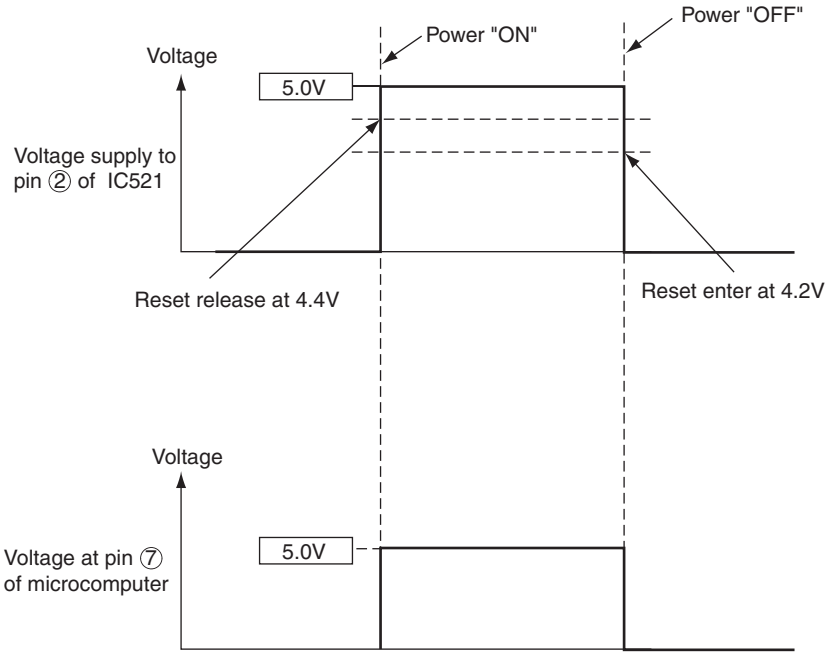


Fig. 1-2

The reset circuit initializes the microcomputer program when power is ON or OFF.
Low voltage at pin ⑦ resets the microcomputer and Hi activates the microcomputer.
When power "ON" 5V voltage rises and reaches 4.4V, pin ① of IC521 is set to "Hi". At this time the microcomputer starts operation.
When power "OFF" voltage drops and reaches 4.2V, pin ① of IC521 is set to "Low". This will RESET the microcomputer.

2. Receiver Circuit

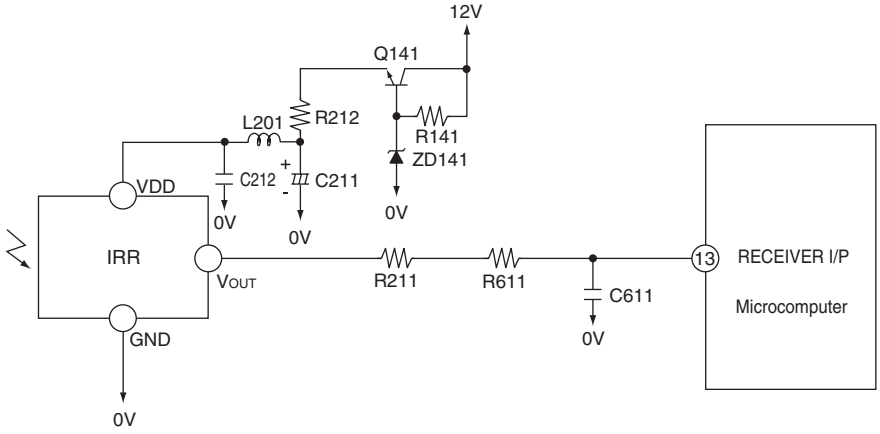


Fig.2-1

IRR (light receiver unit) receives the infrared signal from the wireless remote controller. The receiver amplifies and shapes the signal and outputs it.

3. Buzzer Circuit

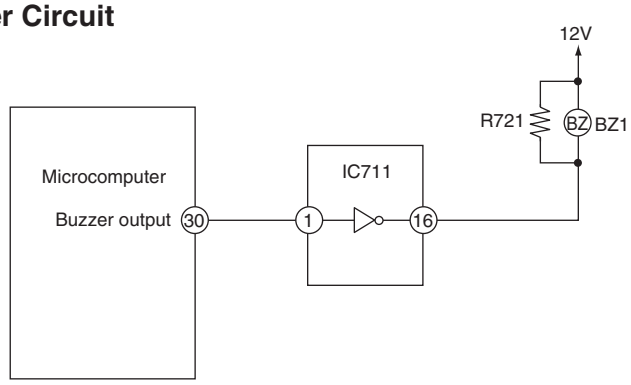


Fig.3-1 Buzzer circuit

When the buzzer sounds, an approx 3.9kHz square signal is output from buzzer output pin (30) of the microcomputer. After the amplitude of this signal has been set to 12Vp-p by IC711, it is applied to the buzzer. The piezoelectric element in the buzzer oscillates to generate the buzzer's sound.

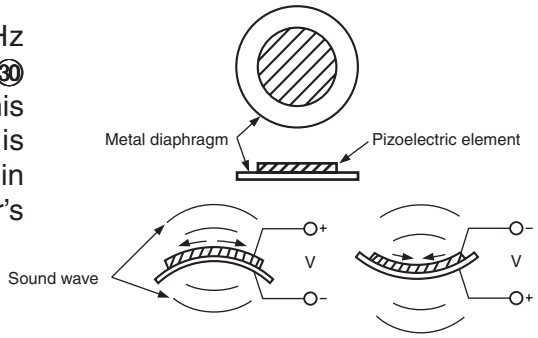


Fig. 3-2 Buzzer Operation

4. Auto Sweep Motor Circuit

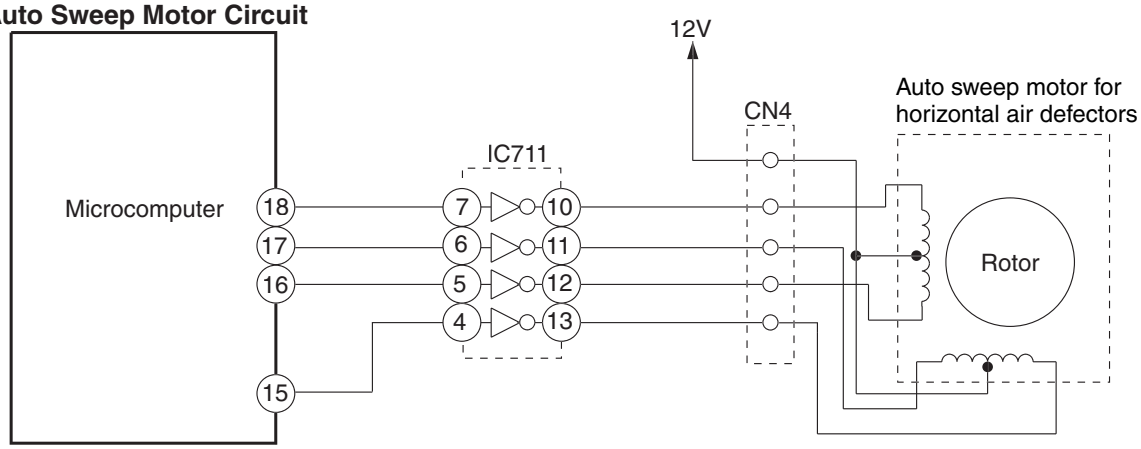


Fig.4-1

Fig. 4-1 shows the Auto sweep motor drive circuit; the signals shown in Fig.4-2 are output from pin ⑮~⑱ of microcomputer.

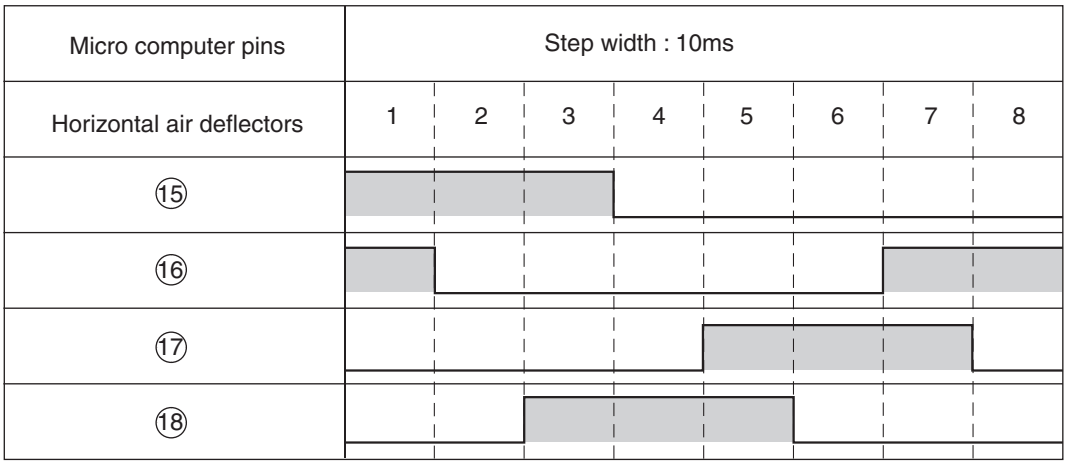


Fig.4-2 Microcomputer Output Signals

As the microcomputer's outputs change as shown in Fig.4-2, the coils of the auto sweep motor is excite to turn the rotor. Table 4-1 shows the rotation angle of horizontal air deflectors.

Table 4-1 Auto sweep Motor Rotation

	Rotation angle per step (°)	Time per step (ms.)
Horizontal air deflectors	0.0882	10

5. Initial Setting Circuit (IC401)

- When power is supplied, the microcomputer reads the data in IC401 or IC402 (E^2PROM) and sets the preheating activation value and the rating and maximum speed of the compressor, etc. to their initial values.
- Data of self-diagnosis mode is stored in IC401 or IC402; data will not be erased even when power is turned off.

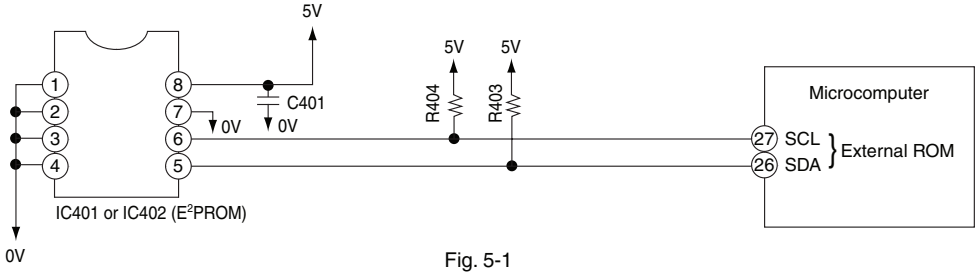


Fig. 5-1

6. Power Supply

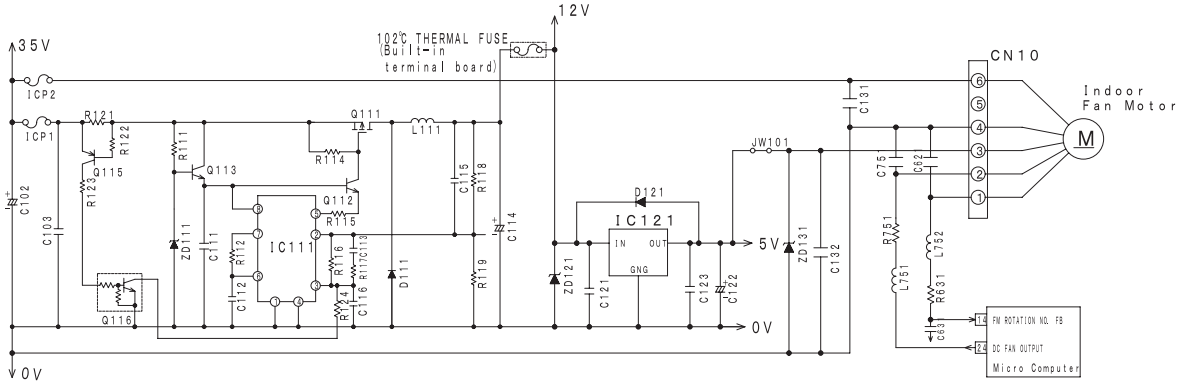


Fig. 6-1

First, 35V power which operates the indoor unit is generated by the power source section of the outdoor unit and supplied to the indoor unit through the C and D lines of the connecting cable.
Second, use the DC/DC converter and the 35 V power supply from the outdoor unit to generate 12 V control power, which drives the stepping motor during the operation.
In addition, use the regulator IC 121 to generate 5 V power required for driving the micro computer and controlling fan motor.
If the terminal block was overheated due to a connecting cable improper connection, the thermal fuse built in the terminal block will burnt to shut off the 12 V line and stop the operation of the indoor unit. Then, the outdoor unit cannot be communicated with the indoor unit and a communication error occurs (the outdoor LD301 will blink 9 times), stop all operations.

7. Fan Motor Drive Circuit

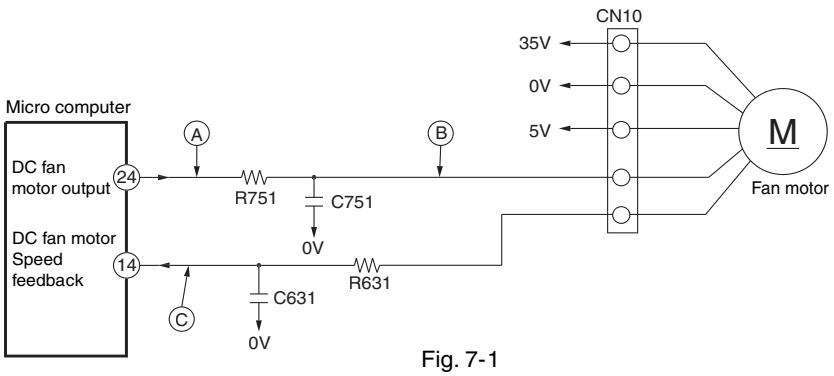


Fig. 7-1

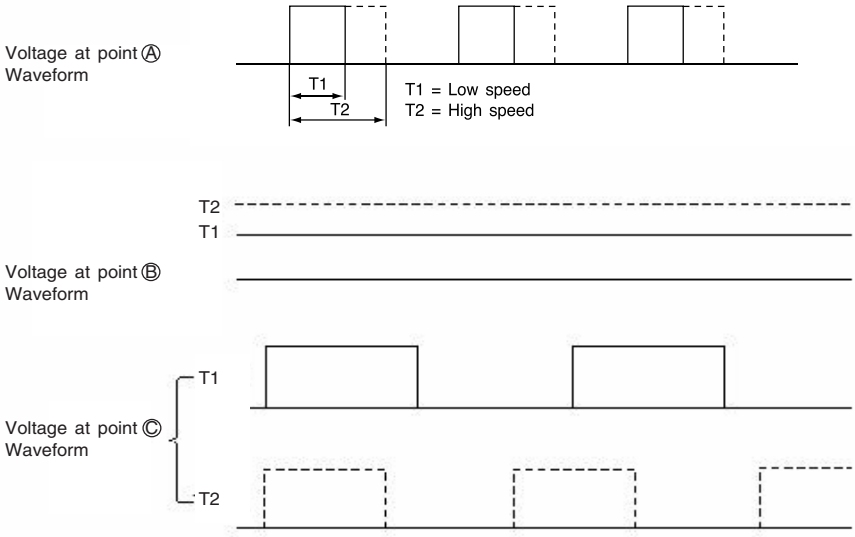


Fig. 7-2

- For the point A , 15.7 kHz PWM pulse will be output from the pin ㉔ on the micro computer as shown in Fig. 7-2. The pulse range will vary with different command speed.
- The pulse is converted into the analog voltage by the R751 and C751 and applied to the fan motor as the speed command voltage.
  Fig. 7-3 shows the relation between the voltage at the point Ⓑ and the speed. (Some differences will occur due to the condition of the unit.)
- The fan motor outputs the feedback pulse of the speed, which is input into the pin ⑭ on the micro computer. This pulse is equivalent to a frequency of 12/60 speed. (Example: 1000 min-1 x 12/60 = 200 Hz)
  The micro computer monitors the frequency and adjusts the output pulse range of the pin ㉔ so as to keep the command speed.

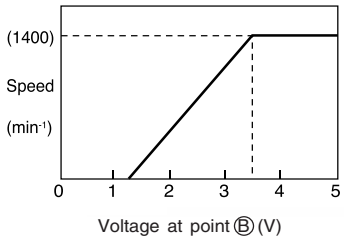


Fig. 7-3

- If the feedback pulse is 100 min-1 or less due to a locked fan motor or failure, the fan output will be stopped temporarily as fan lock error. After 10 seconds, restart the output of the pulse. If fan lock error is detected twice within 30 minutes, all units are stopped and the unit will come in the failure mode. (The timer lamp will blink 10 times.)

MODEL RAC-18YH6 RAC-25YH6

1. Power circuit

This circuit is to convert the power from AC which is provided from the terminal A and B to DC voltage. And produces an AC current which does not exceed the harmonic amplitude limit of the IEC61000-3-2. When the compressor is stopped, the AC voltage becomes about 300 V and while the compressor operates, it is about 280 V.

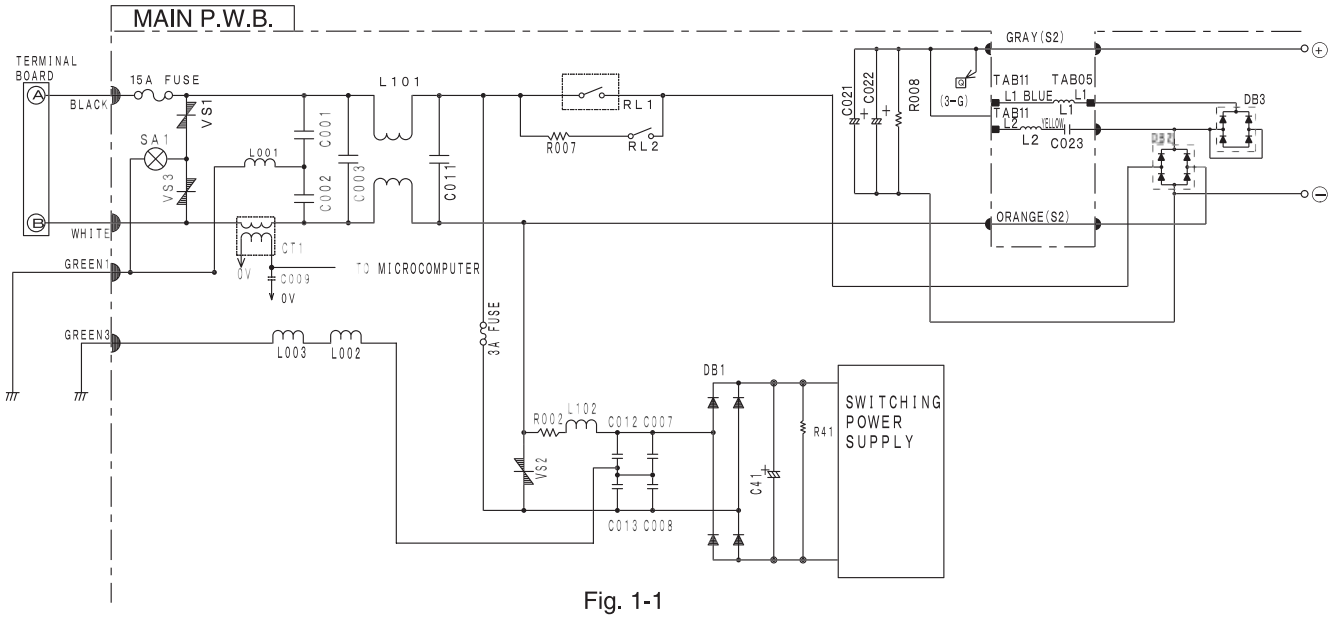


Fig. 1-1

Main parts

(1) DB2

The DB2 rectifies the AC voltage.

The possible causes for the DB2 failure are as follows. The 15 A fuse may be blown out or the IPM for the main P.W.B. may have a failure. In such a case, check the 15 A fuse for blowout and replace the main P.W.B. if necessary.

(2) DB3, L1, C023 and L2

The DB3, L1, C023 and L2 shape waveform of the input current.

When the current runs through the L1 is taken for I1 and the current runs through the L2 is taken for I2 as shown in Fig. 1-2, I1 becomes an input current to the capacitor which peak value was crushed by the L1 and I2 becomes a resonance current which causes the LC resonance using the L2 and C023. By combining the I1 and I2, the input current from the main power shapes a waveform shown in the right side of Fig. 1-3, indicating that the waveform is similar to sine wave. The more the waveform is similar to the sine wave, the lower the harmonic current becomes.

If the C023 has any failure, the protection unit activates and the C023 in open mode. In such a case, replace the failed parts.

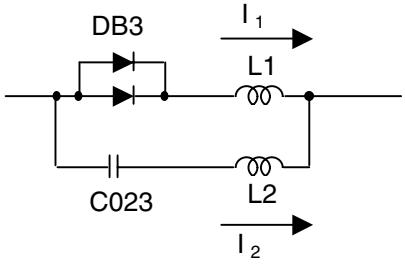


Fig. 1-2

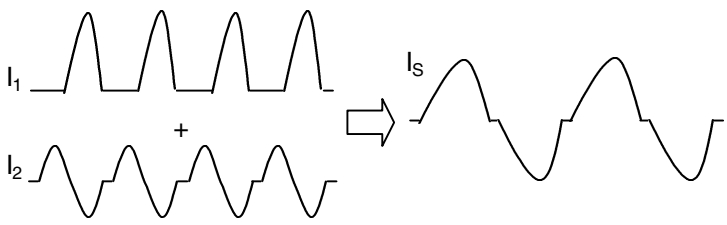


Fig. 1-3

(3) C021 and C022
This smoothes the voltage rectified for operating the compressor.
When the input voltage is taken for the sine wave as shown in the top of Fig. 1-4, it is rectified by the DB2 and becomes the waveform as shown in the middle of Fig. 1-4. After that, the voltage is smoothed by the C021 and C022, and becomes the waveform shown in the bottom of Fig. 1-4.

(4) DB1 and C41
The DB1 rectifies the input voltage and the C41 smoothes it for the control power supply.
If the units above have any failure, the control power supply won't operate. In such a case, replace the main P.W.B.

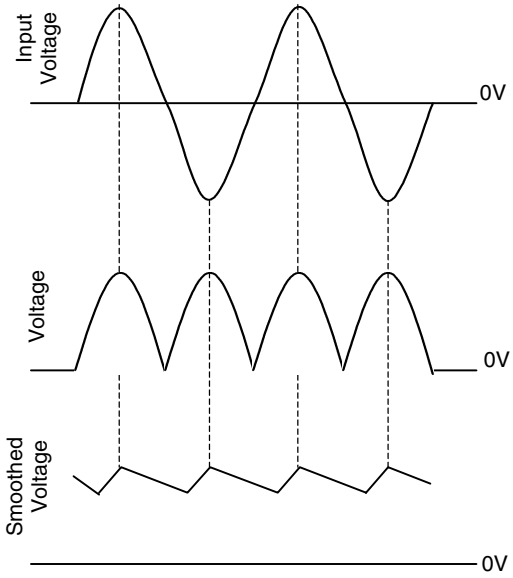


Fig. 1-4

(5) C001 to C003, C011, L101, and L102
They absorb electrical noise generated during operation of compressor, and also absorb external noise entering from power line to protect electronic parts.
Be sure to connect the earth cable between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit. Otherwise, the noise filter circuit won't operate properly.

(6) SA1 and VS1 to VS3
These surge absorber and varistors absorb external power surge such as induced thunder.
Be sure to connect the earth cable between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit. Otherwise, the surge absorber and the varistors won't operate.

(7) R002 and R007
The resistor R002 protects the rush current when the power is turned on while the resistor R007 protects the rush current when the compressor starts.
When the R002 has any failure, the control power supply won't operate. When the R007 has any failure and a strong rush current is generated, the DB2, C021 or C022 may be damaged.

2. Indoor/Outdoor Interface Circuit

The interface circuit superimposes an interface signal on the DC 35V line to perform communications between indoor and outdoor units. This circuit consists of a transmitting circuit which superimposes an interface signal transmit from the microcomputer on the DC 35V line and a circuit which detects the interface signal on the DC 35V line.
Communications are performed alternatively transmitting and receiving.

2-1 Communication signal from outdoor microcomputer to indoor microcomputer.

At first outdoor microcomputer will send a request signal (SDO) to indoor microcomputer.
38 KHz of carrier signal is generated and modulated by the request signal (SDO) from the outdoor microcomputer pin ㊽.
This signal is superimposed to DC 35V line via C801 and L801.
To prevent erroneous reception, the outdoor microcomputer is designed so that it cannot receive a signal while it is outputting a request signal.
The receiving circuit in the indoor unit consists of a comparator and transistor. The interface signal from the outdoor unit on the DC 35V line is supplied to C821, where DC components are eliminated, and is then shaped by the comparator. The shaped signal is detected by diode, amplified by amp, and output to pin ㊾ of the indoor microcomputer.
Fig. 2-2 shows the waveforms at each component when data is transferred from the outdoor microcomputer to the indoor microcomputer.

2-2 Communication signal from indoor microcomputer to outdoor microcomputer.

The request signal (SDO) generates by indoor microcomputer is output to pin ㊿ , and amplifies by Q801.
I/F signal approx. 38 kHz is generated by comparator, then modulated by the signal from pin ㊿ of indoor microprocessor.
This modulated I/F signal is then amplified and superimposed to DC 35V line via L801 and C802 of indoor interface circuit.
Fig. 2-3 shows the waveforms at each component when data is transferred from outdoor microcomputer to indoor microcomputer.
The circuit operation of the outdoor receiving circuit is same as indoor receiving circuit.

Fig. 2-1 shows the interface circuit used for the indoor and outdoor microcomputers to communicate with each other.

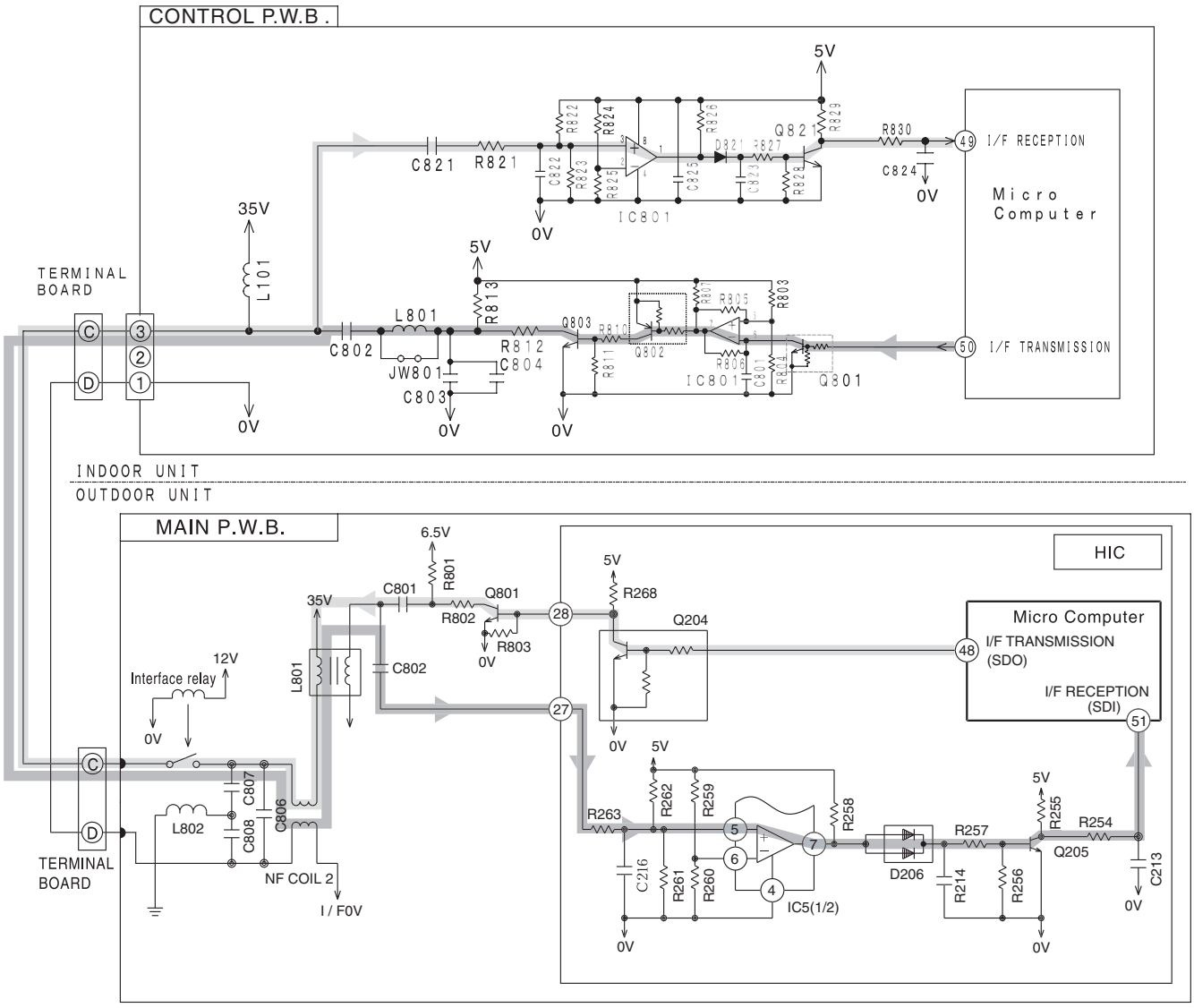


Fig. 2-1 Indoor / Outdoor interface circuit

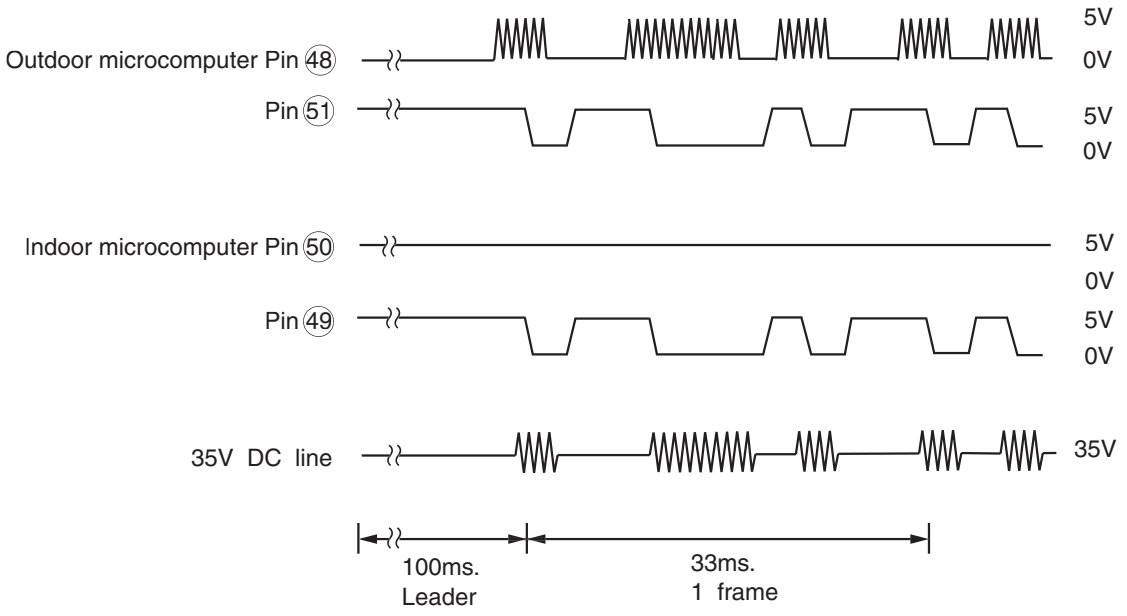


Fig. 2-2 Voltages Waveforms of Indoor / Outdoor Microcomputers (Outdoor to Indoor Communications)

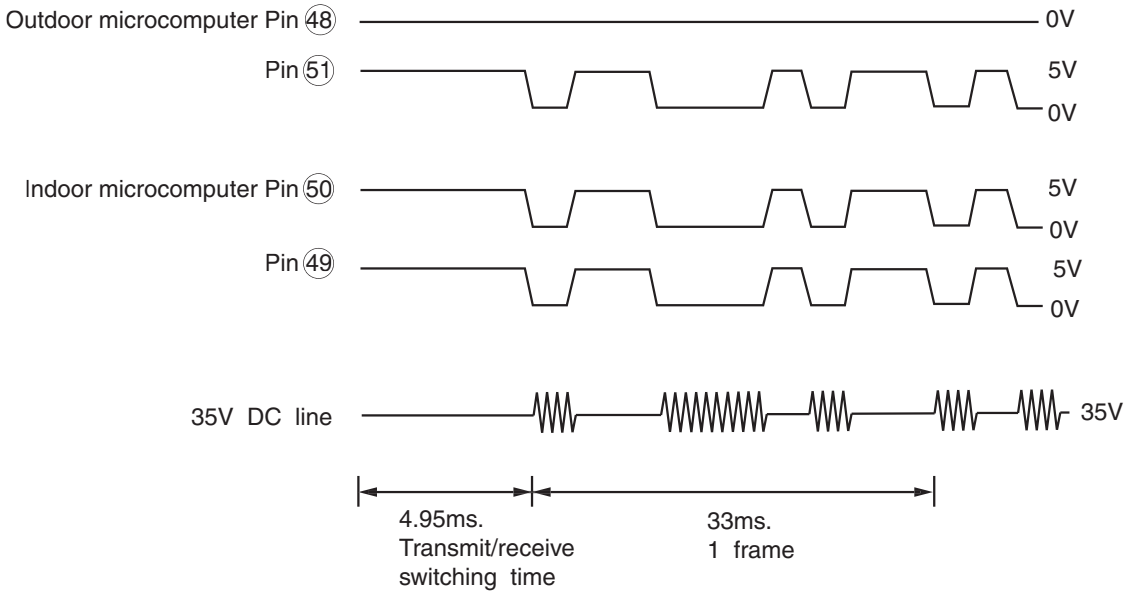


Fig. 2-3 Voltages Waveforms of Indoor / Outdoor Microcomputers (Indoor to Outdoor Communications)

[Serial Communications Format during Normal Communications]

(1)Outdoor microcomputer (HIC) to indoor microcomputer

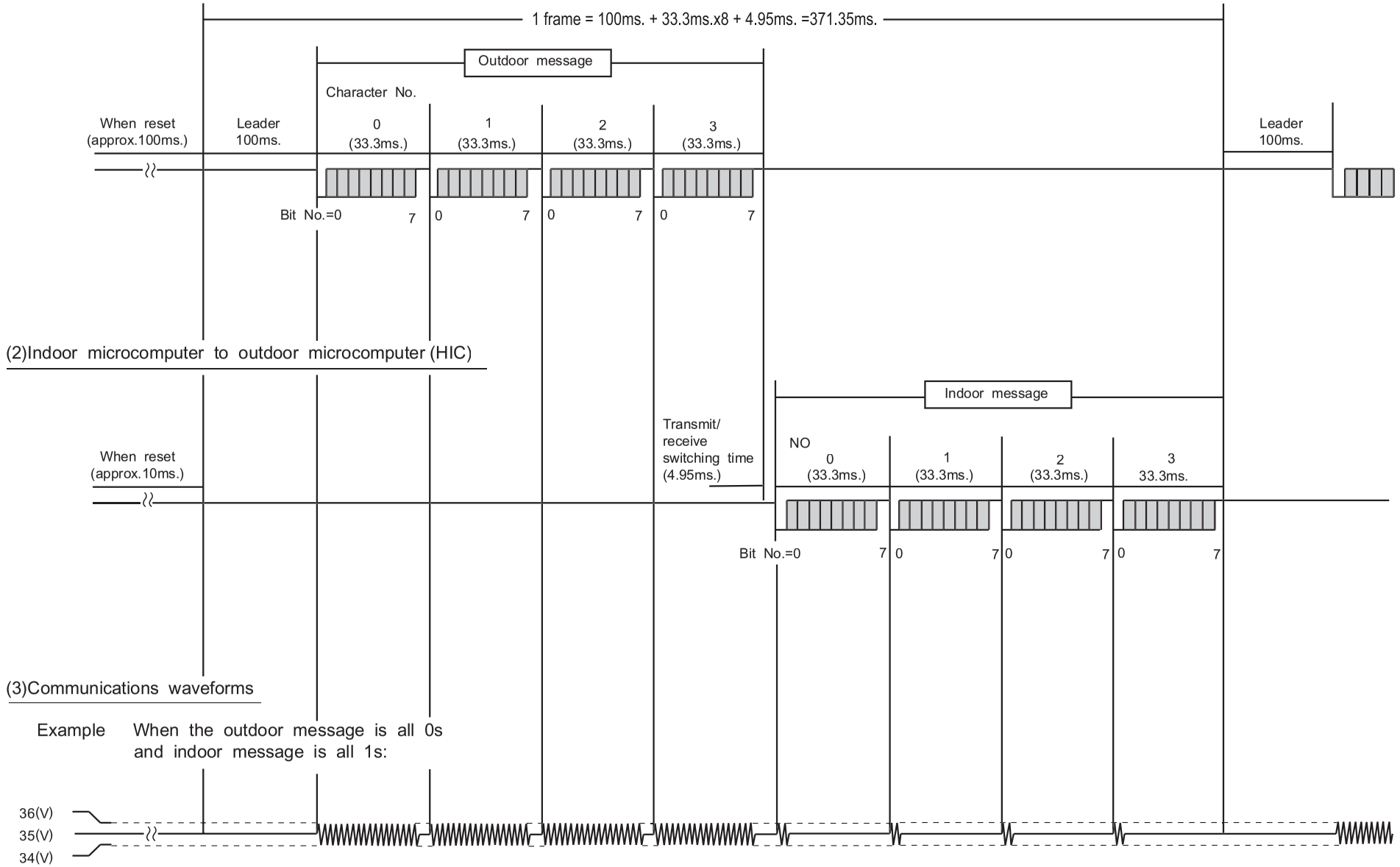


Fig. 2-4

[Serial Communications Data]

(1)Outdoor message

Character No.	Bit No.	Contents	Data
3	7	Fast feed 1/10000 for commercial test	1/0
	6	Fast feed 1/1000 for commercial test	1/0
	5	Rotary reversing valve being ON	1/0
	4		0
	3		0
	2	Outdoor new communication bit	1
	1	Fan-7-step request	1
	0		0
2	7	Actual compressor rotation speed(7 MSB)	1/0
	6	Actual compressor rotation speed(6)	1/0
	5	Actual compressor rotation speed(5)	1/0
	4	Actual compressor rotation speed(4)	1/0
	3	Actual compressor rotation speed(3)	1/0
	2	Actual compressor rotation speed(2)	1/0
	1	Actual compressor rotation speed(1)	1/0
	0	Actual compressor rotation speed(0 LSB)	1/0
1	7	Outside temperature(7 MSB)	1/0
	6	Outside temperature(6)	1/0
	5	Outside temperature(5)	1/0
	4	Outside temperature(4)	1/0
	3	Outside temperature(3)	1/0
	2	Outside temperature(2)	1/0
	1	Outside temperature(1)	1/0
	0	Outside temperature(0 LSB)	1/0
0	7	Self-diagnosis(3 MSB)	1/0
	6	Self-diagnosis(2)	1/0
	5	Self-diagnosis(1)	1/0
	4	Self-diagnosis(0 LSB)	1/0
	3	Defrost request signal	1/0
	2	During forced operation	1/0
	1		0
	0		0

(2)Indoor message

Character No.	Bit No.	Contents	Data
3	7	Compressor minimum rotation speed(4 MSB)	1/0
	6	Compressor minimum rotation speed(3)	1/0
	5	Compressor minimum rotation speed(2)	1/0
	4	Compressor minimum rotation speed(1)	1/0
	3	Compressor minimum rotation speed(0 LSB)	1/0
	2	Indoor new communication bit	1/0
	1	OVL up	1/0
	0	15/20(A)	1/0
2	7	Compressor command speed(7 MSB)	1/0
	6	Compressor command speed(6)	1/0
	5	Compressor command speed(5)	1/0
	4	Compressor command speed(4)	1/0
	3	Compressor command speed(3)	1/0
	2	Compressor command speed(2)	1/0
	1	Compressor command speed(1)	1/0
	0	Compressor command speed(0 LSB)	1/0
1	7	Compressor ON	1/0
	6	Main power ON request	0
	5	Quick heating	0
	4	Reversing valve	1/0
	3	2-way valve	0
	2	Fan(2 MSB)	1/0
	1	Fan(1)	1/0
	0	Fan(0 LSB)	1/0
0	7	Capacity code(3 MSB)	0
	6	Capacity code(2)	0
	5	Capacity code(1)	0
	4	Capacity code(0 LSB)	0
	3	Indoor in-operation bit	1/0
	2	Operation mode(2 MSB)	1/0
	1	Operation mode(1)	1/0
	0	Operation mode(0 LSB)	1/0

3. Intelligent power module circuit (IPM circuit)

Fig. 3-1 shows peripheral circuits of intelligent power module (IPM).
In the diagram, U^+,V^+ and W^+ are called the "upper arm", U^-, V^- and W^-, the "lower arm".

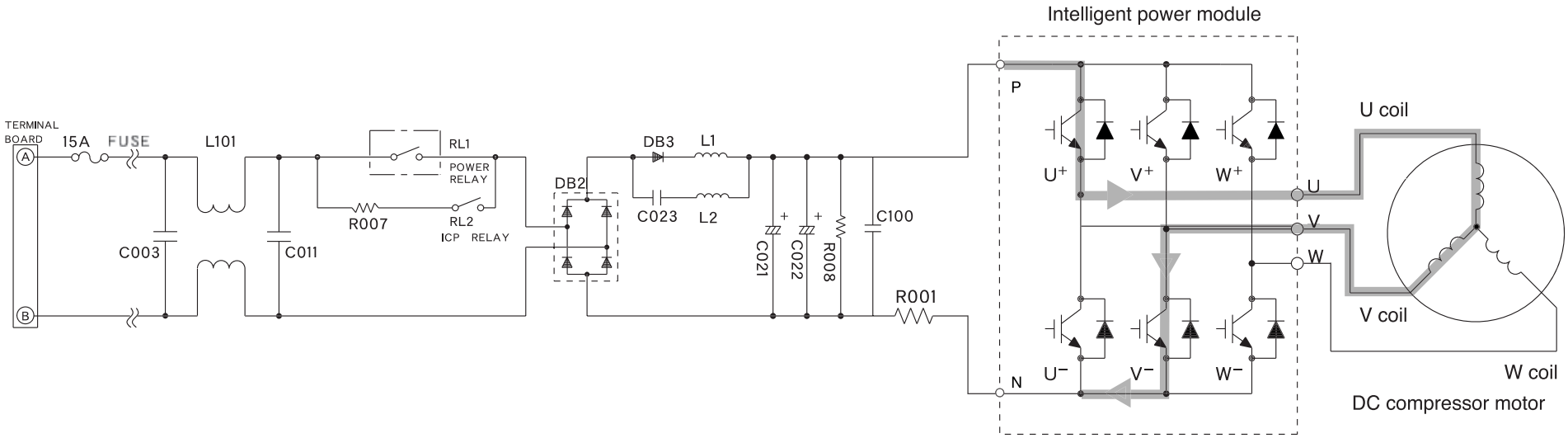


Fig. 3-1 System power module circuit (U^+ is ON, V^- is ON)

Intelligent power module switches power supply current according to position of the compressor motor rotor.
The switching order is as shown in Fig. 3-2.

At point Ⓔ: U^+ is ON, V^- is ON (circuit in Fig. 3-1)
At point Ⓕ: U^+ is chopped (OFF), V^- is ON (circuit in Fig. 3-4)

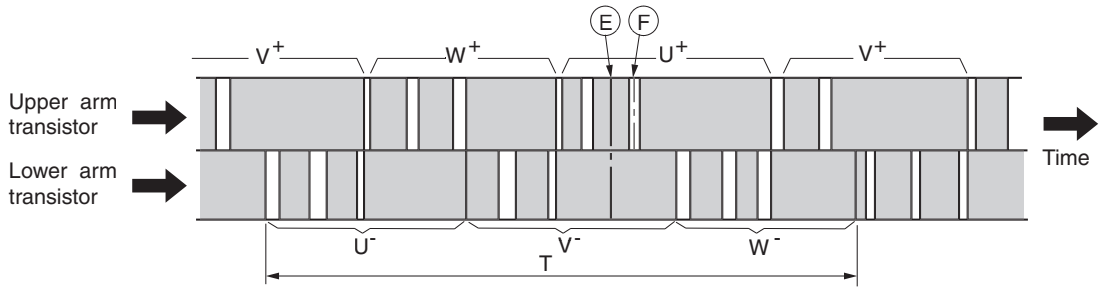


Fig. 3-2 Switching order of power module

Upper arm transistor is controlled to ON/OFF by 2.5kHz-5kHz chopper signal. Rotation speed of the compressor is proportional to duty ratio (ON time/ ON time + OFF time) of this chopper signal.
Time T in Fig. 3-2 shows the switching period, and relation with rotation speed (N) of the compressor is shown by formula below;

$$N = 60/2 \times 1/T$$

Fig. 3-3 shows voltage waveform at each point shown in Figs. 3-1 and 3-4. First half of upper arm is chopper, second half is ON, and first half of lower arm is chopper, second half is ON.

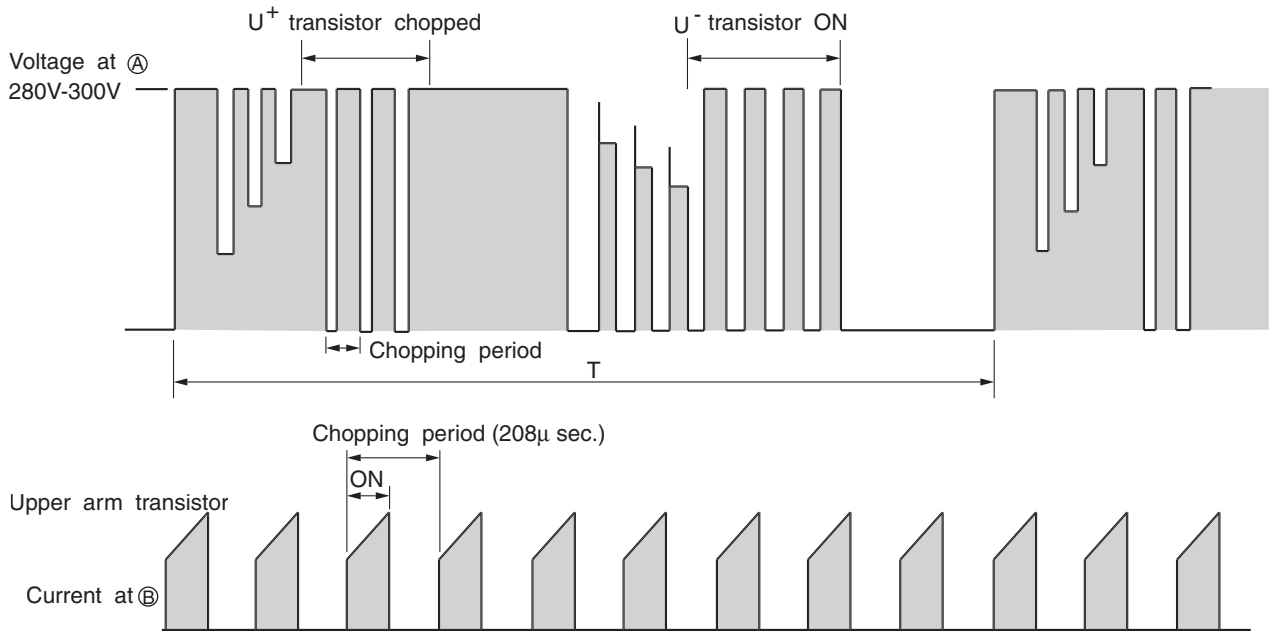


Fig. 3-3 Voltage waveform at each point

When power is supplied $U^+ \rightarrow V^-$, because of that U^+ is chopped, current flows as shown below;

(1) When U^+ transistor is ON: U^+ transistor → U coil → V coil → V^- transistor → DC current detection resistor → Point Ⓑ (Fig. 3-3)

(2) When U^+ transistor is OFF: (by inductance of motor coil) U coil → V coil → V^-transistor → U^- diode → Point Ⓐ (Fig. 3-4)

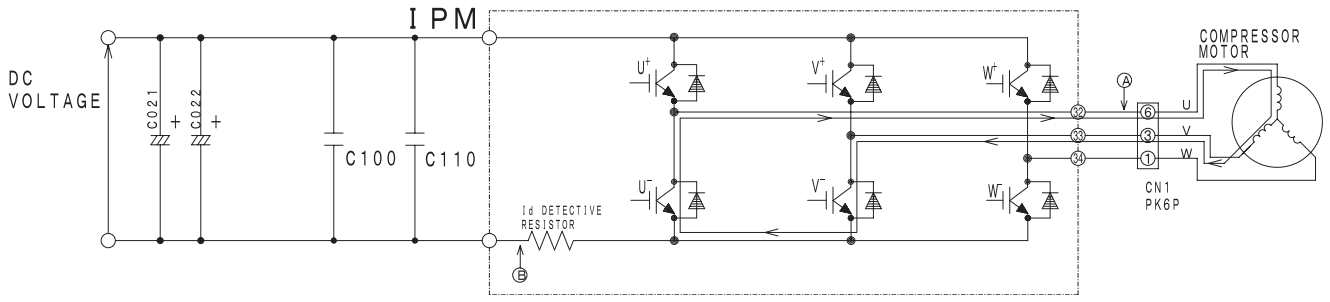


Fig. 3-4 Power module circuit (U^+ is OFF, V^- is ON)

Since current flows at point Ⓑ only when U^+ transistor and V^- transistor are ON, the current waveform at point Ⓑ becomes intermittent waveform as shown in Fig. 3-3. Since current at point Ⓑ is approximately proportional to the input current of the air conditioner, input current is controlled by using DC current (Id) detection resistor.

<Reference>
If power module is defected, self diagnosis lamps on the MAIN P.W.B. may indicate as shown below:

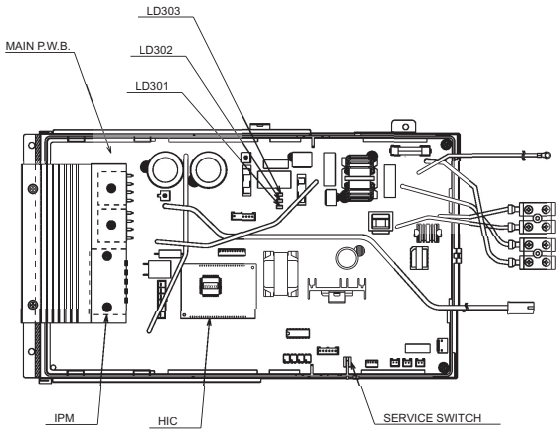


Fig. 3-5

Table 3-1

Self-diagnosis	Self-diagnosis lamp and mode	
Ip (peak current cut)	LD301	Blinks 2 times
Abnormal low speed rotation	LD301	Blinks 3 times
Switching incomplete	LD301	Blinks 4 times

4.Drive circuit

Fig. 4-1 shows the drive circuit.

- Inverter drive device (IGBT) and drive circuit are built into IPM (Intelligent Power Module).
- When the unit operates at low speed, chopper signal is output from the microcomputer as shown in Fig. 4-2. (0V-5V)
  The signal is converted to 0-15V inside the IPM to drive the IGBT of each phase.
- When the unit operates at high speed, drive signal is output from the microcomputer as shown in Fig. 4-3.
  (Microcomputer does not output a chopper signal to obtain high speed operation.)
- When the inverter drives and the peak current is detected,
  IPM outputs Fail signal (Pin ㉔: Active Lo), and lower arm IGTB is forcibly turned off inside IPM at the same time. At this time, all microcomputer signals of upper and lower arms are shut off by IC9 and D501.

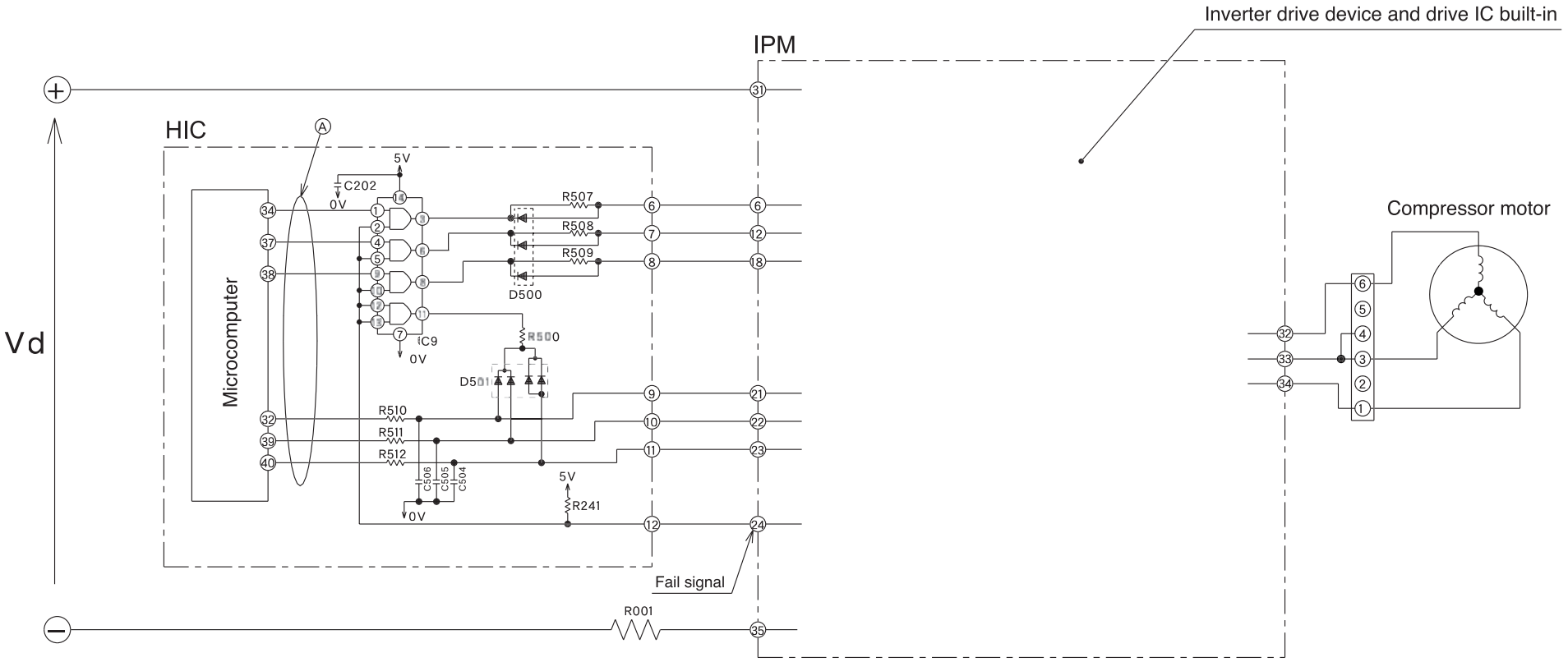


Fig. 4-1

〈In low speed operation〉

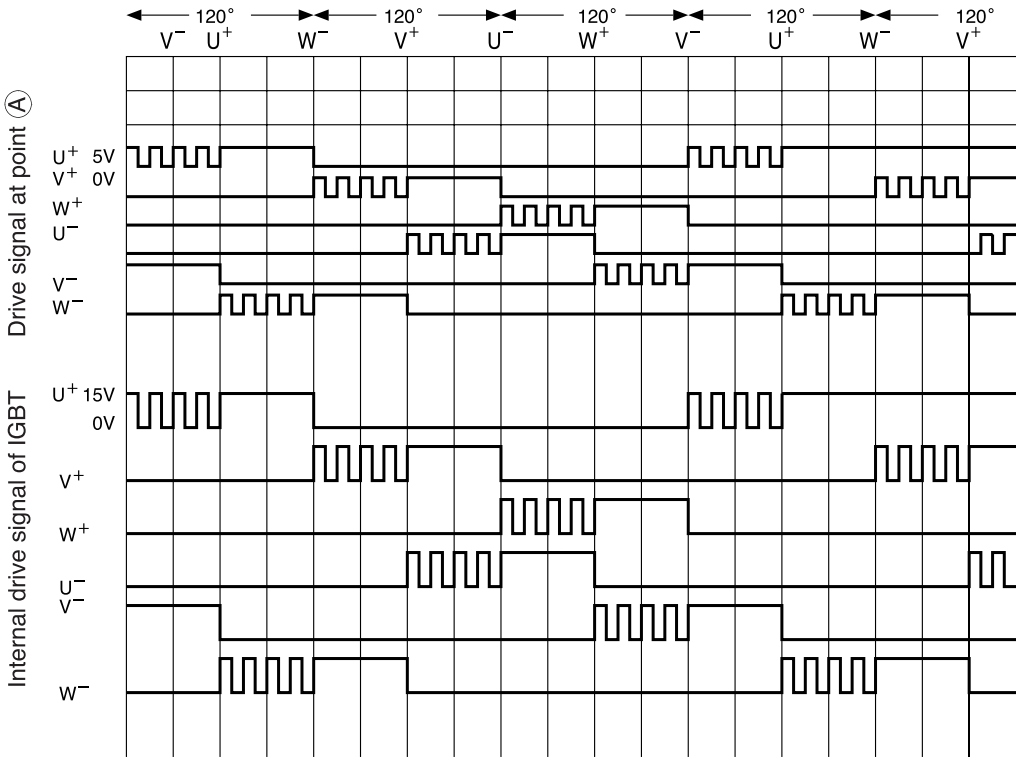


Fig. 4-2

〈In high speed operation〉

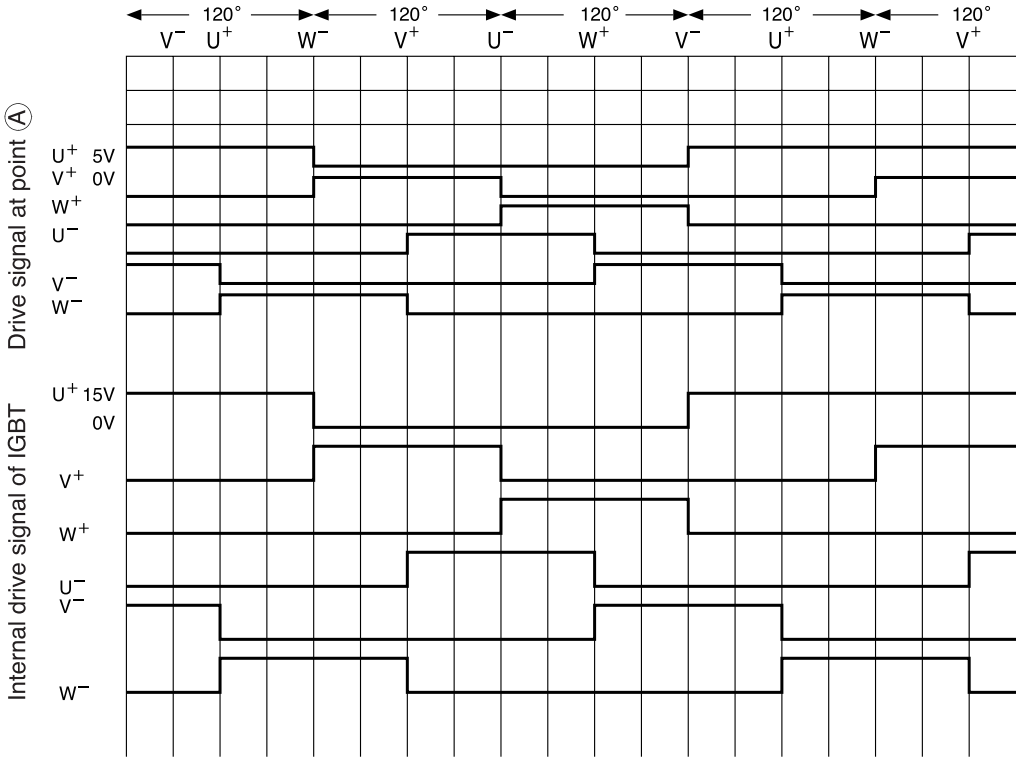


Fig. 4-3

5. Power Circuit for P.W.B.

- Fig. 5-1 shows the power circuit for P.W.B.

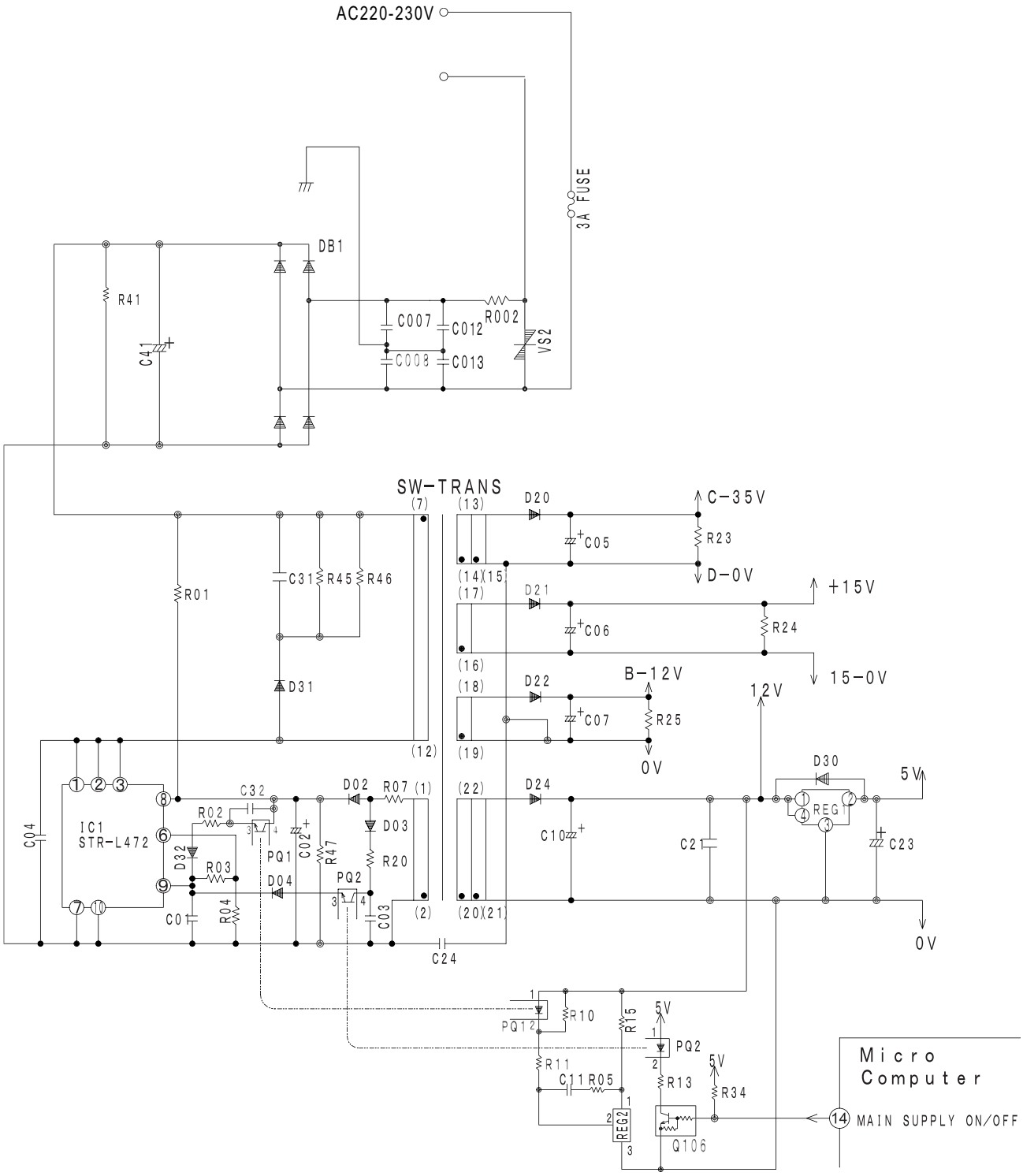


Fig. 5-1

- In the power circuit for P.W.B., power supply for microcomputer, peripheral circuits, and IPM driver circuit and, as well as DC 35V, are produced by switching power circuit.
- Switching power circuit performs voltage conversion effectively by switching transistor IC1 to convert DC 330V voltage to high frequency of about 20kHz to 200kHz.

• The voltage specification of the power circuit is as follows.

<Check points>

Output	Voltage spec.	Main load	Measuring points		Potential failure modes
			+	–	
12V	11-13V	MAIN P.W.B.	J25 (“12V” display)	J28 (“0V” display)	LD301 blinks 3 or 4 times, then stops.
5V	4.5-6V	MAIN P.W.B.	J20 (“5V” display)	J28 (“0V” display)	The unit won’t operate MAIN P.W.B. error
B-12V	11-16V	Expansion valve	R25 (“B-12V” display)	R25 (“B-0V” display)	LD301 blinks 5 times; Expansion valve error
15V	14-17V	DC fan motor (CN24) MAIN P.W.B.	J4 (“15V” display)	C06- side J5(“15-0V” display)	LD301 blinks 3 times, or 4 times, or 12 times.
35V	33.5-38V	Indoor unit electrical parts (Terminal C,D) Reversing valve (CN2)	R23 (“C-35V” display) Ter minal C (blown line)	R23(“D-0V” display) Terminal D (red line)	Indoor unit won’t operate. Indoor / Outdoor miss conection.

• Check each voltage. If each voltage meets the voltage specification above, the power circuit is normal.
• If any error is found after checking, remove all loads and recheck each voltage.
If no error is found in this step, the power circuit is normal. Check the removed loads.
If any error is found in this step, the power circuit has any failure. Replace the MAIN P.W.B.

※ A short-circuited load may cause an output error not only in the load but also in the others. Be sure to check all outputs of the loads.

※ Be sure to wait 15 minutes or more ın order to discharge all the remaining voltage ın the circuit to connect/disconnect the wiring, other wise, the components may be damaged.

• The failures of the loads are as follows.

Failed output	Possible causes	Criterion
35V	Reversed connection of the cable. Electrical part for the indoor unit has a failure. Short-circuited reversing valve	Connect the cable correctly. Remove the connection cable and measure the voltage. If the voltage is correct, check the electrical parts for the indoor unit. Remove the CN2 and measure the voltage. If the voltage is correct, check the reversing valve.
15V	DC fan motor error	Remove the CN24 and measure the voltage. If the voltage is correct, check the DC fan motor. Also, check the main P.W.B. 1A fuse for blow out in this step.
12V, 5V	Main P.W.B. error	Check the main P.W.B.

6. Peripheral circuits of microcomputer

- Fig. 6-1 shows the microcomputer and its peripheral circuits, Table 6-1 shows the basic operation of each circuit block, and Fig. 6-2 shows the system configuration.

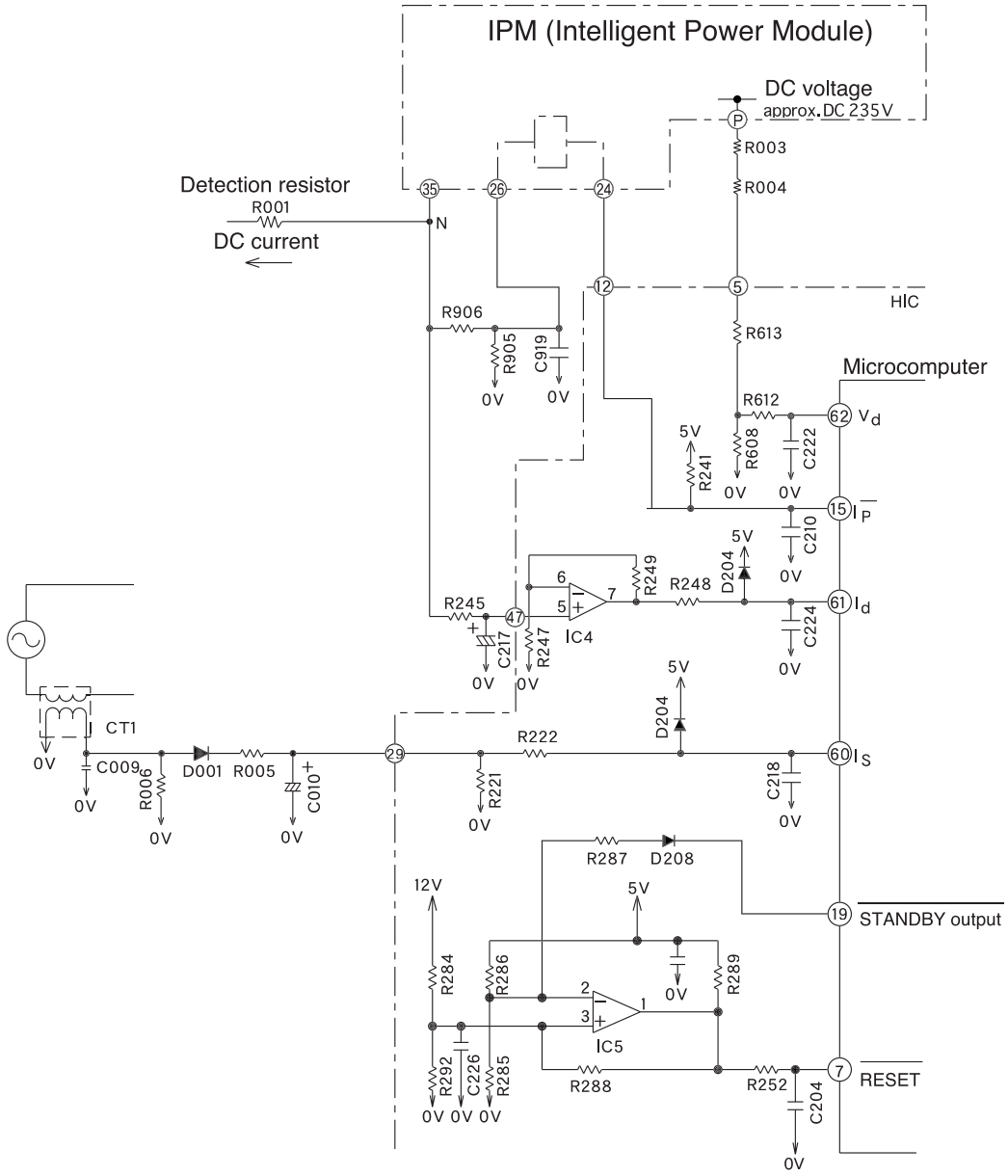


Fig. 6-1 Peripheral circuits of microcomputer

Table 6-1

Circuit block	Basic operation
Peak current cutoff circuit	Detects DC current flowing into power module and, when over-current (instantaneous value) flows, stops lower arm drive circuit and creates Ip signal to stop microcomputer at the same time.
Overload control circuit	Protects compressor by judging overload status based on input current, DC current and DC voltage.
Reset circuit	Creates reset voltage.

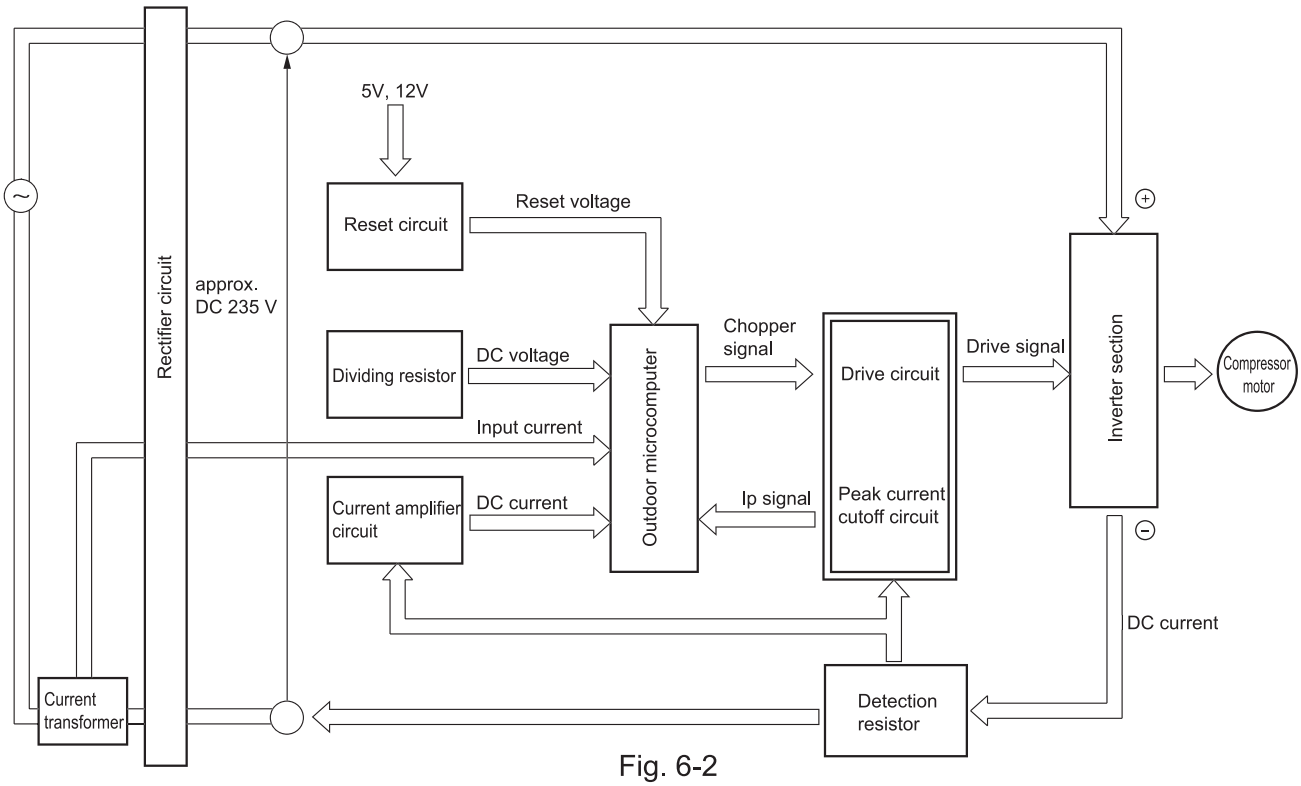


Fig. 6-2

- Detailed description for the operation of each circuit is given here.

6-1. Peak current cutoff circuit

Fig. 6-3 shows the peak current cutoff circuit and waveforms at each section.

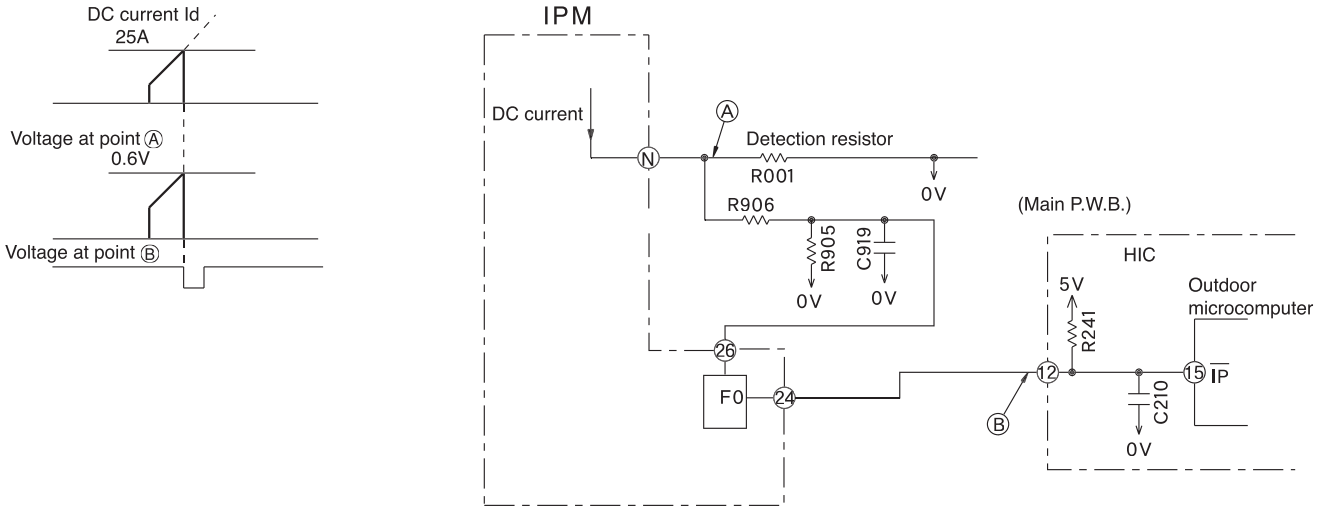


Fig. 6-3

- Ip cut circuit detects instantaneous large current and operates to protect various parts, such as IPM, by stopping inverter.
- When current exceeding 25A flows as shown in the diagram, voltage at point Ⓐ, detected by detection resistor, is divided by R906 and R905, and then input to IPM pin ㉖. Since this exceeds threshold value, IMP pin ㉔ is set to Lo (voltage at point Ⓑ). When Lo signal is input to pin ⑮ of microcomputer, microcomputer will stop drive output, and self-diagnosis lamp will enter a 2-time blinking mode. When peak current is detected, IPM holds lower arm output off status for a fixed period (approx. 4 msec.), and then enters drive signal standby mode. Microcomputer outputs drive signal 3 minutes later to restart operation.

6-2. Overload control circuit (OVL control circuit)

Overload control is to decrease the speed of the compressor and reduce the load when the load on the air conditioner increases to an overload state, in order to protect the compressor, electronic components and power breaker.

Overloads are judged by comparing the DC current level and set value.

Fig.6-4 shows the overload control system configuration and Fig. 6-7 is a characteristic diagram on overload judgement values. There are two types of control which has named IS OVL and ID OVL.

IS OVL is limiting the whole input of this room air conditioner system through the current sensor CT1 in order to keep the maximum rating of components by reading total operating current.

ID OVL is watching and limits the compressor current through the detection resistor, which is built in IPM in order to control the compressor reliability. Since the compressor reliability is related with its speed, the ID OVL value is also linked with the compressor speed. Fig. 6-7 shows an ID OVL limitation curve.

All of OVL operation values were programmed into EEPROM memory.

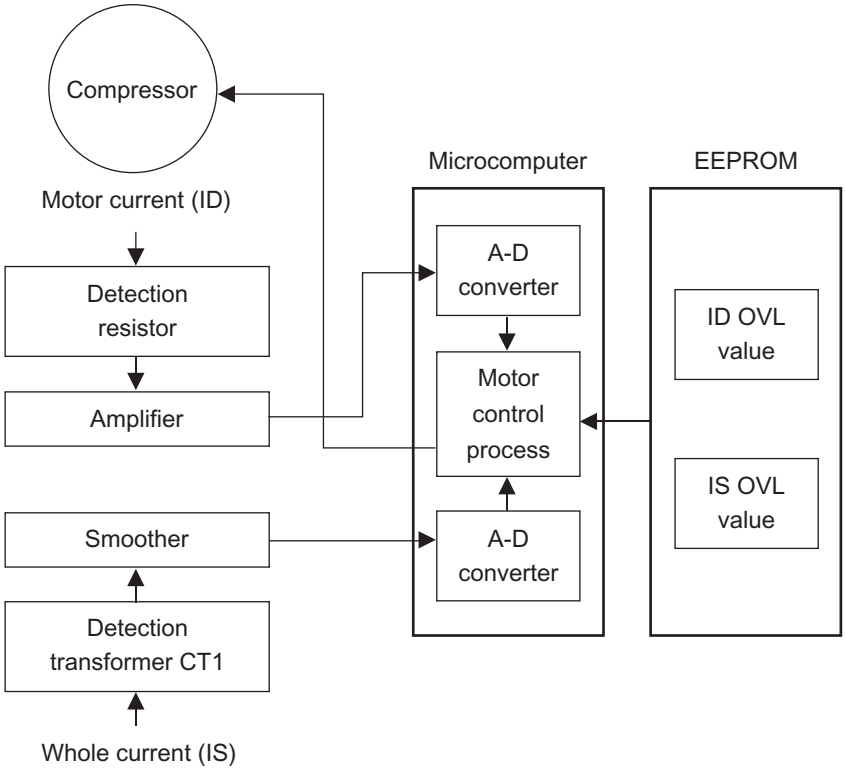


Fig. 6-4 Overload Control System

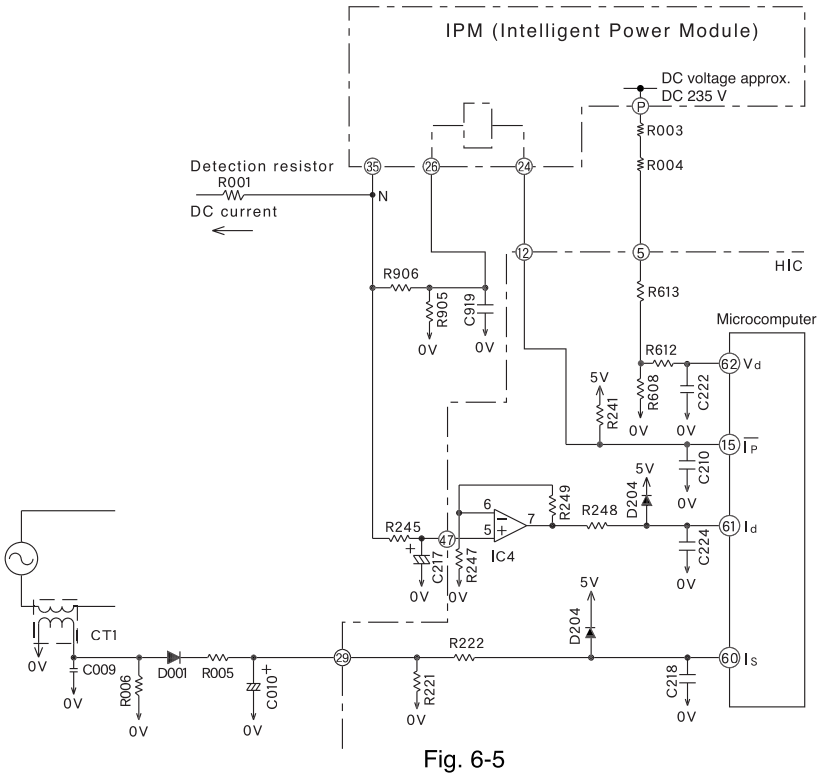


Fig. 6-5

(1) IS OVL

The voltage amp. circuit amplifies the DC current level detected by the detection transformer CT1. Receiving this, the microcomputer converts it to a digital signal and compares it with the internal data to judge whether or not overload control is required.

< During overload control >

The filter consisting of R245 and C217 removes high harmonic components from the voltage generate from the DC current flowing to the detection resistor, and supplies it to IC4 pin ⑤. IC4 forms a non-inverting voltage amp. circuit together with the peripheral elements.

The microcomputer stores the set values which vary according to the rotation speed. When the DC current level exceeds the set value, the microcomputer enters the overload control state.

The set Value is determined by the amplification of the voltage amp. circuit

{ Amplification : high → DC current : low
{ Amplification : low → DC current: high

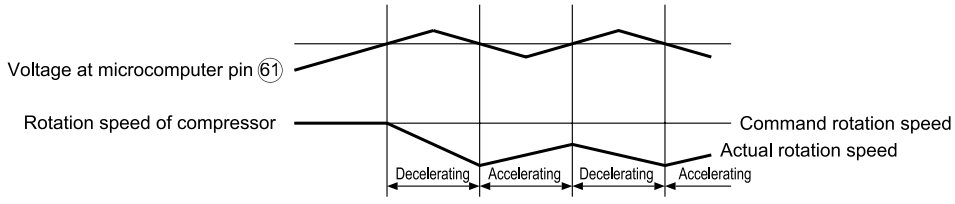


Fig. 6-6

(2) ID OVL

Fig. 6-5. The filter consisting of R245 and C217 removes high harmonic frequencies from the voltage generated by the current flowing to Detection resistor; R245 and C217 average the voltage. This voltage is then input to IC4 pin ⑤ and supplied to microcomputer pin ⑥⓪. The microcomputer compares this input with the set value, and if the input exceeds the set value, it enters overload control status.

Fig. 6-6 shows the rotation speed control. When the voltage at pin ⑥① of the microcomputer exceeds the set value, the microcomputer decreases the rotation speed of the compressor and reduces the load.

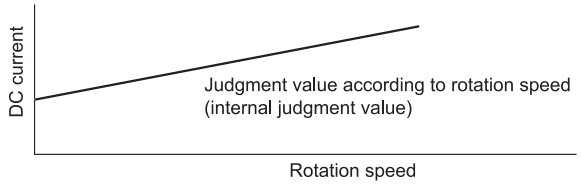


Fig. 6-7

R003,R004,R608,R613, detect the DC voltage at the power circuit. The microcomputer receives a DC voltage and applies correction to the overload set value so the DC current will be low when the DC voltage is high.
(Since the load level is indicated by the DC voltage multiplied by DC current, R247, R248, R249 are provided to perform the same overload judgement even when the voltage varies.)

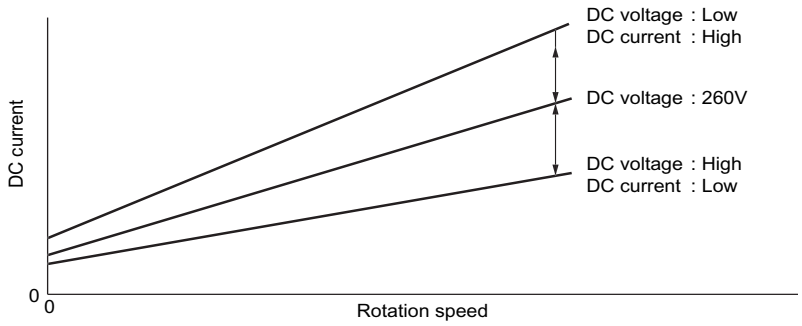


Fig. 6-8

(3) Start current control

It is required to maintain the start current (DC current) constant to smooth the start of the DC motor of the compressor.

RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6 uses software to control the start current.

The start current varies when the supply voltage varies. This control method copes with variations in the voltages as follows.

1. Turns on the power module's U^+ and V^- transistors so the current flows to the motor windings as shown in Fig. 6-9.
2. Varies the turn-ON time of the U^+ transistor according to the DC voltage level and the start is controlled so the start current is approx. 10A .

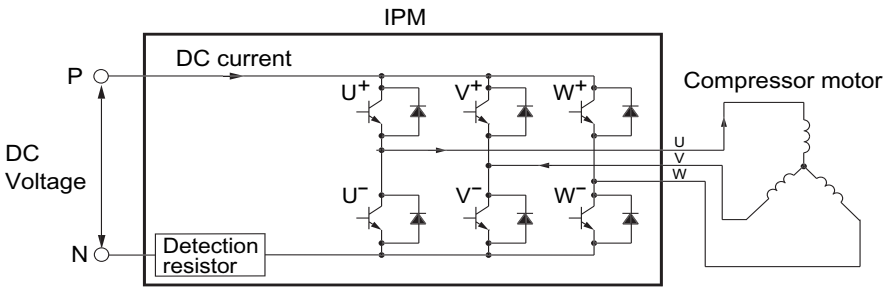


Fig. 6-9

6-3. Reset Circuit

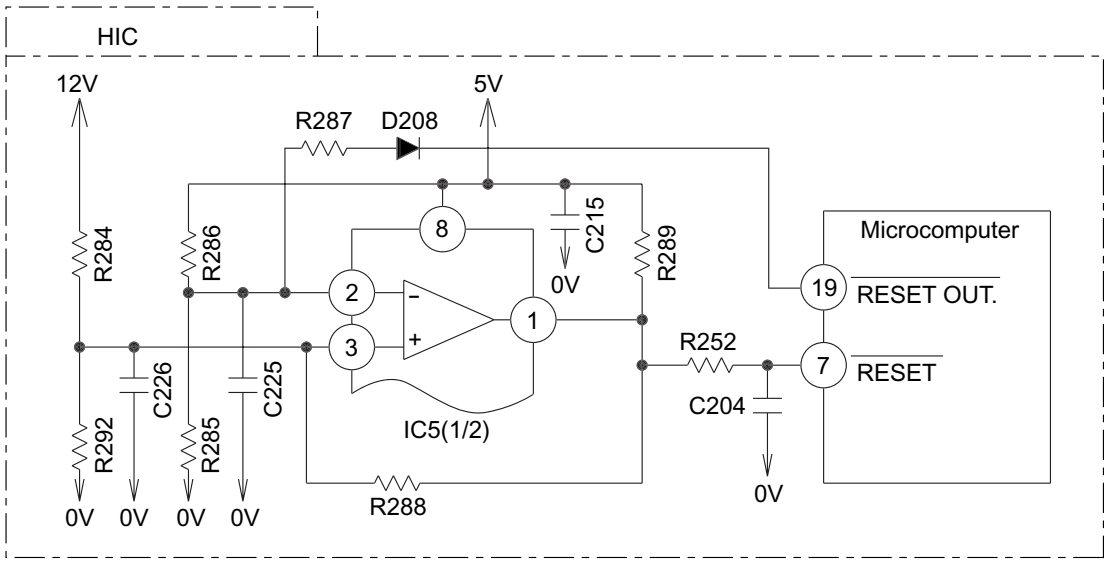


Fig. 6-10

The reset circuit initializes the microcomputer program when Power is “ON” from “OFF” .
Low voltage at pin ⑦ resets the microcomputer, and HI activates the microcomputer.
Fig. 6-10 shows the reset circuit and Fig. 6-11 shows waveform at each point when power is turned on and off.
When power is turned on, 12V line and 5V line voltages rise and 12V line voltage reaches 10.9V an reset voltage input to pin ⑦ of microcomputer is set to Hi.
Reset voltage will be hold “Hi” until the 12V line voltage drops to 9.90V even though the power shuts down.

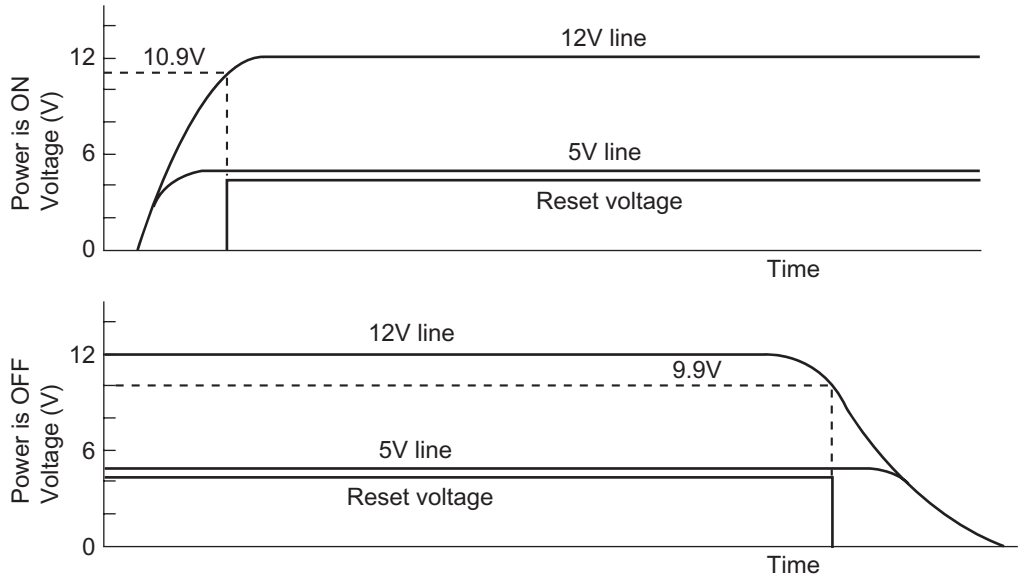


Fig. 6-11

6-4. Temperature Detection Circuit

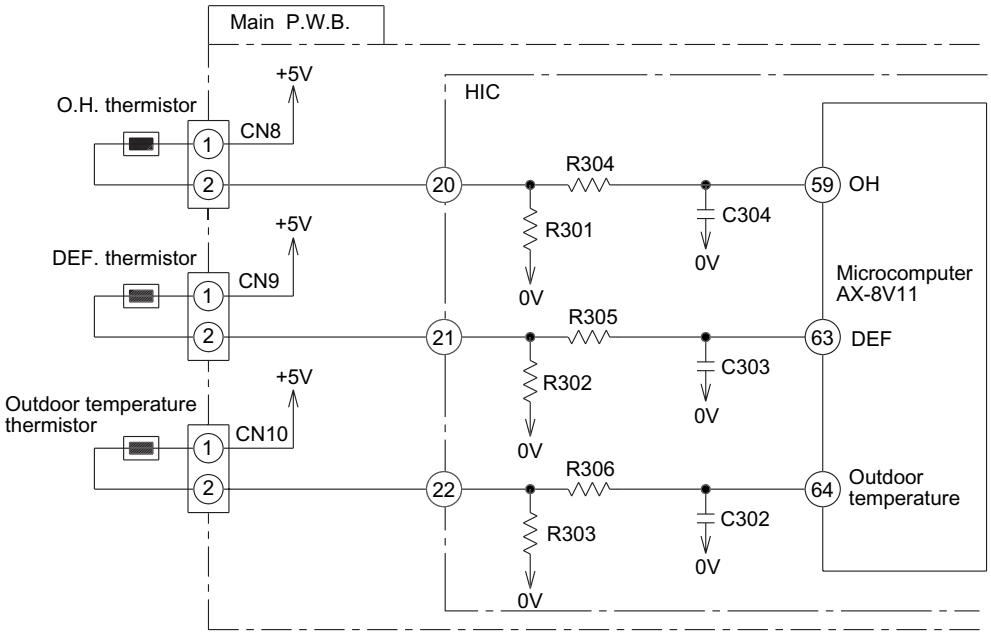


Fig. 6-12

The Over heat thermistor circuit detects the temperature at the surface of the compressor head, the Defrost. thermistor circuit detects the defrosting operation temperature.
A thermistor is a negative resistor element which has the characteristics that the higher (lower) the temperature, the lower (higher) the resistance.
When the compressor is heated, the resistance of the Over heat thermistor becomes low and voltage to a pin ⑲ of microcomputer is increased.
Microcomputer compares the voltage at pin ⑲ with the internal set value, if it is exceeded the set value microcomputer judges that the compressor is overheated and stops operation.
When frost forms on the outdoor heat exchanger, the temperature at the exchanger drops abruptly. Therefore the resistance of the Defrost. thermistor becomes high and the voltage at pin ⑬ of microcomputer drops.
If this voltage becomes lower than the set value stored inside, the microcomputer starts defrosting control.
During defrosting operation the microcomputer transfers the defrosting condition command to the indoor microcomputer via the circuit interface.
The microcomputer always reads the outdoor temperature via a thermistor (microcomputer pin ⑭), an transfers it to the indoor unit, thus controlling the compressor rotation speed according to the value set at the EEPROM in the indoor unit, and switching the operation status (outdoor fan on/off, etc.) in the dehumidifying mode.
The following shows the typical values of outdoor temperature in relation to the voltage:

Table 6-2

Outdoor temperature (°C)	−10	0	10	20	30	40
R303 Voltage (V)	1.19	1.69	2.23	2.75	3.22	3.62

<Reference>
When the thermistor is open, in open status, or is disconnected, microcomputer pins ⑲,⑬,⑭ are approx. 0V; when the thermistor is shorted, they are approx. 5 V, and LD301 blinks seven times.
However, an error is detected only when the OH thermistor is shorted; in such a case, the blinking mode is entered 12 minutes after the compressor starts operation.

6-5. Reversing valve control circuit

- In this unit, reversing valve control circuit turns ON/OFF the power to the reversing valve coil by opening/closing the reversing valve relay.

- Opening/closing of relay will differ depending on the operation condition. (In the cooling cycle, reversing valve relay is normally ON (close).)

- Table 6-3 shows the circuit operation of each operation mode. If the following result is not obtained, reversing valve control circuit may be defective.

Table 6-3

Operation mode \ Point		Between Pin (29) of microcomputer and 0V	Between Pin (32) of HIC and 0V	Between (1) and (3) CN2
Cooling	In normal cooling operation	Hi	0V	approx. 35 V
Heating	In normal heating operation	Lo	12V	0V (not fixed)
	In defrosting operation	Hi	0V	approx. 35 V

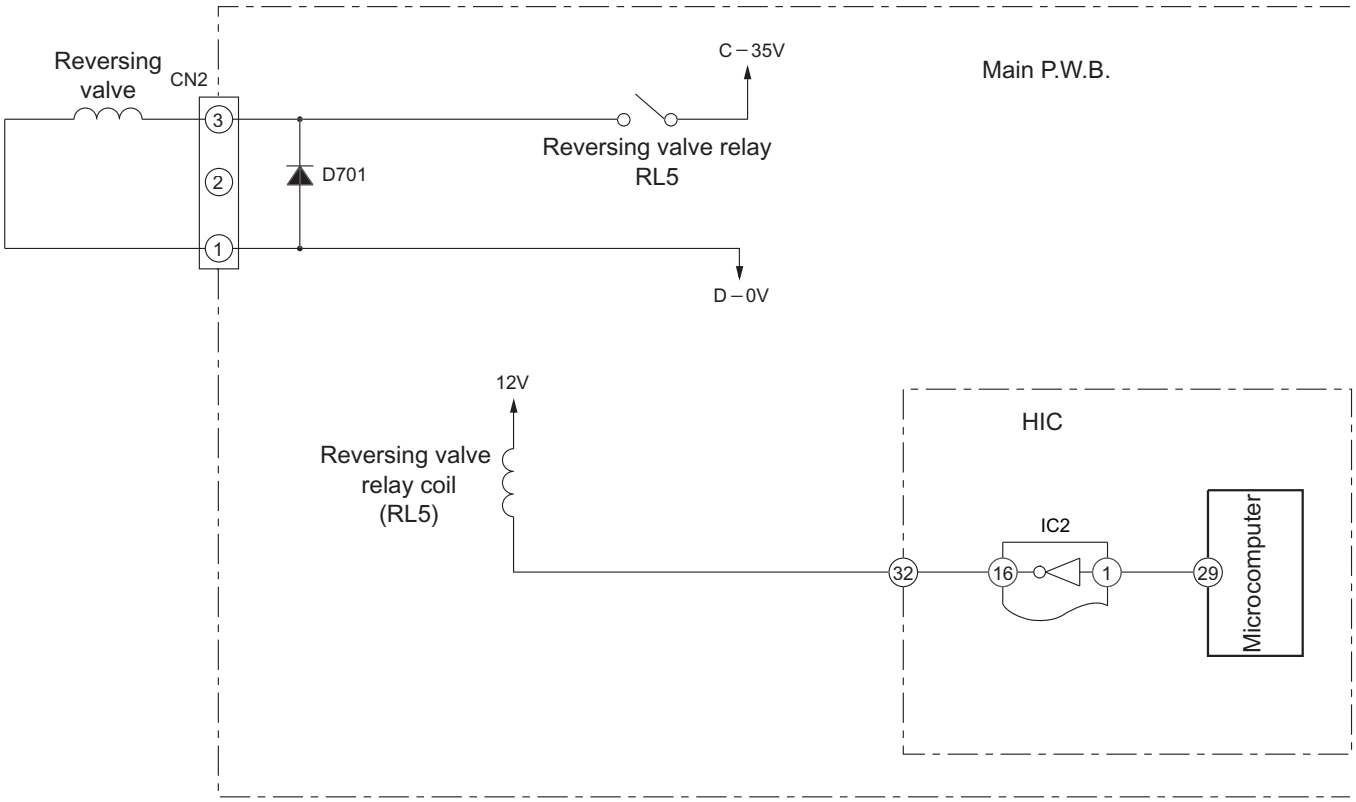


Fig. 6-13

6-6. Electric expansion valve control circuit

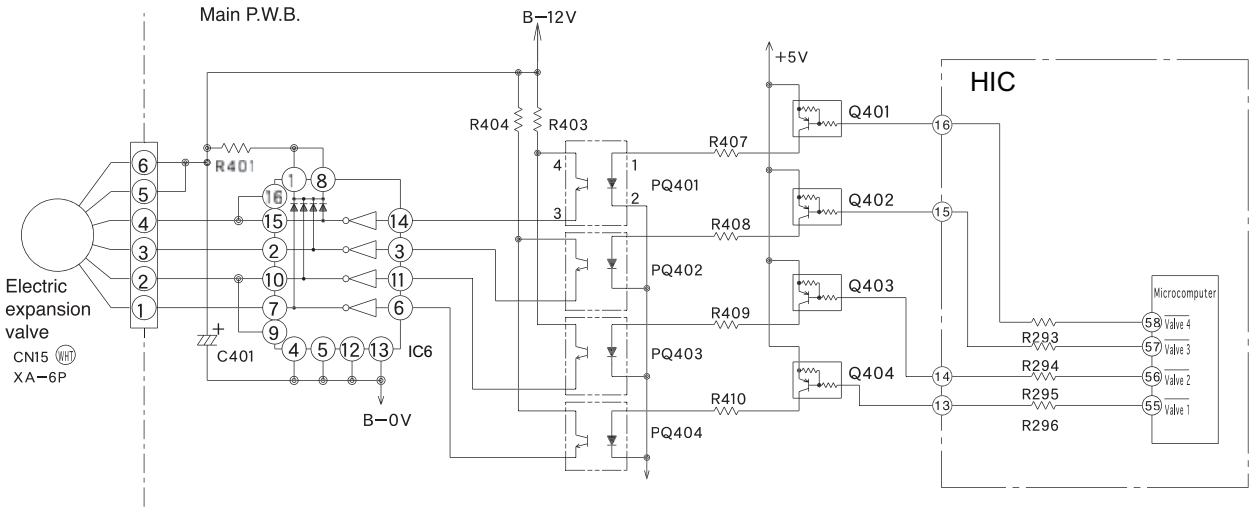


Fig. 6-14

- Electric expansion valve is driven by B-12V. Opening of the valve is controlled by feeding power to 1 or 2 phases of the 4-phase coil to switch the polarity of the coil.
- The relation between the conducting phase switching direction and open/close direction is as shown below. When the power is turned on, approx. 0.9 V is applied to CN15 pins ① to ④; when no power is supplied, approx. 12 V is applied. When the power is reset, expansion valve performs initial operation for 5 to 10 seconds.During initial operation, measure pins ① to ④ of CN15 using multimeter: If no change is found around 0.9 V or 12V, expansion valve or microcomputer is defective.
- Fig. 6-15 shows logic waveform during the operation of expansion valve.

Table 6-4

CN 15 Pin No.	Lead wire	Drive status							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
④	White	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
③	Yellow	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
②	Orange	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
①	Blue	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON

Operation mode
1→2→3→4→5→6→7→8 VALVE CLOSE
8→7→6→5→4→3→2→1 VALVE OPEN

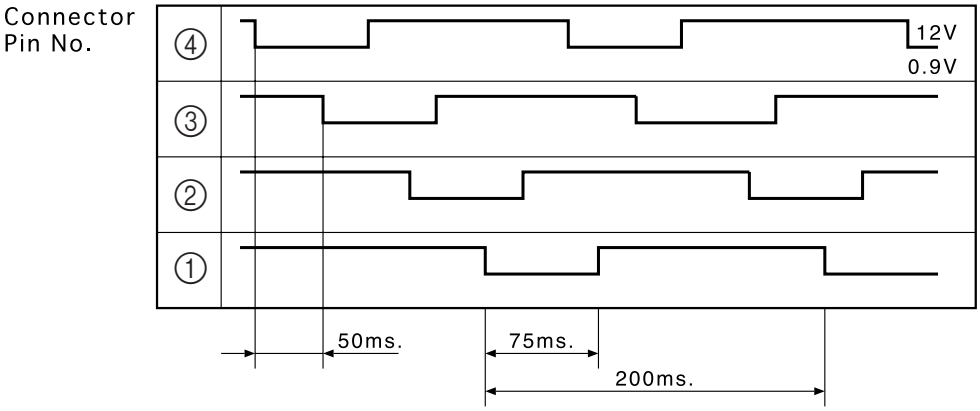
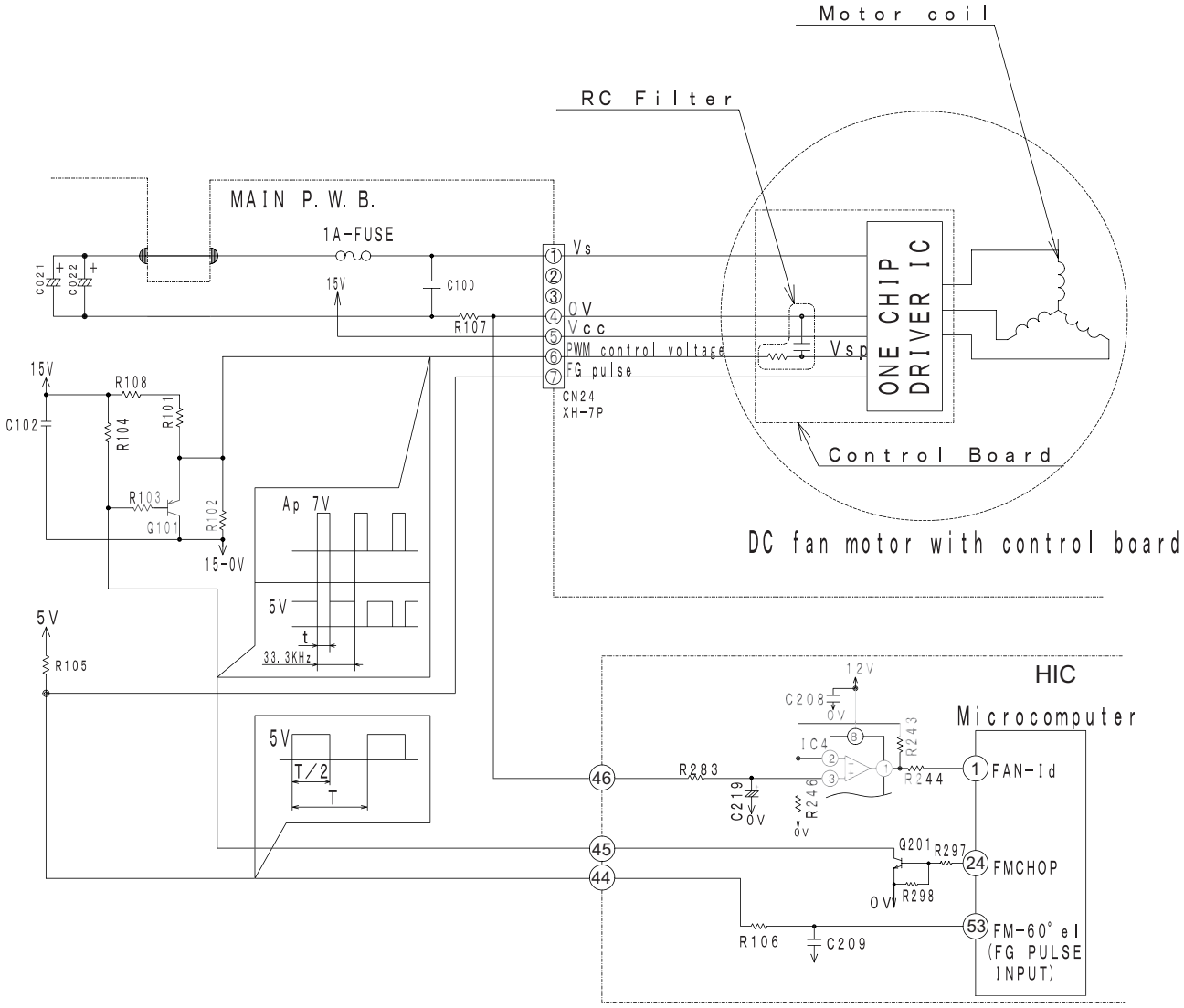


Fig. 6-15

6-7. Outdoor DC Fan Motor control circuit



This model uses DC Fan Motor which has a controller circuit built in the Motor.
This DC Fan Motor will rotate by control voltage apply to Vsp input. (Voltage range: 1.7 to 7V DC)

Vsp high : Faster ;
Vsp low : slower ;
Vsp lower than 1.7V : stop

Motor will output FG pulse by following this motor revolution.
Outdoor microcomputer will output PWM control signal from (24) by following the instruction from indoor microcomputer.
This PWM control signal will convert to Vsp voltage by smoothing circuit. (R242 & C209)
Fan motor will start to rotate when Vsp was proceeding over than 1.7V, and generate FG pulse by rotation speed.
FG pulse will feed back to Outdoor microcomputer (53).
DC Fan Motor circuit has to match the Fan Motor revolution with instructed revolution. Such as...

FG feedback: Faster Instruction: Slower ... Decrease pulse width
FG feedback: Slower Instruction: Faster ... Increase pulse width

FG pulse is also used for Fan Motor failure detection.
Microcomputer will monitor FG pulse 30 seconds after start the fan motor. If there is no signal detected, it will consider that the Fan Motor was malfunction and stop the operation. In this case, LD302 on main P.W.B. will blink 12 times. (Fan Motor lock detected)
R107 and IC4 are used for Fan Motor over current.

< Reference >
When operation stop with LD301 blinks 12 times, it may be caused by faulty DC fan motor.
In this case, please check CN6 and CN12 connection first. It makes Fan Motor Lock also if those connectors are in misconnection.
DC Fan Motor has broken invites 1A Fuse burned. Please replace both DC Fan Motor and 1A Fuse together.
It will makes “Fan Lock Stop” when something has disturb the Fan rotation by inserting materials into propeller fan or ice has growing inside of outdoor unit by snowing.
It may make “Fan Lock Stop” by strong wind (ex. 17m/sec or above) against the Fan rotation. In this case unit will be restart again after a while.
In case of “ Fan Lock Stop” even though the DC Fan Motor is rotating correctly, the possible cause in Fan Motor problem or control board problem. Stop after the Fan motor runs 2 minutes, Fan Motor may be broken.
< Caution >
Please take care for the electrical shock by high voltage of DC Fan Motor power source which is common with compressor when you are servicing this unit.
You can not confirm the coil and wiring of Motor directly due to the built in control circuit in Fan Motor.

SERVICE CALL Q & A

Model RAS-18YH6 / RAC-18YH6
RAS-25YH6 / RAC-25YH6

COOLING MODE

Q1 The compressor has stopped suddenly during cooling operation.

A1 Check if the indoor heat exchanger is frosted. Wait for 3-4 minutes until it is defrosted.

If the air conditioner operates in cooling mode when it is cold, the evaporator may get frosted.

DEHUMIDIFYING MODE

Q2 Fan speed is not switched over during dehumidifying operation.

A2 Fans speed is normally set to LOW during dehumidifying operation.

Q3 Cool air comes from the unit during dehumidifying operation.

A3 To have an operation with high dehumidifying effect, the unit operates at low fan speed. As a result, cool air comes from the unit. This phenomenon is not a fault.

HEATING MODE

Q4 The circulation stops occasionally during Heating mode.

A4 It occurs during defrosting. Wait for 5-10 minutes until the condenser is defrosted.

Q5 When the fan speed is set at HIGH or MED, the flow is actually Weak.

A5 At the beginning of heating, the fan speed remains LOW for 30 seconds. If HIGH is selected, it switches to LOW and again to MED after additional 30 seconds.

Q6 Heating operation stops while the temperature is preset at "30".

A6 If temperature is high in the outdoor, heating operation may stop to protect internal devices.

Q7 When “Auto fan” mode is set, the indoor fan speed changes from HIGH through MED to LOW.

A7 This is not an error. The anti cool air function shows this phenomenon.

In the fan “Auto” mode, the unit detects the heat exchange temperature. When the temperature becomes low, the fan speed changes from HIGH, through MED to LOW.

AUTO FRESH DEFROSTING

Q8 After the ON/OFF button is pressed to stop heating, the outdoor unit is still working with the OPERATION lamp lighting.

A8 Auto Fresh Defrosting is carried out : the system checks the outdoor heat exchanger and defrosts it as necessary before stopping operation.

AUTO OPERATION

Q9 Fan speed does not change when fan speed selector is changed during auto operation.

A9 At this point fan speed is automatic.

NICE TEMPERATURE RESERVATION

Q10 When on-timer has been programmed, operation starts before the preset time has been reached.

A10 This is because Nice temperature reservation function is operating. This function starts operation earlier so the preset temperature is reached at the preset time. Operation may start maximum 60 minutes before the preset time.

Q11 Does Nice temperature reservation function operate during dehumidifying?

A11 It does not work. It works only during cooling and heating.

Q12 Even if the same time is preset, the operation start time varies.

A12 This is because Nice temperature reservation function is operating. The start time varies according to the load of room. Since load varies greatly during heating, the operation start time is corrected, so it will vary each day.

INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL

Q13 Timer cannot be set.

A13 Has the clock been set? Timer cannot be set unless the clock has been set.

Q14 The current time display disappears soon.

A14 The current time disappears in approx. 10 seconds. The time set display has priority.

When the current time is set the display flashes for approx. 3 minutes.

Q15 The timer has been programmed, but the preset time disappears.

A15 Is the current time past the preset time? When the preset time reaches the current time, it disappears.

Q16 When the “Sleep” timer is set during operation,
(1) The indoor fan won’t rotate.
(No air comes from the unit)
(2) The air speed won’t change.

A16 (1) The temperature arrives at the preset indoor temperature and the air conditioner unit is temporarily stopped. Within about 3 minutes, the fan starts rotation.
(2) When the unit operates at “LOW” air speed, it continues to operate at the same speed.

Q17 The preset temperature is not indicated on the remote control.

A17 When automatic operation is performed, the preset temperature won’t be indicated.
However, you can adjust the temperature within a range of ±3°C by pressing the “Room Temperature” button.
If the temperature is 1°C higher than the auto preset temperature, ▲ 1°C will appear.
If the temperature is 1°C lower than the auto preset temperature, ▼ 1°C will appear.

OTHERS

Q18 The indoor fan varies among high air flow, low air flow and breeze in the auto fan speed mode. (Heating operation)

A18 This is because the cool wind prevention function is operating, and does not indicate a fault.

The heat exchanger temperature is sensed in the auto speed mode. When the temperature is low, the fan speed varies among high air flow, low air flow and breeze.

Q19 Loud noise from the outdoor unit is heard when operation is started.

A19 When operation is started, the compressor rotation speed goes to maximum to increase the heating or cooling capability, so noise becomes slightly louder. This does not indicate a fault.

Q20 Noise from the outdoor unit occasionally changes.

A20 The compressor rotation speed changes according to the difference between the thermostat set temperature and room temperature. This does not indicate a fault.

Q21 There is a difference between the set temperature and room temperature.

A21 There may be a difference between the set temperature and room temperature because of construction of room, air current, etc. Set the temperature at a comfortable for the space.

Q22 Air does not flow immediately after operation is started.

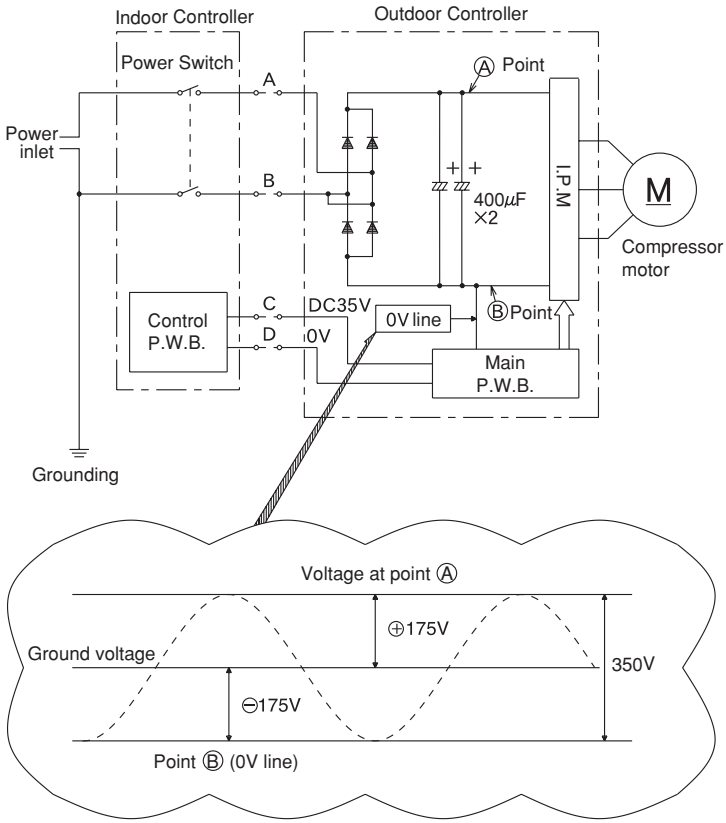
A22 Preliminary operation is performed for one minute when the power switch on and heating or dehumidifying is set. The operation lamp blinks during this time for heating. This does not indicate a fault.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

RAC-18YH6, 25YH6
PRECAUTIONS FOR CHECKING

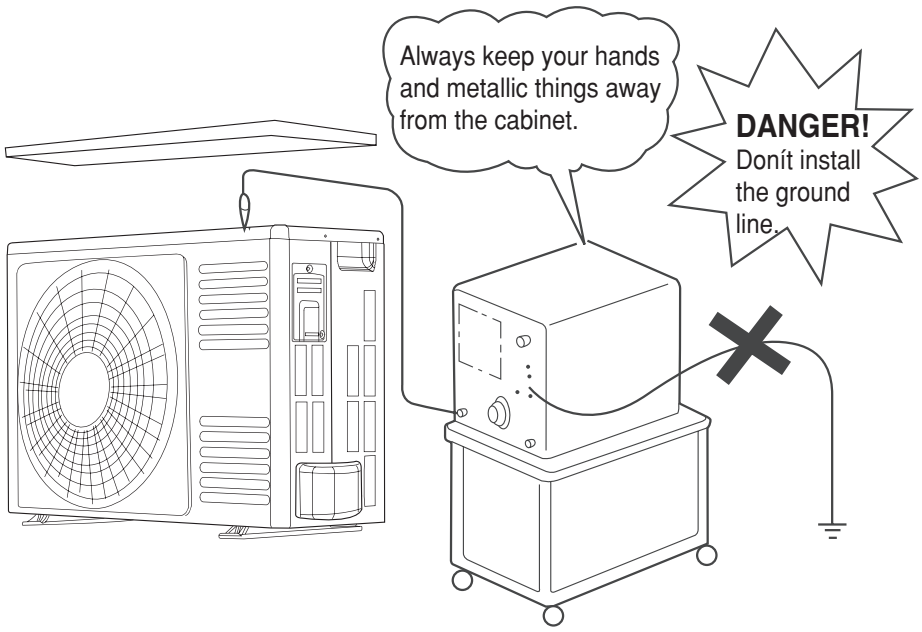
⚠ WARNING

Remember that voltage of 175 V is applied to the 0V line on the P.W.B. or the like as shown in the right diagram.



⚠ WARNING

When using an oscilloscope, never ground it.
Donít forget that high voltage as noted in the figure above may apply to the oscilloscope.



DISCHARGE, PROCEDURE AND POWER SHUT OFF METHOD FOR POWER CIRCUIT

WARNING

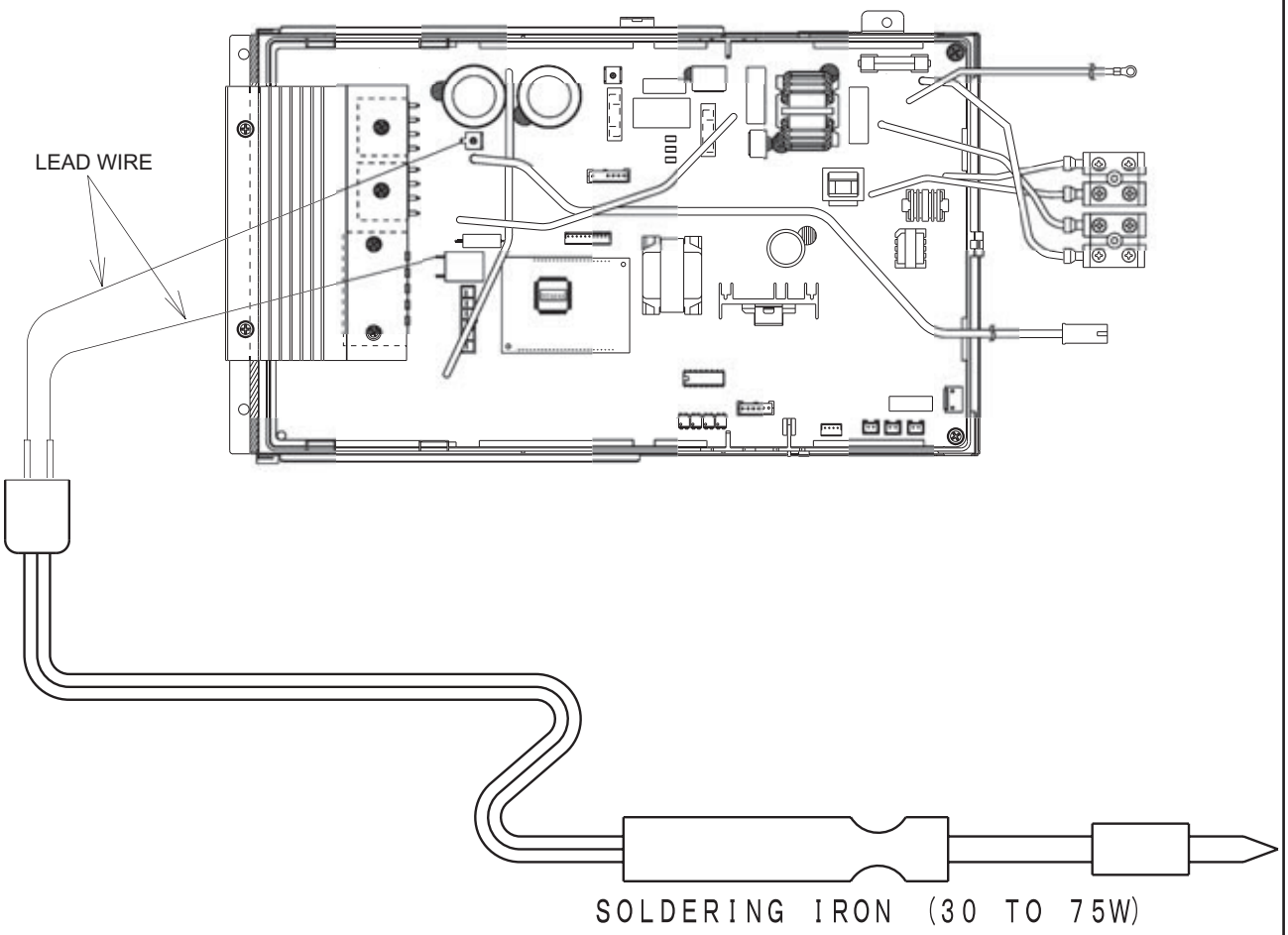
Caution

- Voltage of about 350 V is charged between the terminal of smoothing capacitors (375µF x 2).
- During continuity check for each circuit part of the outdoor unit, be sure to discharge the smoothing capacitors.

Discharge Procedure

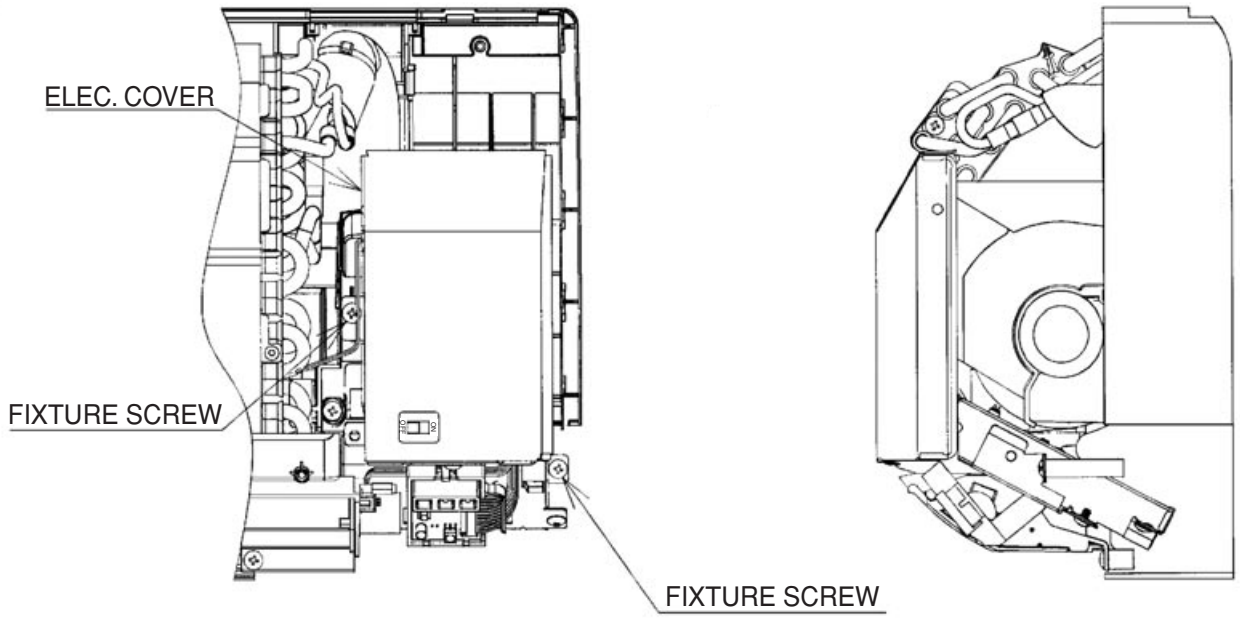
1. Turn off the power of the indoor unit or pull out the power supply plug.
2. After power is turned off, wait for 10 minutes or more. Then, remove electrical parts cover and apply soldering iron of 30 to 75 W for 15 seconds or more to TAB05 and R001 terminals on the main P.W.B. as shown in the figure below, in order to discharge voltage in smoothing capacitor.

Do not use a soldering iron with transformer: Otherwise, thermal fuse inside transformer will be blown.



STRUCTURE OF AN INDOOR UNIT ELECTRIC PARTS

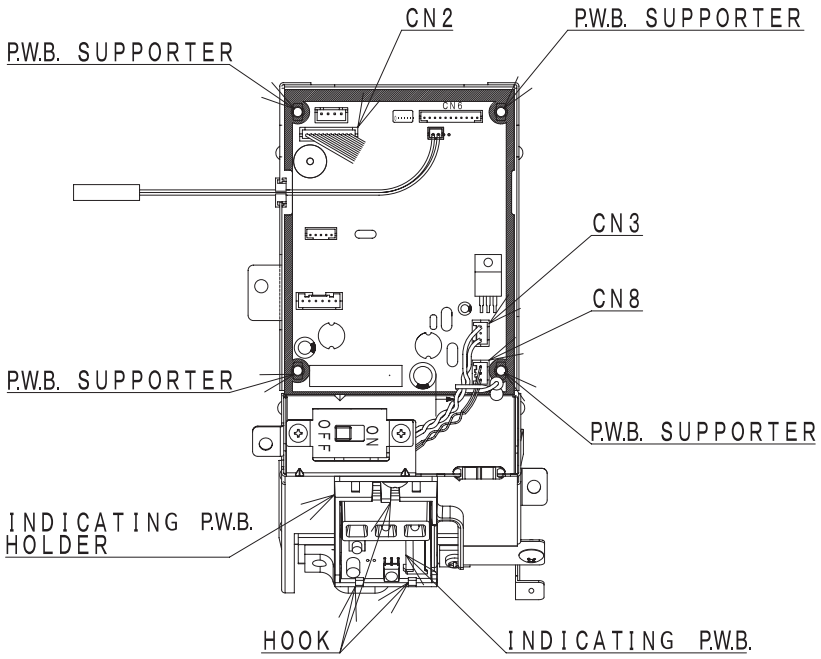
RAS-18YH6, 25YH6



Removing electrical parts

1. Remove the electrical parts cover.
2. Remove the connectors from the CN1 (heat exchange thermistor), CN4 (stepping motor) and CN10 (fan motor).
3. Remove two lock screws.
4. Remove the electrical parts in the direction of arrow.

When installing the parts, use caution not to pinch any code between the part and cabinet.



Removing control P.W.B.

1. Remove the connectors from the CN2 and CN3.
2. Remove the P.W.B. from the P.W.B. support.

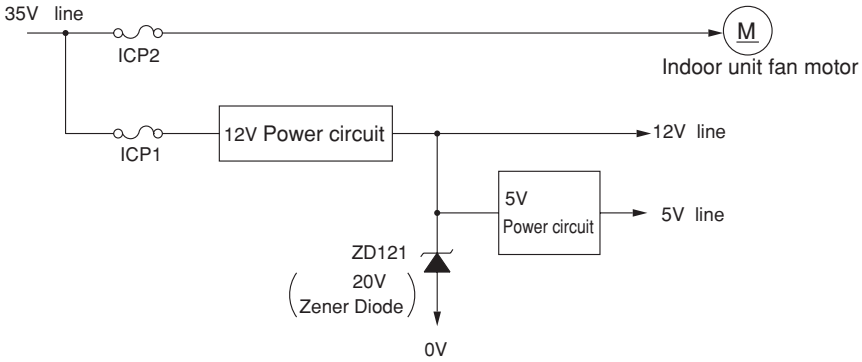
Removing the indicating P.W.B.

1. Remove the connector from the CN2 on the control P.W.B.
2. Remove the upper hook from the indicating P.W.B. lock resin, pull the P.W.B. forward a little and remove it.

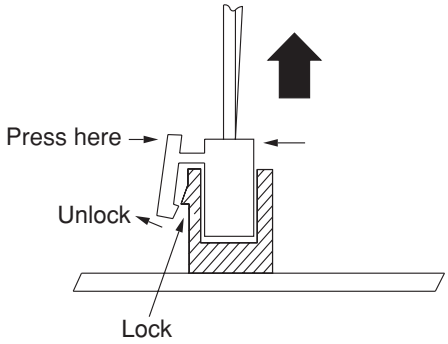
Other Cautions

(1) Cautions concerning ICP (IC Protector)

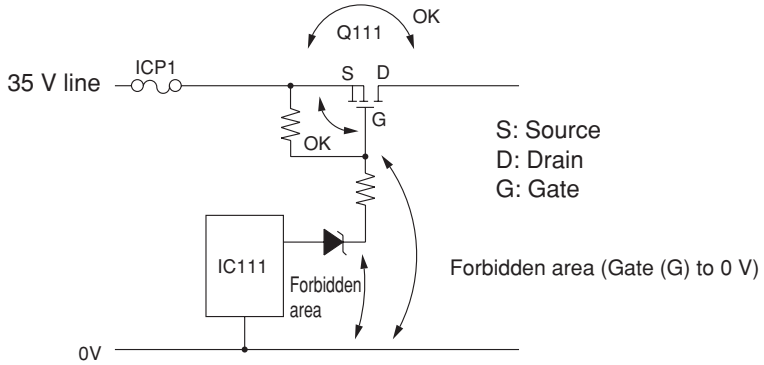
1. Use due caution for short circuit in servicing.
   Short circuit will open the ICP immediately.
2. When the ICP opens, remove the cause of this phenomenon and replace the ICP.
   If the remedy is improper, the ICP may open again.



(2) The CN3 (power supply) and CN10 (fan motor) are the connectors with lock mechanism. Press the lock with your fingers to unlock and remove the connector.



(3) When checking the voltage and waveform, do not connect the probes to the forbidden areas show below. Touching them may cause the ICP1 blowout and Q111 failure.



The Q111 is a MOS-FET and its gate terminal is a high impedance. When a probe such as a multimeter is contacted with the gate Ⓖ, the Q111 may have the continuous ON state to supply overcurrent in the circuit, causing the ICP1 blowout and Q111 failure.

When checking the switching waveform of the Q111, set the source Ⓢ to the base and measure the gate Ⓖ and drain Ⓓ.

(4) During power feeding to the P.W.B., do not remove and insert the CN10 (fan motor connector). Failure to do so may cause overcurrent to the fan motor and P.W.B.s (micro computer, IC and the like) and a failure may occur. To remove or insert the CN10, be sure to shut off the power.

THE SUPPORT FUNCTION OF FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

No.	Function Name	Description
1	Self-diagnosis indication function <Indicating a failure on the indoor unit side>	• The “timer lamp” indicates a mode of failure detected on the indoor or outdoor unit side by blinking frequency. • A failure detected on the outdoor unit side will be indicated by the “timer lamp” blinking 4 times after a retry operation has been performed several times. Note: In some failure modes, only the retry operation is repeated without lamp indication. <Failure modes that will repeat a retry operation without the indoor unit lamp indication are as follows:> OH thermistor temperature rise Outdoor unit communication error Power voltage abnormal Less frequent defects
	<Indicating a failure on the outdoor unit side>	• The “LD301” indicates a mode of failure detected on the outdoor unit side by blinking frequency. Upon failure detection, the outdoor unit will shut down and the LD301 continues to blink until the unit is reset. (In the event of communication errors, the LD301 continues to blink until communication is restored.)

TROUBLESHOOTING WHEN TIMER LAMP BLINKS.

Model RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6
Perform troubleshooting according to the number of times the indoor timer lamp and outdoor LD301 blink.

SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE
Model: RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6

No.	Blinking of Timer lamp	Reason for indication	Possible cause
1	1 time	Reversing valve defective When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is too low in the heating mode or it is too high in the cooling mode.	(1) Reversing valve defective (2) Heat exchanger thermistor disconnected (only in the heating mode) (Note) The malfunction mode is entered the 3rd time this abnormal indication appears (read every 3 minutes).
2	2 times	Outdoor unit is under forced operation When the outdoor unit is in forced operation or balancing operation after forced operation	Electrical parts in the outdoor unit
3	3 times	Indoor/outdoor interface defective When the interface signal from the outdoor unit is interrupted.	(1) Indoor interface circuit (2) Outdoor interface circuit
4	4 times	Outdoor unit electrical components defetive When the same error mode is detected 8 times within 30 minutes from outdoor unit electrical components. (However, when error is detected 8 times within two hours only for outdoor thermistor.)	Outdoor unit electrical components (For details, operate again using remote comtroller and check from self-diagnosis display of outdoor unit.)
5	9 times	Room thermistor or heat exchanger thermistor is faulty When room thermistor or heat exchanger thermistor is opened circuit or short circuit.	(1) Room thermistor (2) Heat exchanger thermistor
6	10 times	Over-current detection at the DC fan motor when over-current is detected at the DC fan motor of the indoor unit.	(1) Indoor fan locked (2) Indoor fan motor (3) Indoor control P.W.B.
※1 7	13 times	IC401 or IC402 data reading error When data read from IC401 or IC402 is incorrect.	IC401 or IC402 abnormal

(▮ --- Lights for 0.35 sec. at interval of 0.35 sec.)

<Cautions>

(1) If the interface circuit is faulty when power is supplied, the self-diagnosis display will not be displayed.

(2) If the indoor unit does not operate at all, check if the connecting cable is connected to the outdoor unit.

(3) To check operation again when the timer lamp is blinking, you can use the remote control for operation (except for mode mark ※1).

SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE

MODEL RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6

DANGER (DC350V)

- CUT THE POWER SOURCE AND WAIT MORE THAN 10 MINUTES BEFORE SERVICE WORK.
- DO NOT TOUCH THE OTHER COMPONENTS WHEN OPERATING THE SERVICE SWITCH.

SERVICE OPERATION

PROCEDURE OF REFRIGERANT PUMP DOWN OR INDEPENDENT OPERATION OF OUTDOOR UNIT.

1. CUT OFF THE POWER SOURCE ONCE THEN ON AGAIN.
2. WAIT 1 MINUTE AT LEAST.
3. PRESS THE SERVICE SWITCH (WHICH IS ON THE PWB) MORE THAN 1 SECOND.

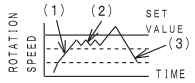
SERVICE OPERATION WILL BE STARTED.

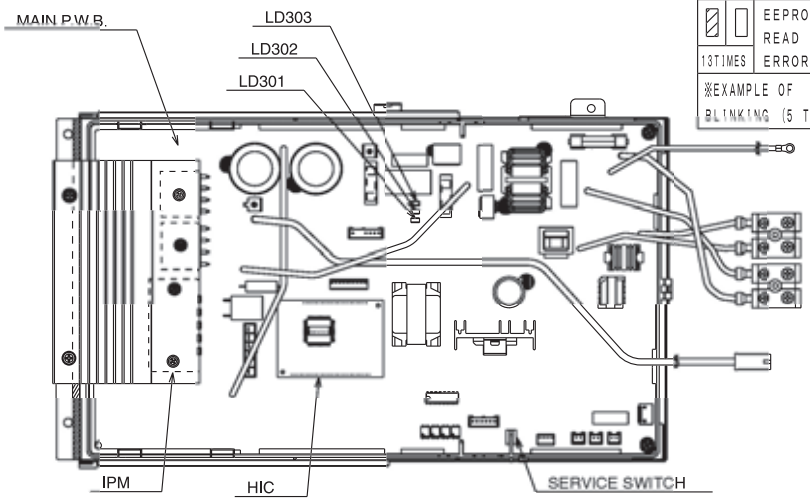
TO STOP THIS OPERATION, PRESS THE SERVICE SWITCH AGAIN (MORE THAN 1 SECOND).

TO RESUME TO NORMAL OPERATION, CUT THE POWER SOURCE ONCE THEN ON AGAIN.

IN ORDER TO PROTECT THE DAMAGE OF COMPRESSOR, DO NOT OPERATE MORE THAN 5 MINUTES WITH SERVICE VALVE CLOSE.

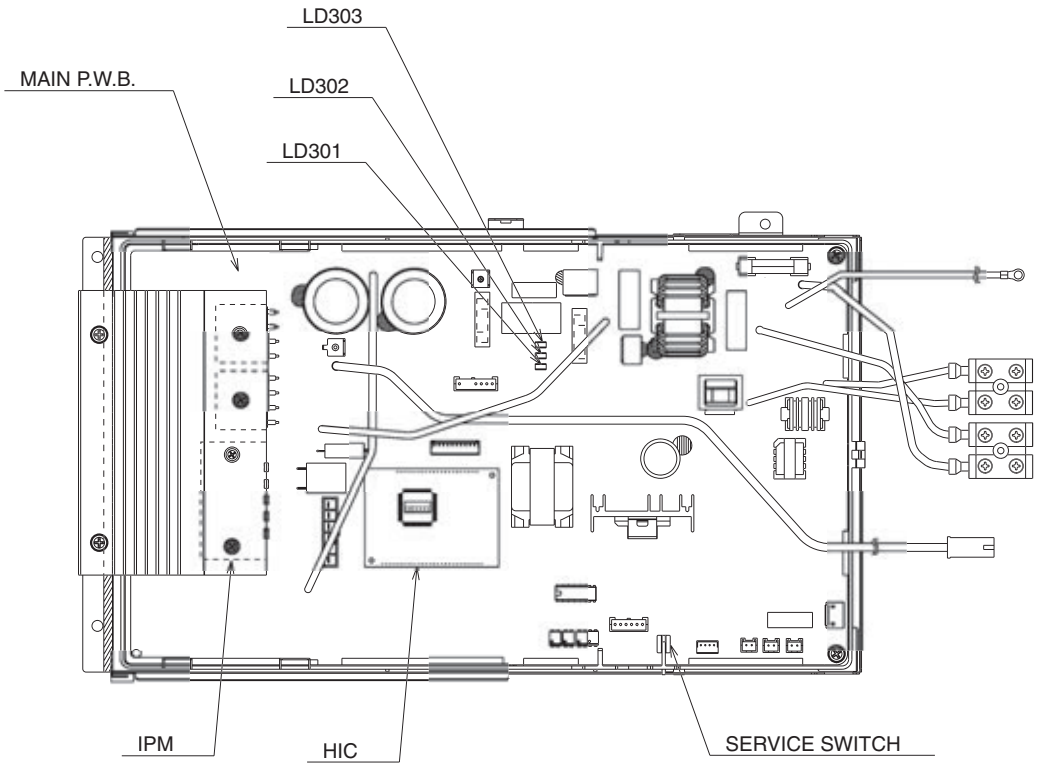
SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE ■:LIGHT ▨:BLINK □:OFF

LD301	LD302	SELF-DIAGNOSIS NAME	DETAILS	MAIN CHECK POINT
		[1] DURING OPERATION	LD303 (RED) LIGHTS. ■	
□	□	NORMAL OPERATION	COMPRESSOR OPERATION	NOT MALFUNCTION
■	□	OVERLOAD (1)	 THE ROTATION SPEED IS AUTOMATICALLY CONTROLLED TO PROTECT THE COMPRESSOR IN THE OVERLOAD CONDITION.	THIS SHOWS AN OVERLOAD PROTECTION STATUS. NOT MALFUNCTION.
□	■	OVERLOAD (2)		
■	■	OVERLOAD (3)		
		[2] DURING STOP	LD303 (RED) GOES OFF. □	
□	□	NORMAL STOP	STOPPED BY THERMOSTAT OR CONTROLLER.	NOT MALFUNCTION.
▨	□	1TIME RESET STOP	MICROPROCESSOR WAS REBOOTED. (IT IS NORMAL WHEN POWER SW HAS BEEN TURNED ON)	①MAIN P. W. B.
▨	□	2TIMES PEAK CURRENT CUT	COMPRESSOR PEAK CURRENT WAS BEYOND MAXIMUM LIMIT.	①MAIN P. W. B. ②COMPRESSOR
▨	□	3TIMES ABNORMAL LOW SPEED ROTATION	LOST THE COMPRESSOR ROTOR POSITION.	①MAIN P. W. B. ②COMPRESSOR
▨	□	4TIMES SWITCHING FAILURE	SWITCHING FROM LOW FREQUENCY SYNC START TO POSITION DETECTION OPERATION FAILURE.	①MAIN P. W. B. ②COMPRESSOR
▨	□	5TIMES OVERLOAD LOWER LIMIT CUT	OVERLOAD PROTECTION FUNCTION IS REQUESTING LOWER SPEED THAN MINIMUM SPEED OF COMPRESSOR.	①OUTDOOR UNIT IS EXPOSED TO DIRECT SUNLIGHT OR ITS AIRFLOW BLOCKED. ②FAN MOTOR ③MAIN P. W. B. ④THE VOLTAGE IS EXTREMELY LOW.
▨	□	6TIMES OH THERMISTOR TEMP. RISE	COMPRESSOR OVERHEAT WAS DETECTED BY OH THERMISTOR.	①LEAK OF REFRIGERANT ②COMPRESSOR ③OH THERMISTOR CIRCUIT (MAIN P. W. B.)
▨	□	7TIMES THERMISTOR ABNORMAL	ABNORMAL THERMISTOR VALUE (OPEN OR SHORT) WAS DETECTED.	①THERMISTOR ②CONNECTION OF THERMISTOR DEFECTIVE ③THERMISTOR CIRCUIT
▨	□	8TIMES ACCELERATION FAILURE	COMPRESSOR WAS NOT ACCELERATED MORE THAN MINIMUM SPEED.	①LEAK OF REFRIGERANT ②COMPRESSOR
▨	□	9TIMES COMMUNICATIONS ERROR	COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN INDOOR UNIT AND OUTDOOR UNIT ARE INTERRUPTED	①CABLE IS WRONG CONNECTED ②CABLE IS OPEN ③INTERFACE CIRCUIT OF BETWEEN INDOOR UNIT AND OUTDOOR UNIT
▨	□	10TIMES ABNORMAL POWER SOURCE	ABNORMAL POWER SOURCE WAS DETECTED	①ABNORMAL POWER SOURCE ②CABLE IS WRONG CONNECTED ③MAIN P. W. B.
▨	□	12TIMES FAN LOCK ERROR	OUTDOOR FAN RPM IS NOT ROTATE AS INTENDED RPM	①FAN MOTOR ②FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT
▨	□	13TIMES EEPROM READ ERROR	MICROCOMPUTER CANNOT READ THE DATA IN EEPROM.	①MAIN P. W. B.
※EXAMPLE OF BLINKING (5 TIMES)			▨▨▨▨▨ 2SEC (▨··LIGHTS FOR 0.25 SEC AT INTERVAL OF 0.25 SEC.)	



OUTDOOR UNIT

Remove the compressor connector.



If your first attempt fails, wait 3 minutes (for the unit to re-start) and check the self-diagnosis lamp status again.

With the unit set in the operating state, press the start/stop button.
Does the unit operate for approximately 2 seconds (the LD303 coming on) and then stop due to a failure of switching (the lamp blinking 4 times)?

Yes

- Check the drive circuit (IPM) using the PRD checker.
- Check the position sensor circuit.

Normal

Check the refrigerating cycle.

No

Check outdoor electrical parts.

CHECKING THE INDOOR/OUTDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS AND REFRIGERATING

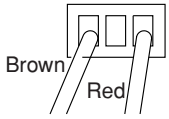
Is the indoor unit "timer lamp" blinking?

Yes → Trouble shoot according to the self-diagnosis lighting mode.

No ↓

Run the unit using the following remote controller settings:
In the cooling season, set the temperature to 16˚C in the cooling mode.
In the heating season, set the temperature to 32˚C in the heating mode.
Does the operation lamp light or blink?

No → Open the indoor unit and check the voltage between pins Nos.① and ③ of CN3 on the indoor unit control P.W.B.
Normal: DC35V (32-38V)



Is the voltage correct?

No ↓ Check if the connecting cable connected incorrectly? inserted incompletely? or disconnected?

Yes ↓

Yes ↓

Is the compressor running?

Running ↓ Check the refrigerating cycle.

In the event of overload limit cut or OH thermistor temperature rise, use the self-diagnosis memory function because such failure may evade detection due to ambient temperature variations or other factors.

Not running ↓

Open the outdoor unit and observe the self-diagnosis lamp (LD301). Count how many times the lamp blinks.

Blinks other than 1 time. ↓ Check the outdoor electrical parts.

Blinks 1 time. ↓

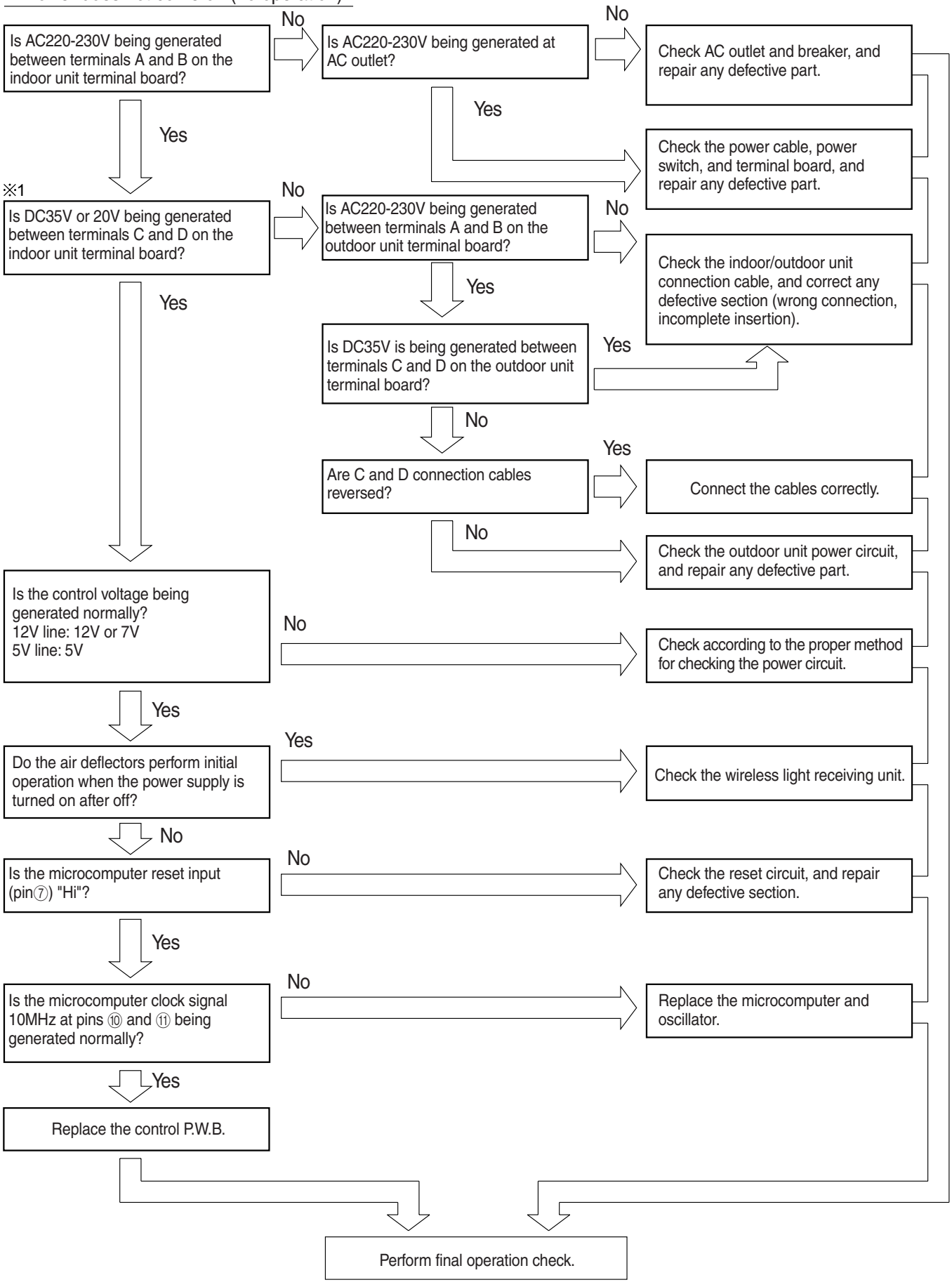
Can the unit be operated using the outdoor unit service switch?
(See the nameplate on the outdoor unit for operating instructions.)

No ↓ Check the outdoor electrical parts.

Yes ↓ Check the indoor electrical parts.

CHECKING THE INDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS

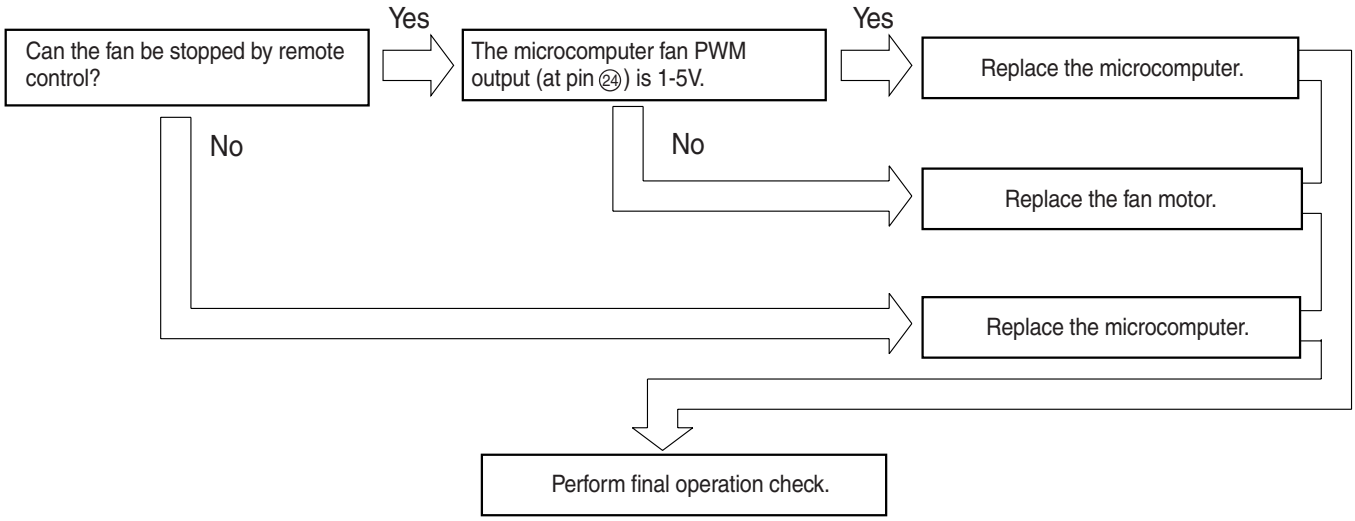
1. Power does not come on (no operation)


Is AC220-230V being generated between terminals A and B on the indoor unit terminal board?
No
Is AC220-230V being generated at AC outlet?
No
Check AC outlet and breaker, and repair any defective part.
Yes
Check the power cable, power switch, and terminal board, and repair any defective part.
Yes
※1
Is DC35V or 20V being generated between terminals C and D on the indoor unit terminal board?
No
Is AC220-230V being generated between terminals A and B on the outdoor unit terminal board?
No
Check the indoor/outdoor unit connection cable, and correct any defective section (wrong connection, incomplete insertion).
Yes
Is DC35V is being generated between terminals C and D on the outdoor unit terminal board?
Yes
No
Are C and D connection cables reversed?
Yes
Connect the cables correctly.
No
Check the outdoor unit power circuit, and repair any defective part.
Yes
Is the control voltage being generated normally?
12V line: 12V or 7V
5V line: 5V
No
Check according to the proper method for checking the power circuit.
Yes
Do the air deflectors perform initial operation when the power supply is turned on after off?
Yes
Check the wireless light receiving unit.
No
Is the microcomputer reset input (pin⑦) "Hi"?
No
Check the reset circuit, and repair any defective section.
Yes
Is the microcomputer clock signal 10MHz at pins ⑩ and ⑪ being generated normally?
No
Replace the microcomputer and oscillator.
Yes
Replace the control P.W.B.
Perform final operation check.

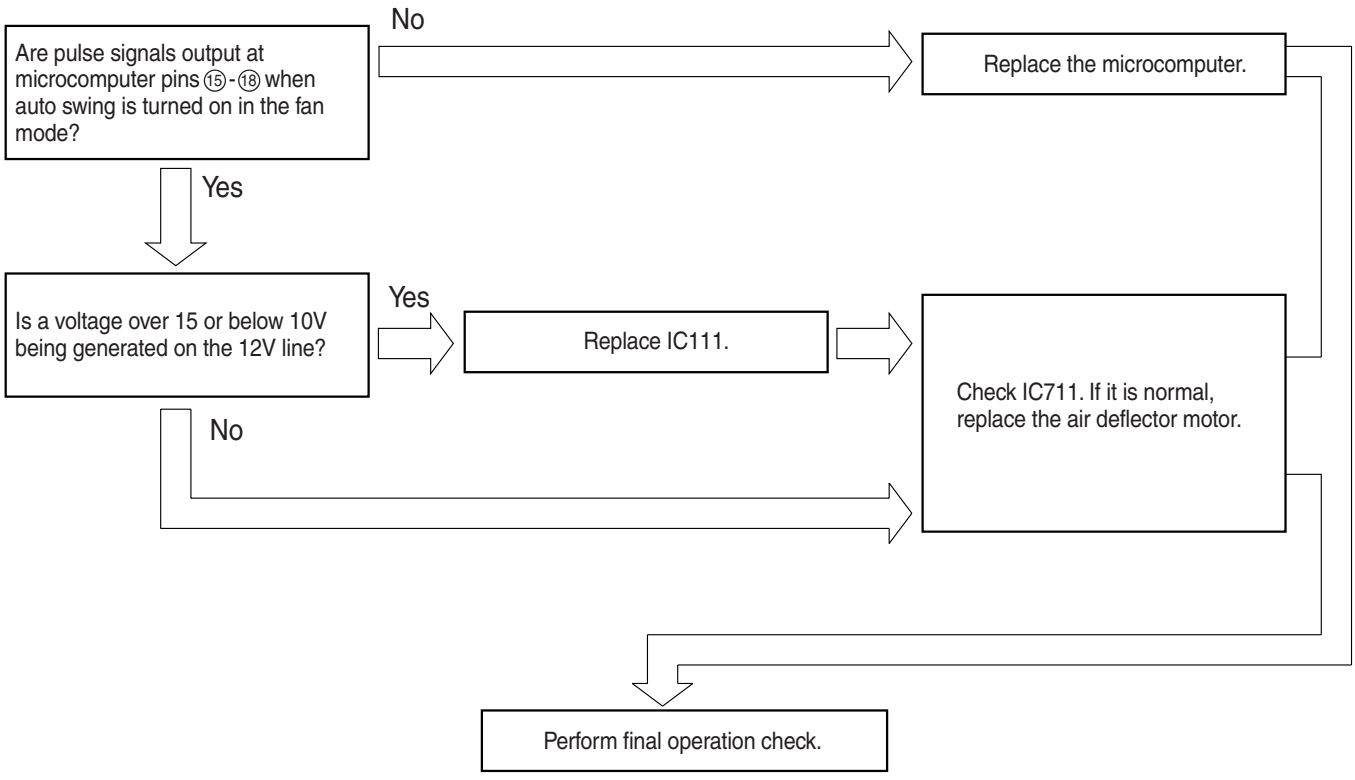
※1: When not in operation, the unit will enter into a low-power standby state, possibly causing a voltage drop to the 12V and 35V lines as shown below.

25V - 20V
12V - 7V

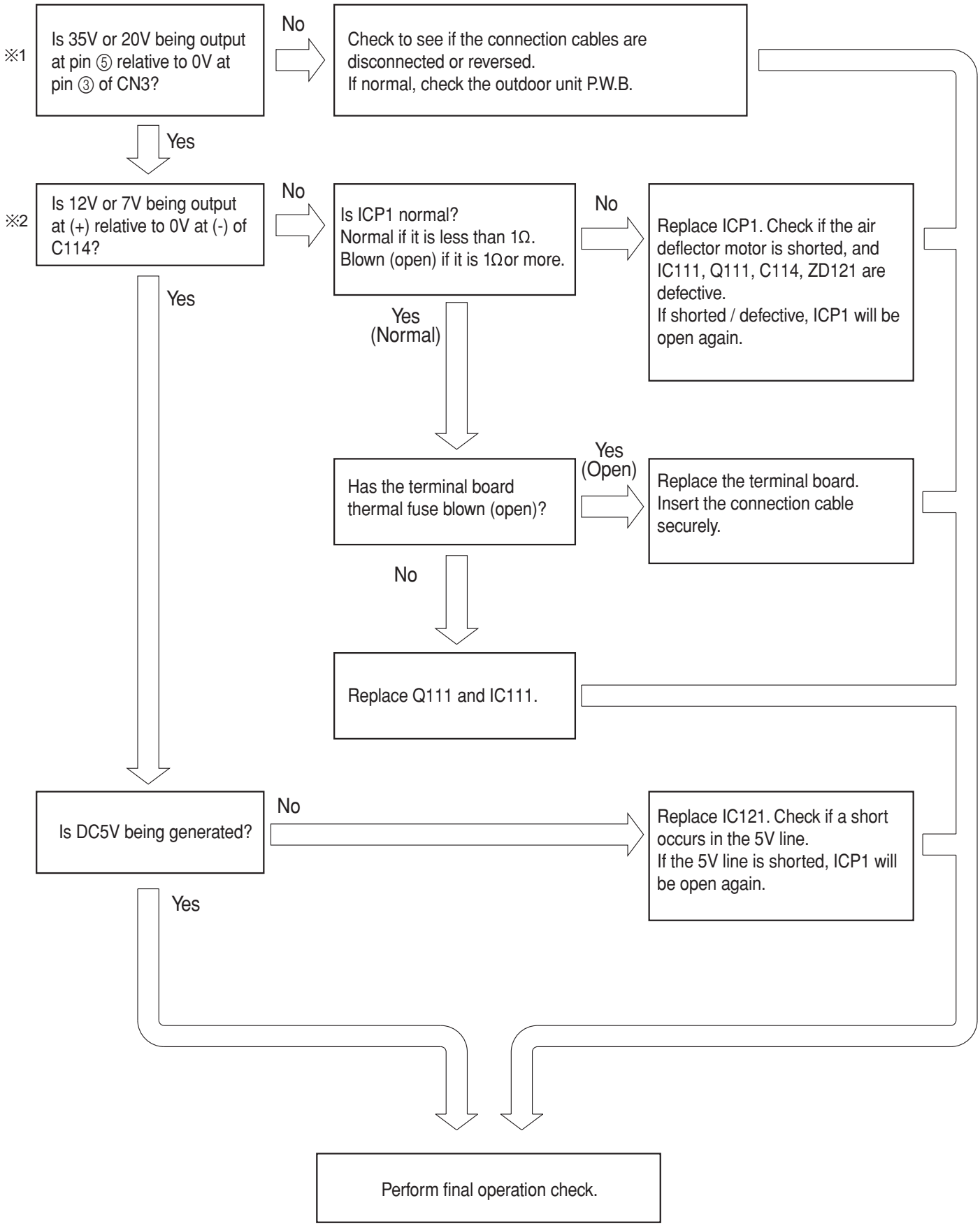
2. Indoor fan does not operate (others are normal)



3. Air deflector does not move (others are normal)


Are pulse signals output at microcomputer pins ⑮-⑱ when auto swing is turned on in the fan mode?
No
Replace the microcomputer.
Yes
Is a voltage over 15 or below 10V being generated on the 12V line?
Yes
Replace IC111.
Check IC711. If it is normal, replace the air deflector motor.
No
Perform final operation check.

4. Check the control P.W.B. (power circuit)


※1
Is 35V or 20V being output at pin ⑤ relative to 0V at pin ③ of CN3?
No
Check to see if the connection cables are disconnected or reversed.
If normal, check the outdoor unit P.W.B.
Yes
※2
Is 12V or 7V being output at (+) relative to 0V at (-) of C114?
No
Is ICP1 normal?
Normal if it is less than 1Ω.
Blown (open) if it is 1Ω or more.
No
Replace ICP1. Check if the air deflector motor is shorted, and IC111, Q111, C114, ZD121 are defective.
If shorted / defective, ICP1 will be open again.
Yes
Yes (Normal)
Has the terminal board thermal fuse blown (open)?
Yes (Open)
Replace the terminal board.
Insert the connection cable securely.
No
Replace Q111 and IC111.
Is DC5V being generated?
No
Replace IC121. Check if a short occurs in the 5V line.
If the 5V line is shorted, ICP1 will be open again.
Yes
Perform final operation check.

※1: When the unit is not in operation, the voltage across the 35V line may drop to 20V.
※2: When the unit is not in operation, the voltage across the 12 V line may drop to 7V.

CHECKING THE REMOTE CONTROLLER

Is battery polarity correct?

No

Install the battery in the correct polarity.

Yes

Is the battery check sign + − flashing?

Yes

Replace the battery.

No

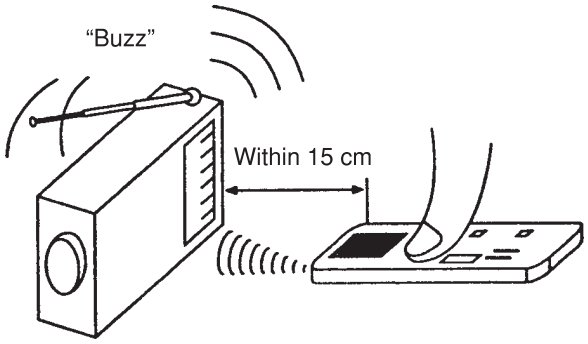
Turn on an AM radio, bring the remote control switch within 15 cm of the radio, and press the ON/OFF button.

Does the radio buzz noisily?

No

Check the LED (D1) with a multimeter.

Yes

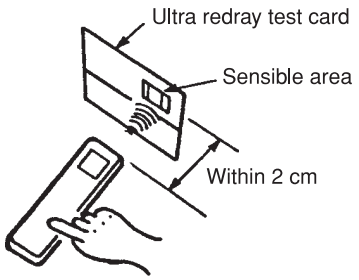


[AM radio]

Check the indoor unit signal receiving P. W. B.
If it is good, check the main P. W. B.

You can check the remote control switch by other methods as explained below.

Using the test card

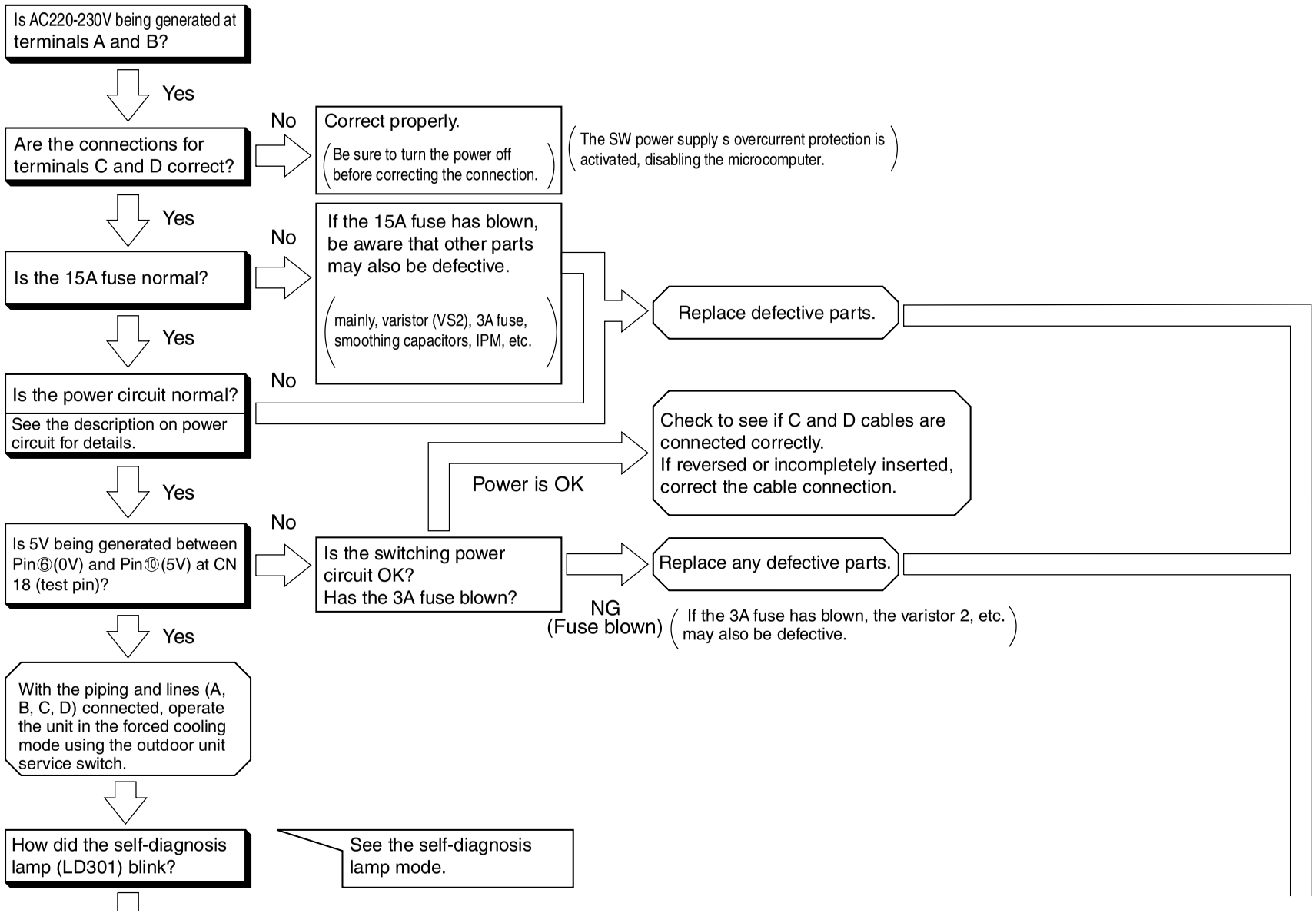


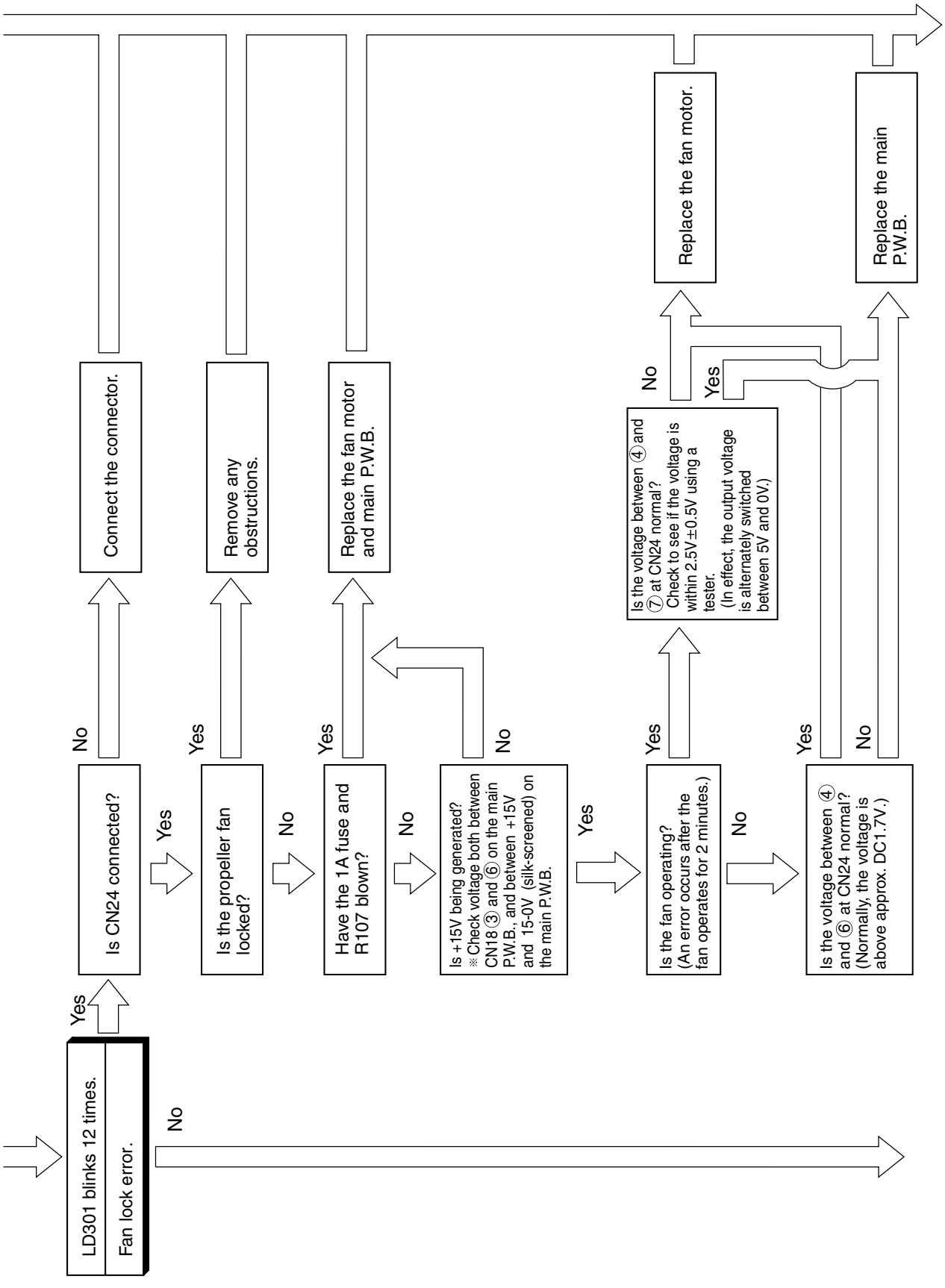
The sensible area should flash in orange when you operate the remote control unit if it is good.

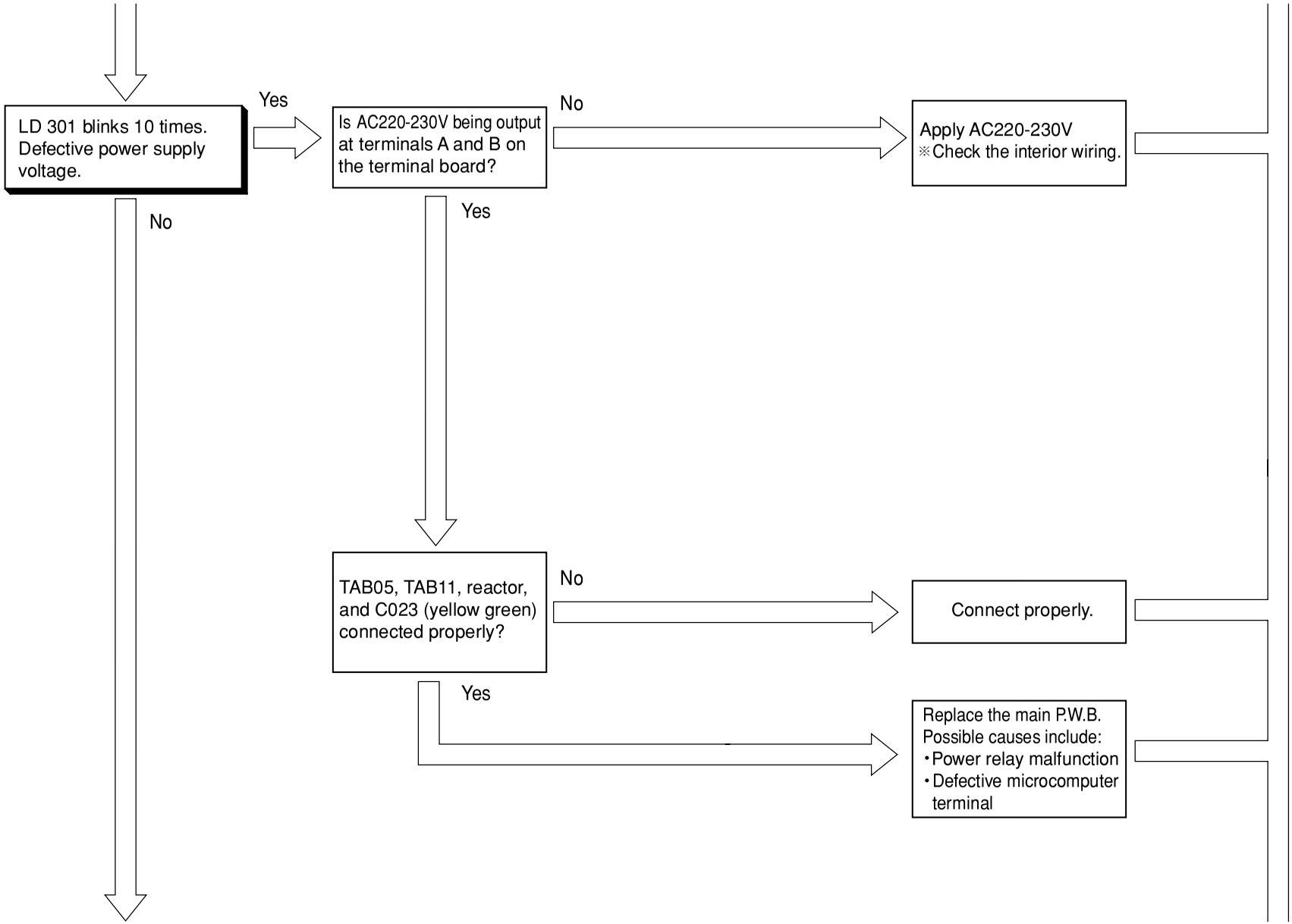
Check functions again.
If it does not work, replace the remote controller.

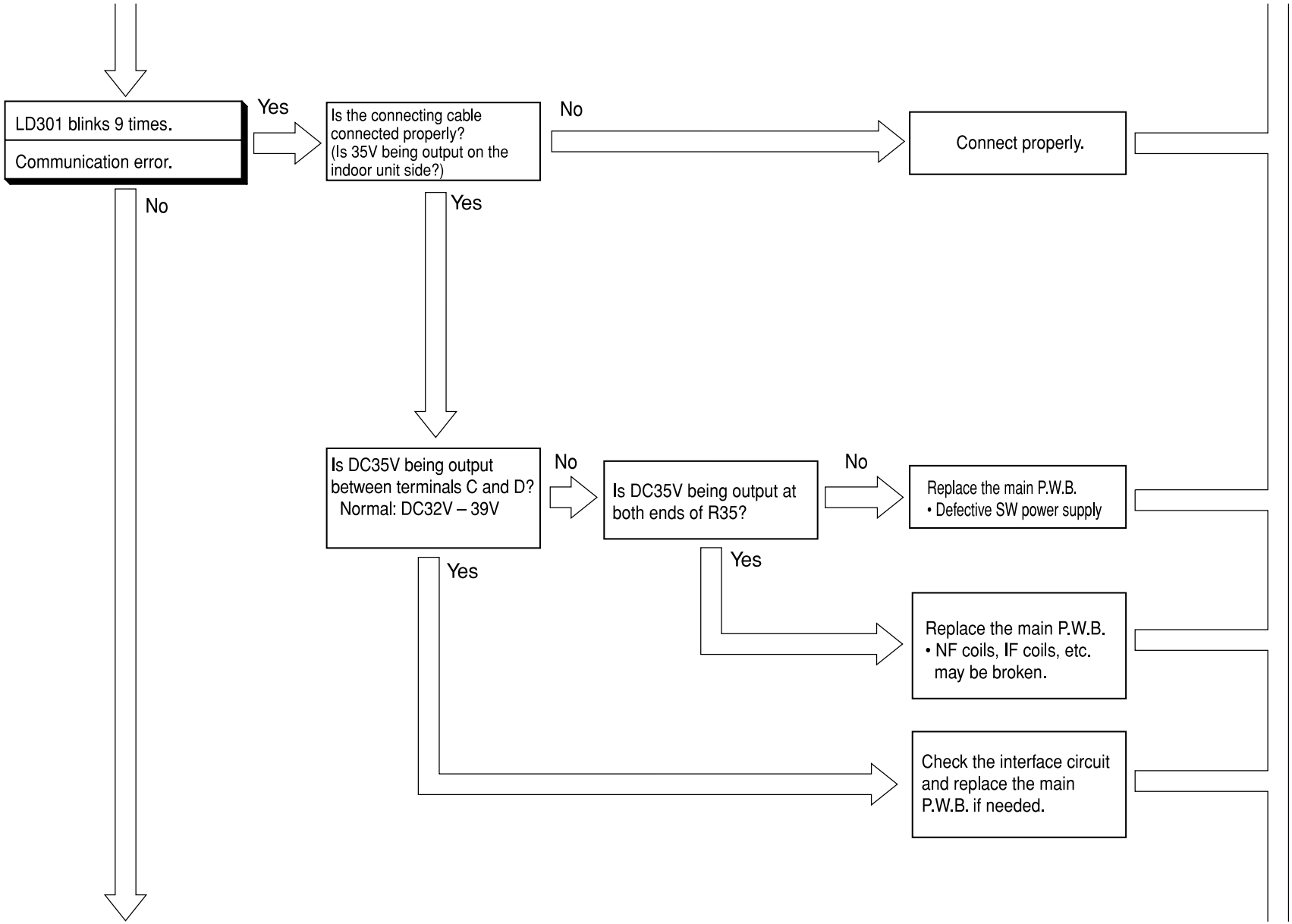
CHECKING OUTDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS

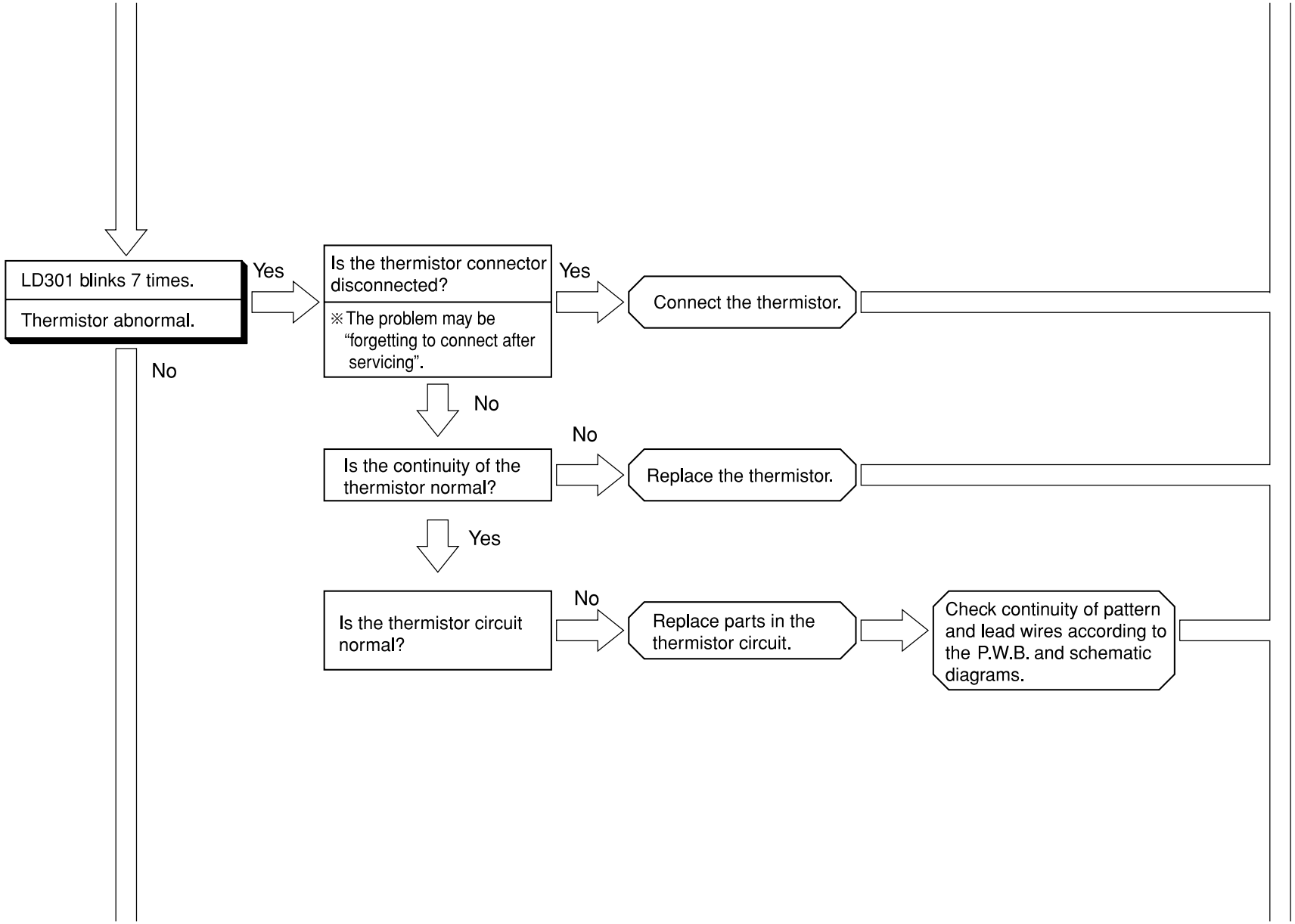
[No operation or abnormal operation]

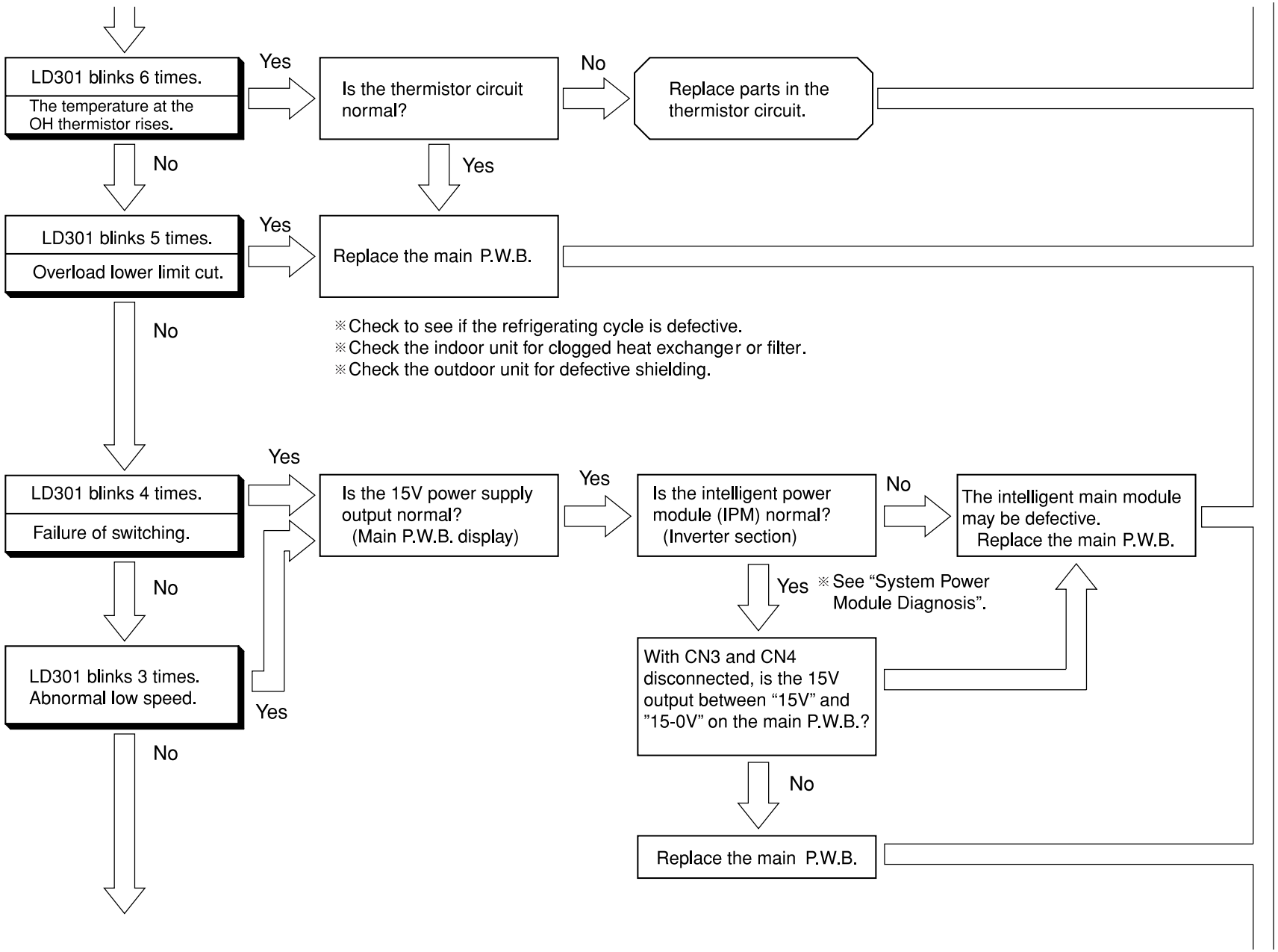

Is AC220-230V being generated at terminals A and B?
Yes
Are the connections for terminals C and D correct?
No
Correct properly.
(Be sure to turn the power off before correcting the connection.)
(The SW power supply s overcurrent protection is activated, disabling the microcomputer.)
Yes
Is the 15A fuse normal?
No
If the 15A fuse has blown, be aware that other parts may also be defective.
(mainly, varistor (VS2), 3A fuse, smoothing capacitors, IPM, etc.)
Replace defective parts.
Yes
Is the power circuit normal?
See the description on power circuit for details.
No
Check to see if C and D cables are connected correctly.
If reversed or incompletely inserted, correct the cable connection.
Power is OK
Yes
Is 5V being generated between Pin⑥(0V) and Pin⑩(5V) at CN 18 (test pin)?
No
Is the switching power circuit OK?
Has the 3A fuse blown?
Replace any defective parts.
NG
(Fuse blown)
(If the 3A fuse has blown, the varistor 2, etc. may also be defective.)
Yes
With the piping and lines (A, B, C, D) connected, operate the unit in the forced cooling mode using the outdoor unit service switch.
How did the self-diagnosis lamp (LD301) blink?
See the self-diagnosis lamp mode.

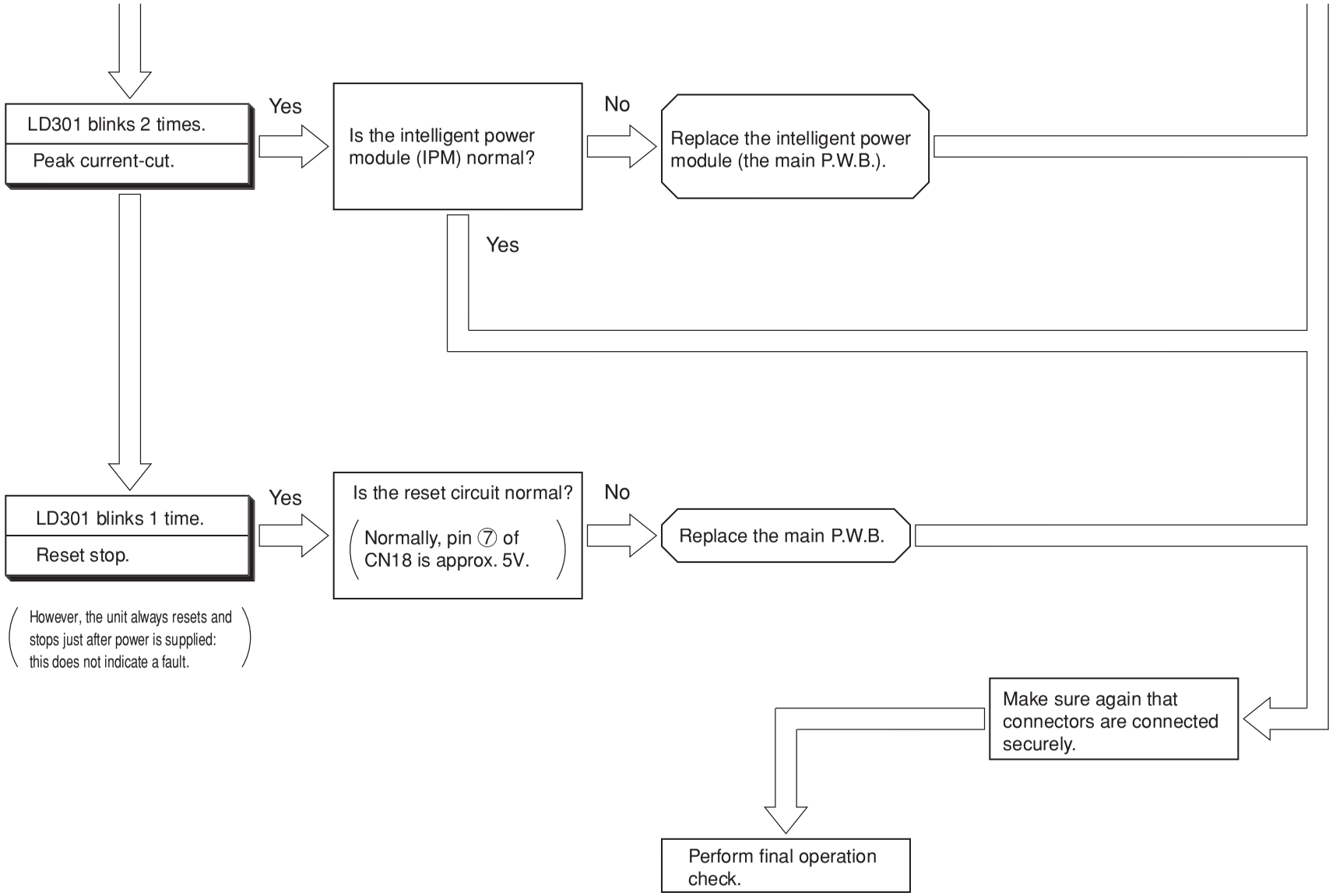

LD301 blinks 12 times.
Fan lock error.
Yes
No
Is CN24 connected?
No
Connect the connector.
Yes
Is the propeller fan locked?
Yes
Remove any obstructions.
No
Have the 1A fuse and R107 blown?
Yes
Replace the fan motor and main P.W.B.
No
Is +15V being generated?
※ Check voltage both between CN18 ③ and ⑥ on the main P.W.B., and between +15V and 15-0V (silk-screened) on the main P.W.B.
Yes
Is the fan operating?
(An error occurs after the fan operates for 2 minutes.)
Yes
Is the voltage between ④ and ⑦ at CN24 normal?
Check to see if the voltage is within 2.5V±0.5V using a tester.
(In effect, the output voltage is alternately switched between 5V and 0V.)
No
Replace the fan motor.
Yes
No
Is the voltage between ④ and ⑥ at CN24 normal?
(Normally, the voltage is above approx. DC1.7V.)
Yes
No
Replace the main P.W.B.


LD 301 blinks 10 times.
Defective power supply voltage.
Yes
Is AC220-230V being output at terminals A and B on the terminal board?
No
Apply AC220-230V
※Check the interior wiring.
No
Yes
TAB05, TAB11, reactor, and C023 (yellow green) connected properly?
No
Connect properly.
Yes
Replace the main P.W.B.
Possible causes include:
・Power relay malfunction
・Defective microcomputer terminal


LD301 blinks 9 times.
Communication error.
Yes
Is the connecting cable connected properly? (Is 35V being output on the indoor unit side?)
No
Connect properly.
No
Yes
Is DC35V being output between terminals C and D? Normal: DC32V – 39V
No
Is DC35V being output at both ends of R35?
No
Replace the main P.W.B.
• Defective SW power supply
Yes
Yes
Replace the main P.W.B.
• NF coils, IF coils, etc. may be broken.
Check the interface circuit and replace the main P.W.B. if needed.


LD301 blinks 7 times.
Thermistor abnormal.
Yes
No
Is the thermistor connector disconnected?
※The problem may be "forgetting to connect after servicing".
Yes
Connect the thermistor.
No
Is the continuity of the thermistor normal?
No
Replace the thermistor.
Yes
Is the thermistor circuit normal?
No
Replace parts in the thermistor circuit.
Check continuity of pattern and lead wires according to the P.W.B. and schematic diagrams.


LD301 blinks 6 times.
The temperature at the OH thermistor rises.
Yes
Is the thermistor circuit normal?
No
Replace parts in the thermistor circuit.
No
Yes
LD301 blinks 5 times.
Overload lower limit cut.
Yes
Replace the main P.W.B.
No
※Check to see if the refrigerating cycle is defective.
※Check the indoor unit for clogged heat exchanger or filter.
※Check the outdoor unit for defective shielding.
LD301 blinks 4 times.
Failure of switching.
Yes
Is the 15V power supply output normal? (Main P.W.B. display)
Yes
Is the intelligent power module (IPM) normal? (Inverter section)
No
The intelligent main module may be defective. Replace the main P.W.B.
No
Yes
※See “System Power Module Diagnosis”.
LD301 blinks 3 times.
Abnormal low speed.
Yes
With CN3 and CN4 disconnected, is the 15V output between “15V” and ”15-0V” on the main P.W.B.?
No
No
Replace the main P.W.B.


LD301 blinks 2 times.
Peak current-cut.
Yes
Is the intelligent power module (IPM) normal?
No
Replace the intelligent power module (the main P.W.B.).
Yes
LD301 blinks 1 time.
Reset stop.
Yes
Is the reset circuit normal?
Normally, pin ⑦ of CN18 is approx. 5V.
No
Replace the main P.W.B.
However, the unit always resets and stops just after power is supplied: this does not indicate a fault.
Make sure again that connectors are connected securely.
Perform final operation check.

CHECKING THE REFRIGERATING CYCLE (JUDGING BETWEEN GAS LEAKAGE AND COMPRESSOR DEFECTIVE)

1. Troubleshooting procedure (No operation, No heating, No cooling)

Connect U,V,W phase leads to the power module again and operate the air conditioner.

Is the self-diagnosis lamp mode as shown on the right?

Self-diagnosis lamp \ Lighting mode	Blinks 2 times	Blinks 3 times	Blinks 4 times	Blinks 5 times	Blinks 6 times	Blinks 8times
LD301	▨	▨	▨	▨	▨	▨
Time until the lamp lights	Approx. 10 seconds			Approx. 10 seconds	Within Approx. 30 seconds	Approx. 10 seconds
Possible malfunctioning part	Compressor				Gas leakage	Compressor

▨ Blinking □ off

YES

Outdoor air temperature (℃)	Charge port pressure MPa(G) {kgf/cm²(G)}
50	2.96 {30.14}
45	2.62 {26.72}
40	2.31 {23.58}
35	2.03 {20.73}
30	1.78 {18.14}
25	1.55 {15.79}
20	1.34 {13.66}
15	1.15 {11.74}
10	0.98 {10.02}
5	0.83 { 8.48}
0	0.70 { 7.10}
−5	0.58 { 5.89}
−10	0.47 { 4.81}

(R410 A)
The values above are the theoretical ones.

Stop to operate and check the gas pressure in balancing mode.

Normal → • Checking the IPM (main P.W.B.)

When the self-diagnosis lamp lights in the same condition as above.

Error (Gas leaking)

Gas leaks.
Repair and seal refrigerant.

The compressor is defective. Replace it and seal refrigerant.
(If the compressor checker for an inverter type air conditioner is available, re-check using it.)

Perform a final check of operation.

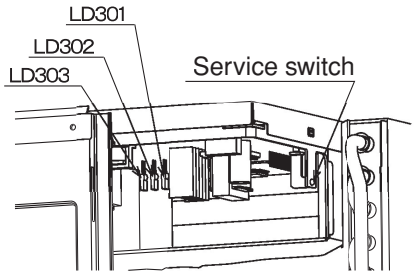
HOW TO OPERATE USING THE SERVICE SWITCH THE OUTDOOR UNIT

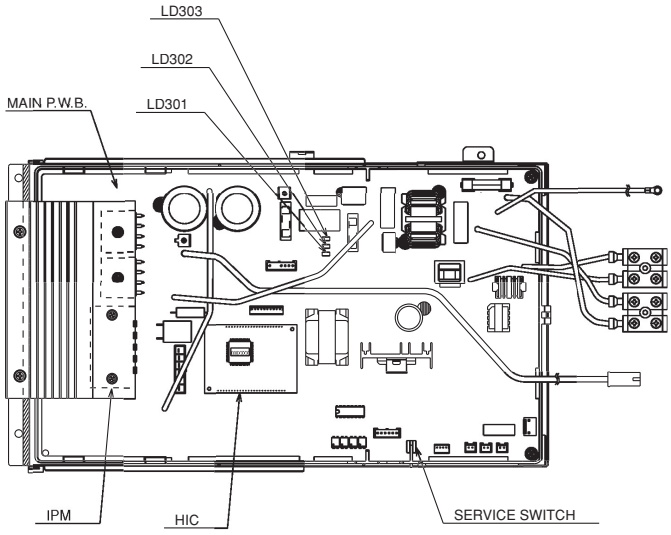
MODEL RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6

1. Turn off the power switch.
2. Remove the electrical box cover.
3. Turn on the power switch.
4. After waiting for 30 seconds, push the service switch for a second.

LD303 (red) will light and the unit will operate in the forced cooling mode at this time.

Never operate the unit for more than 5 minutes.





(Cautions)
(1) If interface signal (DC 35V) terminals C and D are not connected when the outdoor unit is in forced cool mode, the outdoor unit defect indicator (LD301) will blink 9 times during operation to indicate communication error.
(2) If checking is done with the compressor connector disconnected, the unit will stop and LD301 will blink 4 times.

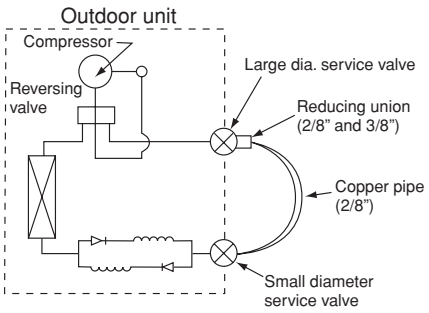
Be sure to push the service switch for a second again to stop the forced cool operation.

HOW TO OPERATE THE OUTDOOR UNIT INDEPENDENTLY

1. Connect the large dia. pipe side and small dia. pipe side service valve using a pipe.

Connect the small diameter service value and the large diameter service valve using the reducing union and copper pipe as shown on the right.

Charge refrigerant of 300g after vacuuming (※1)



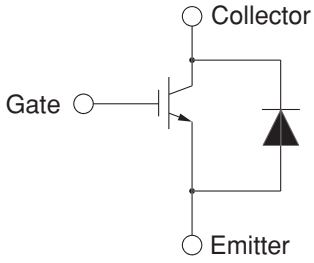
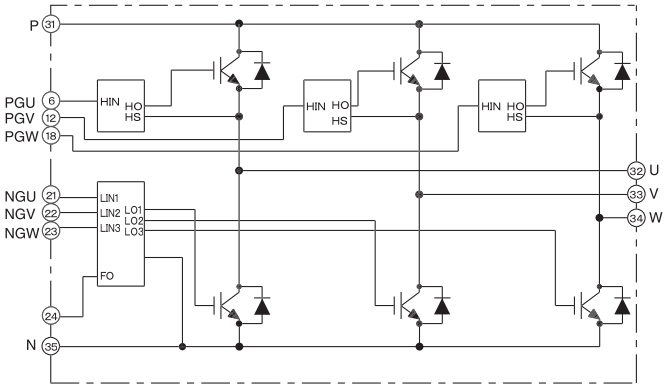
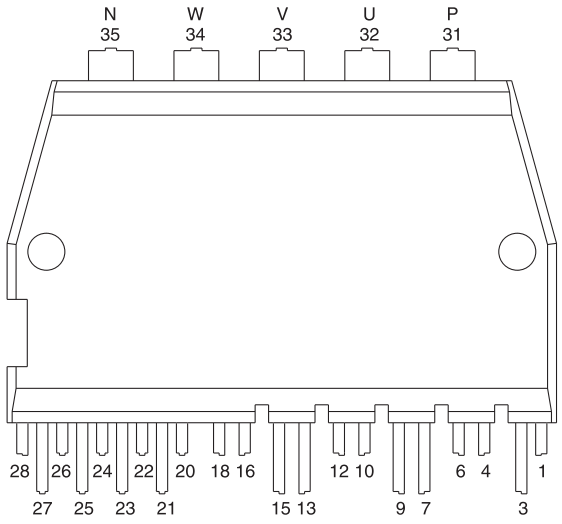
Parts to be prepared

(1) Reducing union
2/8" (6.35 mm)
3/8" (9.52 mm)
(2) Copper pipe (2/8" and 3/8")

Do not operate for more than 5 minutes

The operation method is the same as "How to operate using the connector to servicing the outdoor unit".
※1 The charging amount of 200g is equivalent to the load in normal operation.

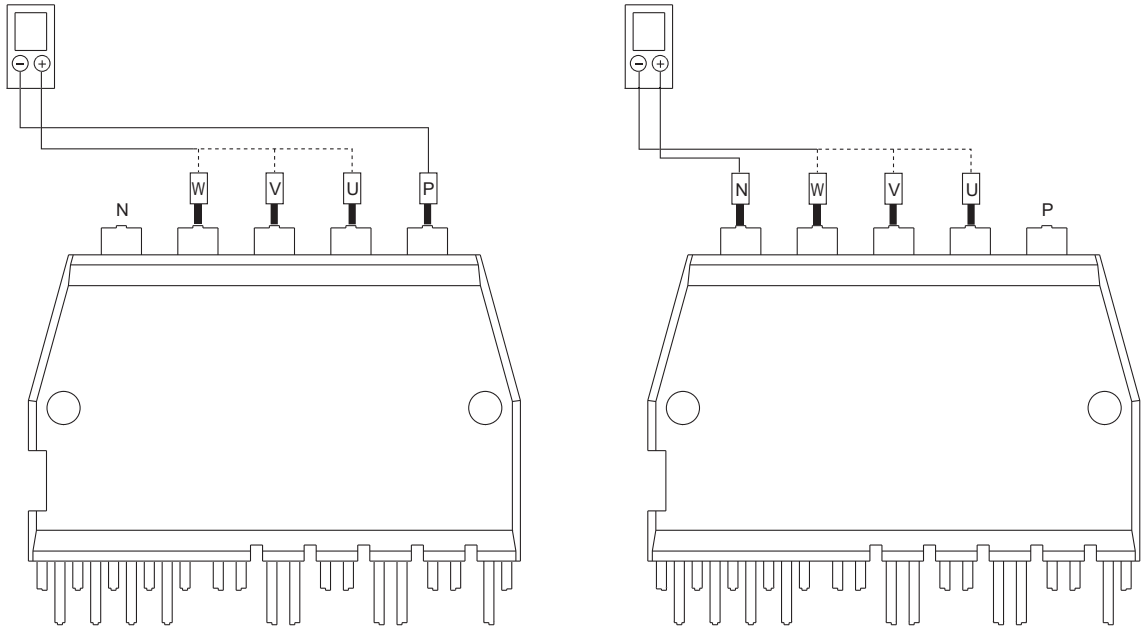
IPM (Intelligent Power Module) DIAGNOSIS

Model	PS21564-C
Circuit of 1 device	
Internal circuit diagram of module	
Terminal symbols of power module ※See next page for measuring value using multimeter	 6 : PGU 24 : Fail signal 12 : PGV 31 : P 18 : PGW 32 : U 21 : NGU 33 : V 22 : NGV 34 : W 23 : NGW 35 : N

Diagnosis procedure for power module using multimeter

[Inverter section]
Set the multimeter to resistance range of x 100. If x 100 is not provided, measure with the range of x 1 to x 100.
If the pointer does not swing when the following continuity check is performed, it is normal.
(When a digital multimeter is used, ⊕ and ⊖ terminals will be reversed, since the orientation of built-in battery is inverted.)

Note:
If internal circuit of power module is disconnected (open) and pointer of the mutimeter does not swing, it may be assumed to be normal. If the pointer swings when ⊕ and ⊖ terminals are connected in reverse, it is normal. Compare swing statuses for U, V and W phases: If the statuses at all 3 points are the same, it is normal.



Procedure for Disassembly and Reassembly

INDOOR UNIT RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6

1. Front Panel

(1) Pull up the washable panel by holding it at both lower sides with both hands.

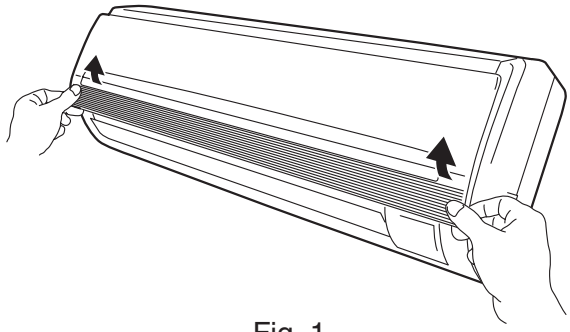


Fig. 1

(2) When the panel opens full, push the inner part of the right arm into the inside and pull the panel forward while closing it gradually.

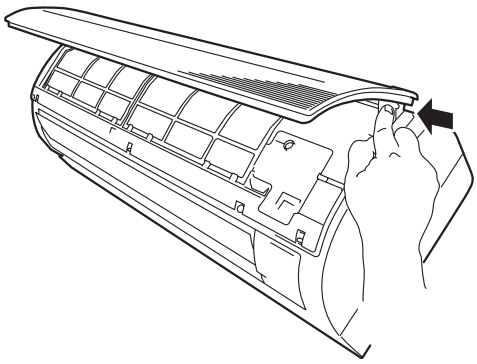


Fig. 2

2. Front cover

(1) After removing two screws, pull the center of the front cover forward and release the claws.
(2) Hold the front cover at both lower sides and pull them forward to remove.

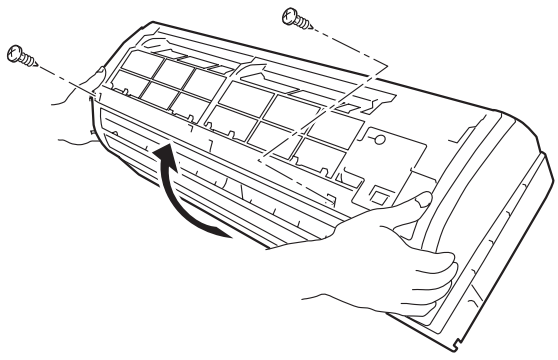


Fig. 3

3. Control P.W.B. and Indicating P.W.B.

(1) Remove each connector from the lead wire.
(2) Remove the four P.W.B. supports from the control P.W.B.
(3) Pull the support hook at the upper side of the indication lamp of the indicating P.W.B. and pull out the P.W.B. forward.

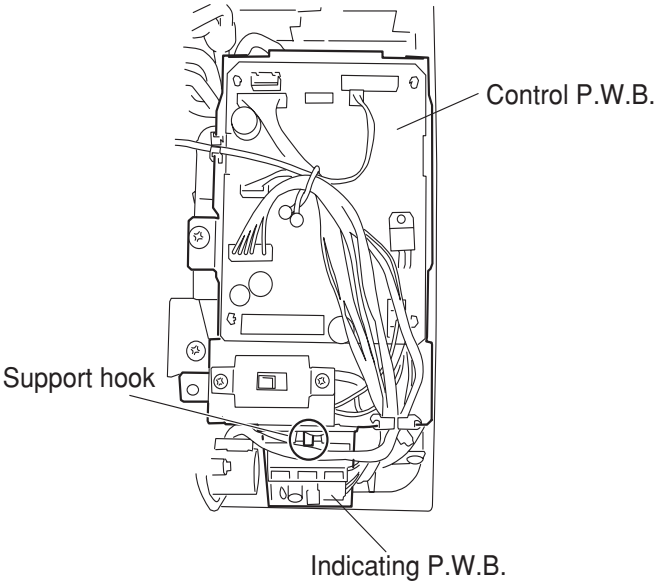


Fig. 4

4. Tangential air flow fan and fan motor

(1) Remove two screws locking the drain pan.
(2) Press to lower the hook at the center of theunit a little and pull the claw forward to removethe drain pan.

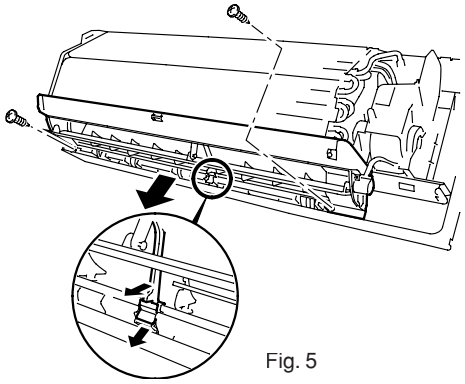


Fig. 5

(3) Remove the screws from the upper and lowerbearing covers.
(4) Remove the locking hook of the lower bearingcover from the Cabinet.

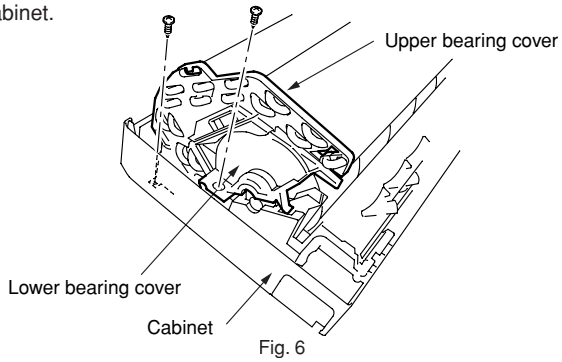


Fig. 6

(5) Remove two lock screws from the fan motorholder.
(6) Pull up the evaporator by holding it at the lowerside. Insert a screwdriver through the spacebetween the evaporator and drain chute andloosen the fan lock screw to remove the fanand fan motor.

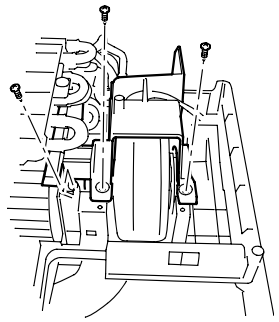


Fig. 7

<OUTDOOR UNIT> MODEL RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6

1. Electrical Parts

(1) Remove the upper cover fixing screws and lift the cover to remove it.
(2) Remove the service valve cover.
(3) Remove the terminal plate cover.
(4) Remove the right side cover.

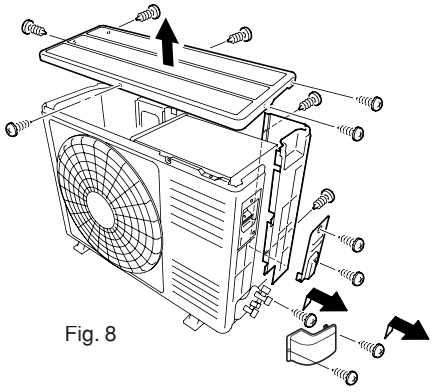


Fig. 8

(5) Remove the electrical box fixing screws and GND wire fixing screw.
(6) Remove the terminal plate fixing screw.

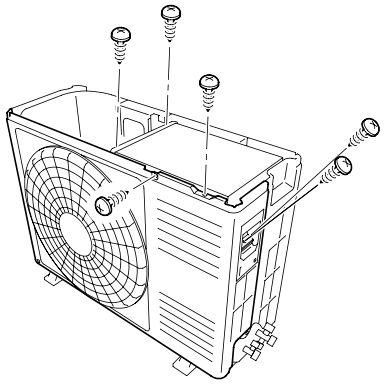


Fig. 9

(7) Remove P lock which binds lead wires.
(8) Set the electrical box upside down.

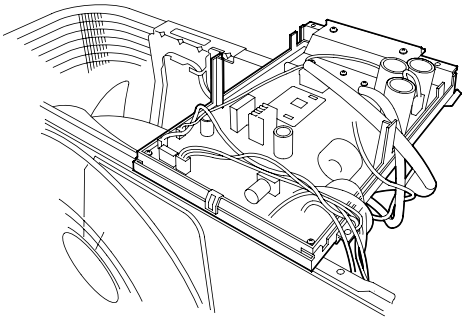


Fig. 10

(9) Remove P.W.B. fixing screws (2 locations) and radiation fin fixing screws (5 locations), and remove the P.W.B. from the support.

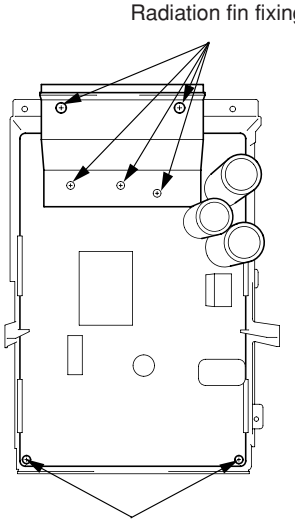
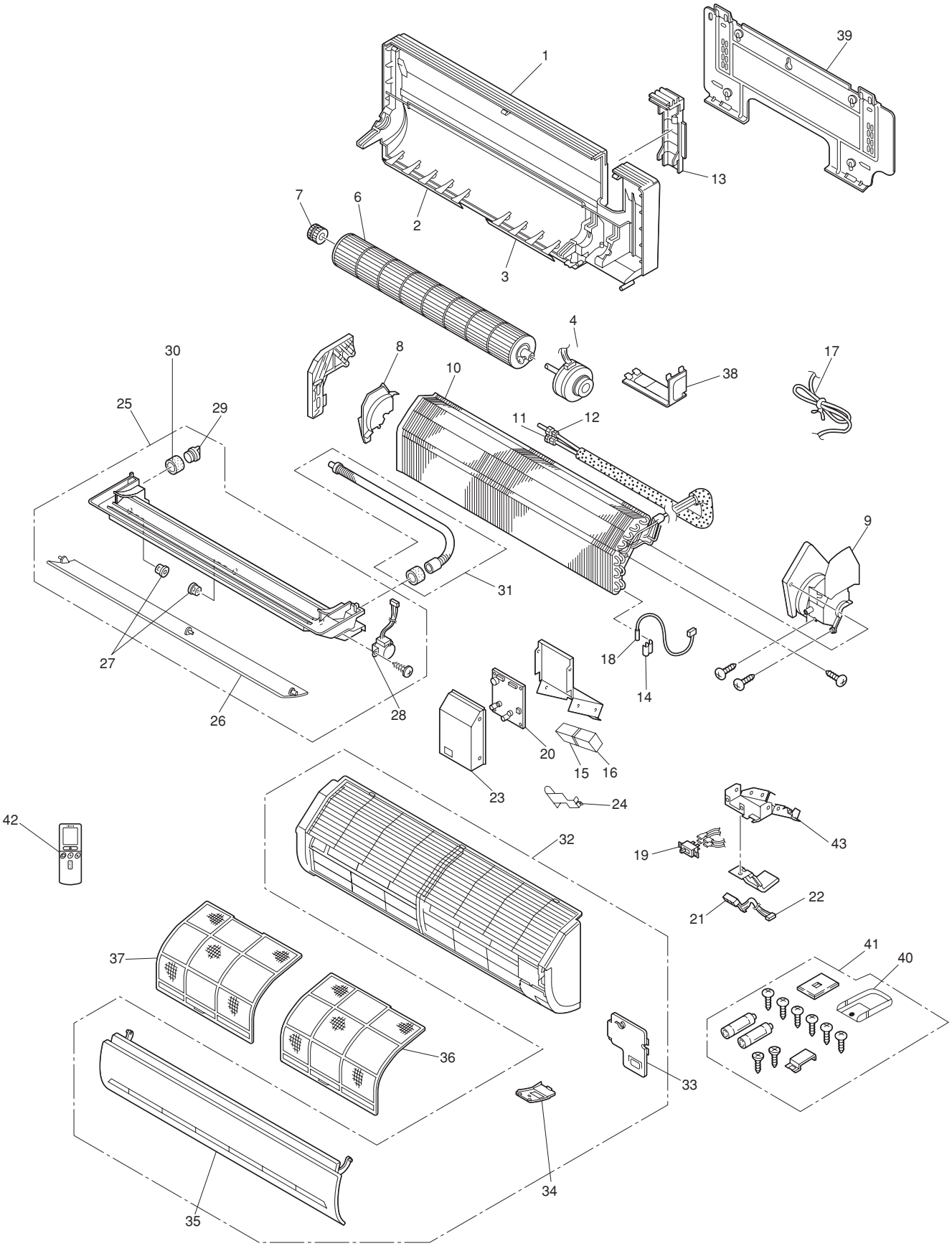


Fig. 11

PARTS LIST AND DIAGRAM

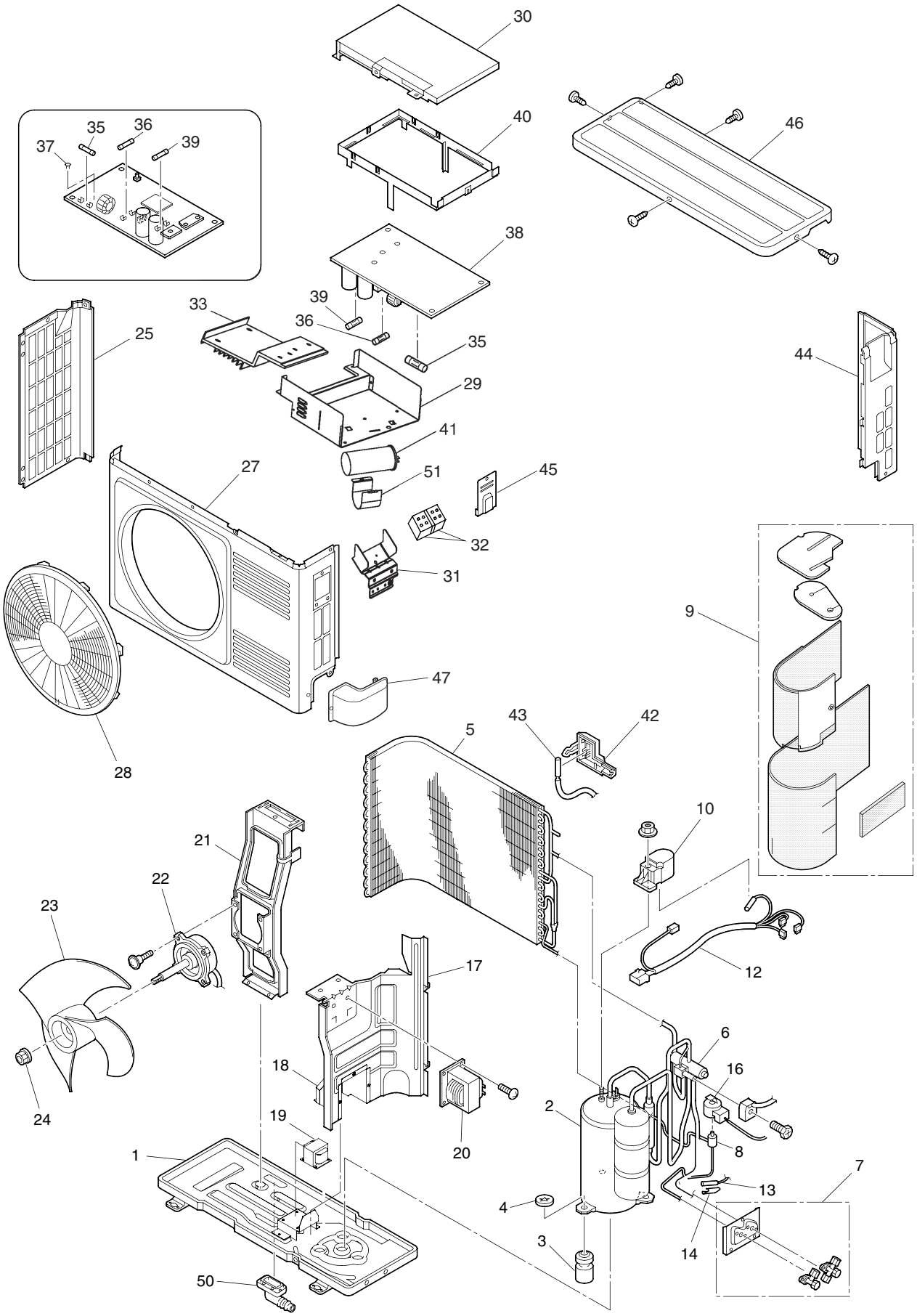
INDOOR UNIT
MODEL: RAS-18YH6, RAS-25YH6



INDOOR UNIT

NO	PARTS NO. RAS-18YH6	PARTS NO. RAS-25YH6	Q'TY	PARTS NAME
1	HWRAS-25YH5 A20		1	CABINET
2	HWRAS-25YH5 A02		1	VERTICAL AIR DEFLECTOR-L
3	HWRAS-25YH5 A03		1	VERTICAL AIR DEFLECTOR-R
4	HWRAS-25YH5 A04		1	FAN MOTOR 25W 1.1kg
6	HWRAS-25YH4 A07		1	TANGENTIAL AIR FLOW FAN
7	HWRAS-25YH4 A08		1	FAN SUPPORT ASS'Y
8	HWRAS-25YH4 A09		1	FAN COVER
9	HWRAS-25YH4 A10		1	FAN MOTOR SUPPORT
10	HWRAS-25YH5 A05		1	EVAPORATOR ASS'Y
11	HWRAS-25YH4 A12		1	PIPE SET(IN)
12	HWRAS-25YH4 A13		1	PIPE SET(OUT)
13	HWRAS-35YHA1 A10		1	UPPER COVER
14	HWRAS-25YH4 A15		1	SPRING
15	HWRAS-25YH4 A16		1	TERMINAL BOARD(2P)
16	HWRAS-25YH4 A17		1	TERMINAL BOARD(2P)
17	HWRAS-E08H A01		1	POWER SUPPLY CORD
18	HWRAS-25YH4 A19		1	THERMISTOR ASS'Y
19	HWRAS-25YH4 A20		1	POWER SWICHI
20	HWRAS-18YH6 A01	HWRAS-E10H2 A01	1	P.W.B.(MAIN)
21	HWRAS-25YH4 A22		1	P.W.B.(INDICATION)
22	HWRAS-25YH4 A23		1	CONNECTING CORD(12PIN)
23	HWRAS-25YH4 A24		1	ELECTRIC PARTS COVER
24	HWRAS-25YH4 A25		1	COVER(TERMINAL)
25	HWRAS-25YH5 A07		1	DRAIN PAN
26	HWRAS-25YH5 A08		1	HORIZONTAL AIR DEFLECTOR
27	HWRAS-25YH4 A28		2	DEFLECTOR SUPPORT
28	HWRAS-25YH4 A29		1	AUTO SWEEP MOTOR
29	HWRAS-25YH4 A30		1	DRAIN CAP
30	HWRAS-25YH4 A31		1	HEAT INSULATOR PIPE
31	HWRAS-D10EX2 A02		1	DRAIN HOSE
32	HWRAS-25YH5 A09		1	FRONT COVER ASS'Y
33	HWRAS-25YH5 A10		1	COVER(EARTH)
34	HWRAS-25YH5 A11		1	COVER(SWICHI)
35	HWRAS-25YH5 A12		1	FRONT PANEL
36	HWRAS-25YH5 A13		1	AIR FILTER(R)
37	HWRAS-25YH5 A14		1	AIR FILTER(L)
38	HWRAS-35YHA1 A11		1	COVER(LOWER)(R)
39	HWRAS-25YH5 A16		1	MOUNTING PLATE
40	HWRAS-25YH4 A41		1	REMOCON. SUPPORT
41	HWRAS-25YH4 A42		1	SCREW ASS'Y
42	HWRAS-25YH4 A43		1	REMOTE CONTROL ASS'Y
43	HWRAS-25YH4 A06		1	COVER(ELECTRIC)

OUTDOOR UNIT
MODEL: RAC-18YH6, RAC-25YH6



OUTDOOR UNIT

NO	PARTS No. RAC-18YH6	PARTS No. RAC-25YH6	Q'TY	PARTS NAME
1	HWRAC-E10H2 A01		1	BASE
2	HWRAC-E10H2 A02		1	COMPRESSOR 800W 8.0kg
3	HWRAC-25YH4 A03		3	COMPRESSOR RUBBER
4	HWRAC-25YH4 A04		3	PUSH NUT
5	HWRAC-E10H2 A03		1	CONDENSER
6	HWRAC-E10H2 A04		1	REVERSING VALVE (WITH COIL)
7	HWRAC-E10H2 A05		1	SERVICE VALVE ASSEMBLY
8	HWRAC-E10H2 A06		1	ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE
9	HWRAC-E10H2 A07		1	SOUND PROOF COVER ASSEMBLY
10	HWRAC-E10H2 A08		1	O.L.R COVER
12	HWRAC-E10H2 A09		1	CONNECTING CORD (COMPRESSOR)
13	HWRAC-D10EX A08		1	THERMISTOR (DEFROST)
14	HWRAC-25YH4 A14		1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT
16	HWRAC-E08H A09		1	COIL (ELECTRIC EXPANSION VALVE)
17	HWRAC-E10H2 A10		1	PARTITION (WITH HEAT INSULATOR)
18	HWRAC-E10H2 A11		1	REARCTOR COVER
19	HWRAC-E10H2 A12		1	REACTOR1
20	HWRAC-E10H2 A13		1	REACTOR2
21	HWRAC-E10H2 A14		1	FAN MOTOR SUPPORT
22	HWRAC-E10H2 A15		1	FAN MOTOR 47W 1.4kg
23	HWRAC-25YH4 A23		1	PROPELLER FAN
24	HWRAC-25YH4 A24		1	NUT(PROPELLER FAN)
25	HWRAC-E10H2 A16		1	SIDE COVER(L)
27	HWRAC-E10H2 A17		1	FRONT COVER
28	HWRAC-E10H2 A18		1	DISCHARGE GRILL
29	HWRAC-E10H2 A19		1	ELECTRIC PARTS PLATE
30	HWRAC-E10H2 A20		1	ELECTRIC PARTS COVER
31	HWRAC-E10H2 A21		1	TERMINAL PLATE
32	HWRAC-25YH4 A32		2	TERMINAL BOARD(2P)
33	HWRAC-E10H2 A22		1	HEAT SINK(REGURATOR1)
35	HWRAC-E08H A11		1	FUSE(15A)
36	HWRAC-D10EX2 A09		1	FUSE(3A)
37	HWRAC-25YH4 A37		3	VARISTOR
38	HWRAC-18YH6 A01	HWRAC-25YH6 A01	1	P.W.B.(MAIN)
39	HWRAC-D10EX2 A11		1	FUSE(1A)
40	HWRAC-E10H2 A24		1	SUPPORT(P.W.B.)
41	HWRAC-25YH4 A41		1	CAPACITOR 45 μ F 200V
42	HWRAC-25YH4 A42		1	COVER(OUTDOOR THERMISTOR)
43	HWRAC-D10EX A17		1	THERMISTOR(OUTDOOR TEMP.)
44	HWRAC-E10H2 A25		1	SIDE COVER(R)
45	HWRAC-E10H2 A26		1	TERMINAL COVER
46	HWRAC-E10H2 A27		1	TOP COVER
47	HWRAC-E10H2 A28		1	SERVICE VALVE COVER
50	HWRAC-25YH4 A50		1	DRAIN PIPE
51	HWRAC-E10H2 A29		1	COVER(CAPACITOR)

HITACHI

RAS-18YH6/RAC-18YH6
RAS-25YH6/RAC-25YH6

AW NO. 0019E